

Oilmeal Weekly Research Report

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Executive Summary

Soybean, meal and rapeseed-mustard continued downtrend on expectation of higher *kharif* oilseeds production this season. This includes soybean, the largest kharif oilseed crop.

However, heavy rains in recent weeks have negatively affected the productivity in soybean in low lying areas of Madhya Pradesh and Rajasthan. The damages are not severe, as they are confined to small pockets only.

Overall the soybean crop health is good across the key growing belts.

Besides, US soybean production is expected to be record this season on higher projected yield.

The rapeseed-mustard fell consecutive fourth week as millers refrained from the buying in anticipation of further fall in the prices.

The domestic soybean and meal are expected to feature range-bound movement with weak bias on expectation higher soybean production prospects.

We feel the rapeseed-mustard prices will rebound on fresh demand in rapeseed-mustard oil in near-term.



Outlook - Cash Market

Outlook - Soybean (Spot, Indore): The soybean prices fell by about 6% during the week and we expect them to be near the season's lowest levels and feel prices will rebound some more fall. Expectation of higher domestic soybean crop this season, weak soy meal exports, higher inventories in edible oils, expected record US soybean production and lower crude will pressurize the domestic soybean to some extent. The prices are expected to feature range bound movement and witness 3250 – 3300 levels (Indore, Plant basis).

Outlook – **Soy meal**: Meal too fell by 6% in tandem with soybean and we expect them to be near the season's lowest levels and feel prices will rebound after some more fall. Expectation of higher crushing on likely good soybean production on better distribution of seasonal rainfall in the key soybean domestic regions and weak soy meal exports is restricting gains in the domestic soy meal. Indian meal exporters are advised to explore new markets and aggressively try to regain the lost markets of peak exports season especially traditional South and Far-East Asian destinations including Japan in the upcoming season. The domestic meal prices are likely to feature range bound movement with weak bias in near-term. Soy meal, Indore is expected to be in the range of 29,000 – 29,500/MT levels during the week.

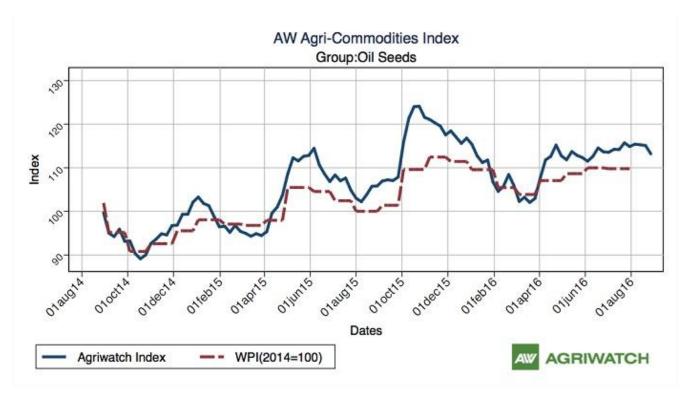
Outlook - Rapeseed-Mustard (Spot, Jaipur basis): The seed extended losses during the week but recovery after the correction can't be ruled out. Possible strong buying by miller's, to meet the fresh mustard oil demand during monsoon and upcoming festivities will push up the seed prices. The seed prices are likely to edged-up and witness the levels between 4950 – 5000; levels during the week.



AW Oilseeds Index - 27 August 2016

The Agriwatch Agri Commodities Index fell 1.33% to 117.15 during the week ended August 27, 2016 from 118.73 during the previous week, led by sharply lower pulses prices. The base for the Index and all sub-Indices is 2014 (= 100).

In the commodity group sub-index, Oilseeds Index stood at 113.21 (-1.65%) week-on-week.



[&]quot;Agriwatch has recently launched its AW Agri Commodity Indices to enable organizations access independent Indices to track and use to benchmark their purchases and sales. The Indices are based on the daily prices in the key benchmark markets for each commodity that AW has been covering for the past decade. The indices include an Aggregate Index, Category Indices and individual commodity indices. The weekly indices are free to access on our website www agriwatch.com. The daily indices are available on subscription. Please contact for more details."



