
Domestic Market Updates:

- Most of the markets remained bearish today amid high arrival pressure. Local prices at Gulabghat went down by 100 INR today, However, prices at Davangere market remained unchanged today.
- As per trade sources, maize is currently being traded at Rs 2180/2200 per quintal in the mandis of Madhya Pradesh, Maharashtra, and Chhattisgarh, while in Haryana and Punjab, it is trading at 2500/2525 INR per quintal. The supply of maize from Madhya Pradesh has almost ended, and as the Kharif season has ended everywhere, the stocks from the warehouses are now being sold. The slowdown is not due to high prices in the international markets, as Indian maize is being exported to Bangladesh and Nepal. The conflict in Ukraine is causing a surge in corn prices in the global market, and a potential slump may occur only when the main crop from Bihar arrives.
- As per trade sources, in Naugachia, Bihar, the stock is very less amid the demand from feed industry which has resulted in price hike.
- Due to a severe drought that has reduced production in traditional supplier Argentina, feed millers in Asia are increasing their corn purchases from India. Importers located in Malaysia and Vietnam are presently reserving approximately 200,000 tonnes of Indian corn every month.
- As per the 2nd advance estimates of production of major agricultural crops released by the Union Ministry of Agriculture and Farmers Welfare on 14th February, 2023, the production of maize has been revised to 34.61 MMT up from the target of 33.2 MMT. Rabi maize production revised up from the target of 10.1 MMT to 10.78 MMT due to increased acreage in key rabi maize producing states amid favourable weather conditions whereas kharif maize production has been also revised from the target of 23.10 MMT to 23.83 MMT.
- As of latest data released by Ministry of Agriculture on 2nd February, 2023, maize has been sown in 22.67 lakh hectares this year, which is almost 16% more area compared to 19.48 lakh hectares last year.
- As per sources, weather issues have reduced the quality of Ukraine's corn crop. Ukraine is now in the middle of a protracted winter harvest. Large temperature changes make it difficult for farmers to work and reduce quality of maize thus calculating probable weather-related losses by 10% or 15%. Last month, it was claimed that due to a decrease in the harvestable land brought on by Russia's invasion, Ukraine's maize production could drop from 41.9 million tonnes in 2021 to 22–23 million tonnes in 2022.
- As per reports, the maize harvest has accelerated in the Tirupur district's Udumalai and Kudimangalam districts of Tamil Nadu, and farmers there are distressed as a result of the decline

in prices. The price of maize is low in local markets when it is purchased in large quantities by chicken feed producers from other states like Bihar, Andhra Pradesh, Karnataka, etc. However, the yield in those states dropped last season for a variety of reasons, including rain damage. Maize commanded high prices in the neighborhood markets as a result. Due to the extensive harvesting taking place in the region, the availability of resources has grown and the price has begun to decline. Currently, a quintal of maize worth Rs. 2,800 is available for Rs. 2,300. Farmers worry that prices may decrease further if the supply rises because the harvest has only just begun.

Spot Prices at Key market

Centre	Grade	Prices (Rs./qtl)			Arrivals in Quintal		
		10-Apr-23	08-Apr-23	Change	10-Apr-23	08-Apr-23	Change
New Delhi	Hybrid	2330	2350	-20	NA	NA	-
Koppal	Loose	2060	2110	-50	3000	2000	1000
Davangere	Loose	2100	Closed	-	4200	Closed	-
Ranebennur	Hybrid/Local	NR	NR	-	NR	NR	-
Bagalkot	Hybrid/Local	NR	NR	-	NR	NR	-
Gadag	Local	2010	NR	-	137	NR	-
Hubli	Local	2025	NR	-	123	NR	-
Shimoga	Hybrid/Local	NR	NR	-	NR	NR	-
Nizamabad	Bilty	2100	Closed	-	NA	Closed	-
Karimnagar	Local	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	-
Khammam	Local	NA	1700	-	NA	2	-
Sangli	Feed	2255	2310	-55	NA	NA	-
Naugachia	Bilty	2150	2150	Unch	500	500	Unch
Kolkata	Mill Delivery	2400	2400	Unch	NA	NA	-
Gulabghagh	Local	2050	2150	-100	10000	10000	Unch
	Bilty	2450	2450	Unch			
Ahmedabad	Feed	2200	2200	Unch	NA	40000	-
	Starch	2200	2200	Unch			
Khanna	Local	2200	2300	-100	900	900	Unch
	Bilty	2260	2360	-100			
Ludhiana	Local	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	-
	Bilty	NA	NA	-			
Jalgaon	Bilty	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	-
Chhindwara	Loose price	NA	Closed	-	NA	Closed	-