International Highlights

- The US soybean crop is reported to be setting pod at 94% up compared to 91% during the corresponding period last year and 92% from 5 year average. About 5% of the crop is dropping leaves which down from 8% during the corresponding period last year but at par with the 5 year average.
- ❖ About 73% of the newly planted US soybean crop is under good to excellent conditions which is up from 63% during the same period last year, reported in the US crop progress report dated 28 August 2016.
- ❖ Pro Farmer has projected US soybean production at a record 4.093 billion bushels, considering an average yield of 49.3 bushels per acre after the recent crop tour; this is above USDA's August WASDE outlook for a 4.060 billion bushels production with an average yield of 48.9 bushels per acre.
- ❖ In the latest IGC, report the 2016/17 world soybean outturn is projected to improve by 3% y-o-y, to a record of 325 million tonnes, tied to anticipated area gains and enhanced yields in leading producers. With total consumption seen expanding further on growing demand for soybean products, especially in Asia, global stocks are expected to ease to a three-year low of 31.5 million tonnes.
- US oilseeds processors have crushed 4.604 million tonnes of soybean during July which is down from 4.673 million tonnes during the corresponding period last year and marginally down from 4.624 million tonnes processed during June this year, reported USDA.US soymeal inventories stood at 419,802 tonnes up from 281,038 tones in June.
- ❖ Brazil has exported 3.82 million tonnes of soybean in August against 5.16 million tonnes during the corresponding period last year and 5.79 million tonnes in July 2016.
- Brazil has exported 1.09 million tonnes of soy meal in August against 1.11 million tonnes during the corresponding period last year and 1.39 million tonnes in July 2016.
- Brazil's soybean output growth is projected at average 4.1% per year in next 10 years and soybean output is expected surpass 140million tonnes by 2025 by FCStone.
- ❖ In the June USDA acreage report, US soybean planted area for 2016 is estimated at a record high 83.7 million acres, up 1 percent from last year. Area for harvest, at 83.0 million acres, is also up 1 percent from



2015 and will be a record high if realized. Record high planted acreage is estimated in Michigan, Minnesota, New York, North Dakota, Ohio, Pennsylvania, and Wisconsin.

- ❖ The Argentina's government has raised its 2015/16 soybean crop to 58 million tonnes from its previous forecast of 57.6 million tonnes followed by faster than expected recovery of area considered lost to floods hit area in Argentina.
- Rosario Gains Exchange have revised its forecast for Argentina's 2015/16 soybeans up to 55.3 million tonnes from 55 million tonnes previously. This is despite severe crop damage after flood in April.
- ❖ In the official figure Argentina's soybean production is estimated to decline to 57.6 million tonnes from 61.4 million tonnes.
- ❖ INTL FC Stone has slashed the Brazil's 2015-16 production by 1 million tonnes to 96.5 million tonnes, in its recent report. Besides, Informa has lowered the Brazil's and Argentina's 2015/16 soybean production from 100.5 vs 100.1 mln t and 55.0 vs 59.5 mln t respectively.
- ❖ Abiove has trimmed Brazil's 2015/16 soybean crop to 96.6 million tonnes (during Feb. Jan.) from 97.3 million projected earlier. It has lowered Brazil's soybean exports estimate to 53 million tonnes from 53.8 million tonnes Brazil had shipped 54.3 million tonnes in previous season.
- World supplies of soybeans are likely to increase sharply by 19 Mn T in 2015/16, despite a global prospective production decline by 3 Mn T, leading to another above-average increase in soybean crushings, reports Oil World.
- ❖ Agroconsult has projected Brazil's 2016/17 area under soybean higher by 600,000 hectares. The consultant has projected Brazil's 2015/16 soybean production at 101.7 million tonnes in its final estimate.
- Conab, the Brazil government's crop supply agency, has raised Brazil's 2015/16 soybean crop to a record 101.18 million tonnes, which is up from 100.93 million tonnes from its previous estimate in February followed by increase in planted area and yields.
- FCStone has increased Brazil's 2015/16 soybean production forecast to 98.6 million tonnes from 98 million tonnes in its previous estimates.
- Again, Informa has raised its forecast for Brazil's 2015/16 soybean production in its monthly report to 101.3 million tonnes from 100.5 million tonnes last month. It has lowered Argentina's 2015/16 soybean production forecast to 59.0 million tonnes from 60.0 million tonnes in February.