International Market Updates:

- As per trade sources, despite the risks posed by planting delays in some regions, Brazilian farmers are anticipated to achieve their highest ever corn production volume. For the 2022/2023 crop cycle, Brazil's total corn production is projected to increase by 11.93% to 126.63 million tonnes, driven by a 4.4% expansion in planted area and an anticipated surge in yields.
- U.S. Maize exports have reached at 16.08 million metric tonnes (MMT) for 2022-23 Marketing Year, with the exports of 1.05 MMT for the period of 23rd February 2023 to 2nd March 2023. Exports of 1,052,000 MT--a marketing-year high--were up 58 percent from the previous week and 74 percent from the prior 4-week average. The destinations were primarily to Mexico (462,900 MT, including 10,200 MT - late), Colombia (169,600 MT), Japan (129,500 MT, including 101,700 MT - late), South Korea (104,900 MT), and Guatemala (39,600 MT).
- According to the latest report, corn exports for March reached 803.219 metric tons, a significant increase of 695.987 metric tons from the previous year's shipment of 107.232 metric tons. In February, exports hit 1.9 million metric tons, meeting the projected level and exceeding last year's shipment of 532,342 metric tons by 1.4 million metric tons. Japan was the primary purchaser, accounting for 23% of the volume, followed by Vietnam (10%), South Korea, and Colombia (9%). China received 8% of the exported volume. Cumulatively, January and February saw shipments of 486,500 metric tons and 70,000 metric tons, respectively.
- As of March 2023, WASDE Report, the upcoming years of 2022/23 will witness significant shifts in global trade, particularly with regards to corn exports. Projections suggest that India, Ukraine, and Paraguay will see increased exports, while Argentina and the United States are expected to experience a reduction in this regard. On the other hand, Turkey, Iran, Malaysia, Chile, Colombia, Egypt, Morocco, Peru, and Taiwan are anticipated to witness a decrease in corn imports. Furthermore, foreign corn ending stocks are expected to decline from the previous month, primarily due to decreases in Ukraine and Brazil, which are partially offset by an increase in India. Overall, global corn ending stocks are projected to increase by 1.2 million tons, with a total of 296.5 million tons.
- A few African nations are now looking for the coarse cereal, creating a fresh demand for India's corn (maize) exports, which have somewhat decreased over the past few days. Due to low freight costs, African nations, especially those in the east, are trying to import corn from India.
- Argentina's agricultural output has been negatively impacted by a historic drought due to extreme temperatures brought on by global warming. Argentina, a major food exporter, has recently seen a string of heatwaves that, when paired with a persistent water constraint, have caused analysts to drastically lower their projections for the main crops of the country—soybeans, maize, and

wheat. But the La Nina weather phenomenon, which involves a cooling of the equatorial Pacific and lower rainfall in some areas of Argentina, can be used to explain the water deficit.

- Closing price of Corn on CBOT went down by 3.64 USD to 253.34 USD per MT as compared to previous day's closing price for Mar-23 contract.

CBOT Corn Daily Futures Price Listing (USD/MT) as on 7 th April 2023					
Contract Month	Open	High	Low	Close	Change
Mar-23	256.78	256.88	252.65	253.34	-3.64
May-23	246.84	246.94	243.69	243.99	-3.05
Jul-23	223.71	224.20	221.64	222.14	-1.97
Sep-23	220.17	220.66	218.59	219.18	-1.57
Dec-23	223.32	223.61	221.74	222.23	-1.48

Outlook and Recommendation:

- Arrivals have started coming into the market this from this week due to which prices are going down.
- Arrivals have started coming in most of the mandis throughout the country amid high demand.

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