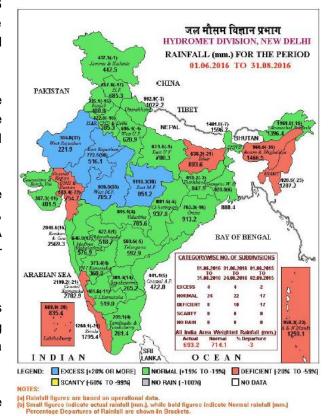
- Brazil's Congress has passed a bill that will increase the country's biodiesel blend from its current 7% to 10% over the next three years.
- ❖ AgRural has increased its forecast for Brazil's 2015/16 soybean to 99.7 million tonnes from 98.7 million after beneficial rains.
- Rosario Grains Exchange has raised Argentina's 2015/16 soybean production forecast to 59 million tonnes from 58.5 million tonnes in its earlier estimates. The increase is due to the higher than expected yield in the major growing belts.
- CRF reported that Argentina's soybean production is nearing last year's record of around 61 million tonnes.
 It also projected Paraguay 2015/16 soybean production at record 9.7 million tonnes which is above USDA's estimate of 8.8 million tonnes.
- However, according to the estimates by the government agency, Argentina's 2015/16 soybean production is estimated near 60 MMT which is below last year production of 61.4 MMT.
- China is forecast to import 85 million tonnes of soybeans in 2016/17, up from the previous season, however, higher inventories is expected to limit the rise in buying.
- China National Grain and Oils Information Center (CNGOIC), said in the IGC grain conference that the country's soybean imports were expected to reach 82 million tonnes in the 2015/16 year on an October-September season compared to 78.35 million tonnes during the corresponding period in 2014/15.
- Global palm oil production will fall by almost 3.00 million tons in September 2016. Indonesia's palm oil output estimate is cut by 1.2 million tons. Malaysia's palm oil production estimate is cut by 1.5 million tons to 18.4 million tons. Consumers will get relief from July 2016. Palm oil stock buildup will possibly start from September 2016.



IMD Monsoon Forecast and Current Rainfall Status

In the IMD's Operational 2nd stage Long Range forecast for the 2016:

- Rainfall over the country as a whole for the 2016 southwest monsoon season (June to September) is most likely to be **above normal** (>104% to 110% of long period average (LPA).
- Quantitatively, monsoon season rainfall for the country as a whole is likely to be 106% of the long period average with a model error of ±4%.
- ➤ Region wise, the season rainfall is likely to be 108% of LPA over North-West India, 113% of LPA over Central India, 113% of LPA over South Peninsula and 94% of LPA over North-East India all with a model error of ± 8 %.
- ➤ The monthly rainfall over the country as whole is likely to be 107% of its LPA during July and 104% of LPA during August both with a model error of ± 9 %.
- However, recently the IMD has revealed that the season.



The event should boost the yield and subsequently production this season, as the kharif oilseeds are rain-fed.



Soybean

The domestic soybean extended losses primarily on expectation of higher 2016/17 soybean production and bearish global supply scenario.

Besides, other kharif oilseeds production like groundnut is also likely to be higher this season. Currently, bearish fundamentals are dominating the oilseeds market.

However, heavy rains in recent weeks have negatively affected the productivity in soybean in low lying areas of Madhya Pradesh and Rajasthan. The damages are not severe, as they are only confined to small pockets.

There are no reports of widespread disease or pest infestation. Currently the weather is clear in the key soybean growing belts.

Overall the crop is in a good condition across the key growing belts of Madhya Pradesh, Maharashtra and Rajasthan, the crop is mostly blooming. It has also entered into pod formation stage in Madhya Pradesh.

In a recent crop health survey by SOPA about 14% of the crop is reported at very poor condition, 57% in normal and 29% in good to very good condition in Madhya Pradesh.

About 7% of the crop is reported at very poor condition, 57% in normal and 36% in good to very good condition in Maharashtra.

In Rajasthan, about 15% of the crop is reported at very poor condition, 58% in normal and 27% in good to very good condition in Rajasthan.

The overall rainfall over Madhya Pradesh, Maharashtra and Rajasthan is still reportedly normal and above normal in various key belts.

IMD in its weekly Southwest monsoon progress report India's actual rainfall fell and was reported at 693.2 mm against the normal 714.1 mm and departure stands at -3%, till 02 September 2016.

In West Madhya Pradesh, the departure of Southwest monsoon has improved to normal by +33%, actual rains is reported at 939.3 mm vs 705.7 mm normal till 02 September 2016 by IMD. Vidarbha reported the departure of +4%, actual rains 815.1 mm vs 785.6 mm normal. Marathwada reported the departure of +1% with actual rains of 522.5 mm vs 518.7 mm, East Rajasthan reported a departure of +50% with actual rains 772.5 mm vs 516.1 mm normal.

Better seasonal/monsoon rains this season is expected to boost the soybean production.



In the official planting report by Ministry of Agriculture, the area coverage under soybean, as on 02nd September, is reported slightly lower at 112.28 lakh hectares which is down by 2.7% compared to 115.35 lakh hectares in the corresponding period last year.

Crop	As on 02 Sep. 2016	As on 02 Sep. 2015	% Chg.
Groundnut	44.24	35.70	23.9
Soybean	112.28	115.35	-2.7
Sunflower	1.55	1.13	37.2
Sesamum	13.86	16.16	-14.2
Others	7.67	10.33	-25.8
Total Oilseeds	179.60	178.67	0.5

The total sown area under *kharif* oilseeds, as on 02 September, has surpassed the previous year's level which is up by 0.5% at 179.60 lakh hectares compared to 178.67 lakh hectares during the corresponding period last year.

India's total area under soybean in 2015 was 116.4 lakh hectares which was higher by 5.8% from 2014.

We expect India's area under soybean in 2016 to be slightly lower than 116 lakh hectares.

In the USDA – FAS grain report, the US attaché has projected India's 2016/17 soybean production at 11.5 million tonnes up from it's previous forecast of 11 million.

Good seasonal rains and normal growing conditions are cited behind the increase. The productivity is pointed out be within 5-year average.

The major buyers in Madhya Pradesh are as follows: Amrit Mandsaur, Ambika Joara, ABIS Rajnandgaon, Laxmi Solvex, Sanwariya – Itarasi, SSA Mandideep, Bansal, Khandwa Oil, Ruchi, Agrawal Neemuch, Betul Oil, Prakash, Bajrang, Prestige, Ambuja, Prakash, Sitashri, Divya Jyoti, Avi Agro, Rama Sitashri Vippy, Kriti, Mahakali, Mahalaxmi, Dhanuka, Khyati, Premier, Dhan Laxmi, Dhanuka Soy, Indian Solvent (ABIS) and Advantage Overseas (10-2-2 specification) for Dewas and Mandsaur delivery during the week.

The domestic soybean prices are likely to feature losses on expectation of higher soybean production this season, weak soy meal export sales and higher edible oil imports will pressure the bean market in near-term. But likely fresh demand for new season will push up the prices in coming weeks.



International:

The international soybean extended losses on long liquidation forecast of record US soybean production after Pro Farmer crop tour confirmed the all time high soybean yield.

Pro Farmer has projected US soybean production at a record 4.093 billion bushels, considering an average yield of 49.3 bushels per acre after the recent crop tour; this is above USDA's August WASDE - outlook for a 4.060 billion bushels production with an average yield of 48.9 bushels per acre.

At CBOT, November contract soybean prices were below 200-day moving average – one month low, and hit low at US \$ 9.37/bushel and finally settled at US \$ 9.52/bushel under the week in review.

However, CBOT soybean showed some signs of recovery on towards the

Further, The US soybean crop is reported to be setting pod at 94% up compared to 91% during the corresponding period last year and 92% from 5 year average. About 5% of the crop is dropping leaves which down from 8% during the corresponding period last year but at par with the 5 year average.

About 73% of the newly planted US soybean crop is under good to excellent conditions which is up from 63% during the same period last year, reported in the US crop progress report dated 28 August 2016.

In the US weekly export sales report, the net sales of soybean were reported at 107,500 MT for 2015/16 significantly lower than the previous week and down 50% from the prior 4-week average. Increases were for China and 329,900 MT switched from unknown destinations.

US oilseeds processors have crushed 4.604 million tonnes of soybean during July which is down from 4.673 million tonnes during the corresponding period last year and marginally down from 4.624 million tonnes processed during June this year, reported USDA.

The average crush figure of the market participants was 4.596 million tonnes.

US soymeal inventories stood at 419,802 tonnes up from 281,038 tones in June. Crude soy oil inventories are reported at 1.866 billion pounds at the end of July and refined soy oil inventories stood at 348.5 million pounds, said USDA.

In the latest IGC, report the 2016/17 world soybean outturn is projected to improve by 3% y-o-y, to a record of 325 million tonnes, tied to anticipated area gains and enhanced yields in leading producers. With total consumption seen expanding further on growing demand for soybean products, especially in Asia, global stocks are expected to ease to a three-year low of 31.5 million tonnes.

Traded volumes are likely to reach a fresh high on bigger deliveries to China, with both Brazil and the US each expected to dispatch well in excess of 50 million tonnes.

FC Stone has projected Brazil's 2016/17 soybean production at 101.85 million tonnes compared to 95.4 million tonnes in 2015/16.







Brazil's soybean output growth is projected at average 4.1% per year in next 10 years and soybean output is expected surpass 140million tonnes by 2025 by FCStone.

Brazil's soybean cultivators are unlikely to increase the area in soybean in the new season due to the tight credit followed by severe slowdown in the economy in decades and the likely erratic weather, said FCStone.

The Brazilian farmers are likely to plant 33.56 million hectares (82.9 million acres) with soybean in 2016/17 which will be an increase of just 315,000 hectares, up 0.9%, compared to 2015/16.

The soybean outturn is expected to touch 101.85 million tonnes, considering the average productivity of 2015/16, when production could only reach 95.42 million tonnes due to drought.

Brazil has exported 3.82 million tonnes of soybean in August against 5.16 million tonnes during the corresponding period last year and 5.79 million tonnes in July 2016.

China is forecast to import 85 million tonnes of soybeans in 2016/17, up from the previous season, however, higher inventories is expected to limit the rise in buying.

China National Grain and Oils Information Center (CNGOIC), said in the IGC grain conference that the country's soybean imports were expected to reach 82 million tonnes in the 2015/16 year on an October-September season compared to 78.35 million tonnes during the same period in 2014/15.

Strong global soybean demand and fall in the South American supplies will boost the US soybean exports in Sep/Feb. 2016/17.

The international soybean prices are expected to feature range bound movement with weak bias on forecast of record production and weak crude. However, fresh Chinese orders for the new crop delivery could jack up the soybean prices in near-term

Besides, expected higher soybean crop on better monsoon this season in India, higher inventories of edible oils at Indian ports, poor soy meal shipments from India will limit any sharp gains in the domestic soybean in near-term.



Soy meal

The domestic soy meal fell in sync with soybean on expectation higher crushing in the new season compared to the previous.

Expectation of higher soybean production this season will eventually improve the bean crushing thus increasing the availability in meal.

The domestic soy meal demand from poultry industry remained flat but the exports continued to remain weak owing to the competitive soy meal price offer from US and South America.

We expect India's soy meal exports to improve in the new season on expected better 2016/17 soybean crop production leading to higher crushing eventually increasing the meal supplies.

Besides, soy meal witnessed losses in the international market on expected record for US soybean, revealed by Pro Farmer, USDA, FCStone and after their survey of US soy and corn productivity.

The October CBOT soy meal fell and settled at US \$ 306.1 per short ton compared to US \$ 318.2 per short ton last week.

The domestic soy meal prices at Indore, fell and were quoted between Rs 29,500 – 30,800/MT compared to Rs 31,000 - 32,000/MT previous week.

At Latur and Nanded, Maharashtra, soy meal was quoted at Rs 31,800/MT and Rs 31,500/MT respectively compared to Rs 30,000/MT in Indore and Rs 30,000/MT in Kota. The meal prices of the various centers of Maharashtra continued to be at premium compared to the centers of Madhya Pradesh. This is due to the freight advantage for the South-Indian poultry units from Maharashtra over Madhya Pradesh.

India's soy meal shipments continued to be weak and it is multi-year low, primarily on India's noncompetitive prices compared to the South American meal.

India's export of soy meal and its other value added products during July 2016 is just 12,272 tons compared to 30,688 tons in July 2015 showing a decrease of 60% over the same period of last year.

On a financial year basis, the export during April'2016 to July'2016 is 52,906 tons as compared to 1,36,897 tons in the same period of previous year showing a decrease of 61%.

During current Oil year, (October – September), total exports during October 2015 to July, 2016 is 2,38,676 tons as against 6,86,525 tons last year, showing a decrease by 65.23%, as reported by SOPA.

Japan, USA, Myanmar, Kenya and South Korea remained the top buyers of soy meal of Indian origin in July.

Lower exports are mainly due to demand shift to South America. This is mainly due to the attractive offer price compared to India.

Brazil has exported 1.09 million tonnes of soy meal in August against 1.11 million tonnes during the corresponding period last year and 1.39 million tonnes in July 2016.

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Brazil has exported about 1.57 million tonnes of soy meal in June against 1.93 million tonnes and 1.62 million tonnes during the corresponding period last year. The figure reveals slow export pace due to rains and disruptions at port.

USDA in its August report said that the US soy meal inventories at the end of June stood at 281,038 tonnes which is down from 343,411 tonnes in May.

Oil world expects world production of soy meal to rise by about 6% to a record 163.8 Mn T in Jan/Sept 2016, allowing exports to improve by 3.2 Mn T or 7% under the lead of Argentina.

Indian meal prices have to be highly competitive against the South American and China's meal prices to regain the lost markets it lost in previous seasons.

Preference of the soy meal of Indian origin mainly by the South-East countries due to logistic and freight advantage and demand for non-GMO meal has lost the ground owing to much higher soy meal price of Indian origin compared to the South American meal. Iran, Japan, Europe, Thailand, Vietnam, Indonesia and South Korea were the major destinations for Indian soy meal exports, whose demand shifted to South America.

India's Y-o-Y soy meal prices, Indore, are higher. Soy meal Indore was quoted lower between Rs 29,500 – 30,800/MT during the week compared to Rs 28,000 – 30,500/MT during the corresponding period last year.

The soy meal prices are likely to feature range-bound movement with weak-bias on likely higher domestic and international soybean production, in near-term. However, prices could get strength once the demand for new crop meal creeps into the market in a couple of weeks.



Technical Analysis:

NCDEX Soybean Futures



Soybean Spot, Indore



*Note: Daily Chart

Support & Resistance NCDEX Soybean - Oct. contract

S 1	S2	PCP	R1	R2
3150	3100	3327	3470	3548

- Soybean continued downtrend during the week.
- > Prices closed below 18-day EMA.
- > RSI and stochastic are falling in the neutral zone.
- MACD is falling in the negative territory.
- ➤ The prices are expected to feature losses in the coming week.
- ➤ Trade Recommendation (NCDEX Soybean Oct.) Week: **BUY** Above 3230. Levels: T1 3330; T2-3380, SL 3170.



Rapeseed - Mustard Seed

The domestic rapeseed-mustard extended previous losses and marked successive fourth week fall. The millers refrained from the seed market in anticipation of further fall in the seed prices.

Fall in other oilseeds including soybean and groundnut exerted pressure on the rapeseed-mustard.

Higher domestic *kharif* oilseeds production prospects have pressured the seed market and they are almost at their lowest levels.

However, falling weather temperature and upcoming festivities will give in to the rise in mustard oil demand which will eventually improve the millers demand in the seed in near-term.

Further fall in the in the BMD CPO remained negative for the seed.

Currently, the seed prices at benchmark, Jaipur fell compared to previous week but they are still up 5% at Rs. 4,850 – 4,955 per quintal compared to Rs. 4,640 – 4,720 per quintal during the corresponding periods last year.

The all India daily arrivals of the seed continued to ease and reported between 0.65 – 0.80 lakh bags but are higher compared to 0.80– 1.10 lakh bags during the corresponding period last year.

However, India's edible oil imports fell for consecutive three months.

India's July edible oil imports fell 24.4 percent y-o-y to 11.18 lakh tons from 14.79 lakh tons in July 2015. Palm oil imports fell 27.87 percent y-o-y to 5.70 lakh tons y-o-y from 7.9 lakh tons in July 2015. CPO imports fell by 52.61 percent y-o-y to 3.63 lakh tons from 7.66 lakh tons in July 2015. RBD palmolein imports rose by 11.9 percent y-o-y to 2.07 lakh tons from 1.85 lakh tons in July 2015.

Soy oil imports were marginally down y-o-y to 3.485 lakh tons from 3.49 lakh tons in July 2015. Sunflower oil imports rose by 9.8 percent y-o-y to 1.34 lakh tons from 1.22 lakh ton in July 2015. Rapeseed (Canola) oil imports rose by 112 percent y-o-y to 0.66 lakh tons from 0.31 lakh tons in July 2015, reported by Solvent Extractor's Association of India.

India's July edible oil stocks at ports and pipelines was lower by 7.35 percent m-o-m at 21.50 lakh tons from 23.20 lakh tons in June 2016. Stocks of edible oil at ports were at 770,000 tons (CPO 180,000 tons, RBD Palmolein 115,000 tons, Degummed Soybean Oil 330,000 tons, Crude Sunflower Oil 115,000 tons and 30,000 tons of Rapeseed (Canola) Oil) and about 1,380,000 tons in pipelines. India is presently holding 39 days of edible oil requirement on 1st August, 2016 at 21.5 lakh tons compared to 42 days of requirements last month. India's monthly edible oil requirement is 16.5 lakh tons per month.

India's rapeseed-mustard follows the international palm oil as India imports the oil in huge quantities.

Malaysia's August palm oil exports rose 26.4 percent to 1,621,480 tons compared to 1,283,050 tons in July 2016. Top buyers were India at 450,929 tons (199,580 tons), China at 289,550 tons (225,856 tons), European Union 269,523 tons (260,908 tons), United States at 78,535 tons (74,800 tons) and Pakistan at 31,000 tons (41,000 tons). Values in brackets are figures of July 2016, cargo surveyor Societe Generale de Surveillance (SGS).

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However ITS reported, Malaysia's August palm oil exports rose 27.3 percent to 1,620,795 tons compared to 1,273,543 tons in July 2016. Top buyers were India & Subcontinent at 545,783 tons (266,910 tons), European Union at 287,460 tons (262,224 tons) and China at 243,600 tons (217,400 tons). Values in brackets are figures of July 2016.

In its August report Indonesia's Palm Oil Association (GAPKI) reported that, Indonesia's June palm, palm kernel oil, and biodiesel exports rose by 7.4 percent to 1.89 MMT from 1.76 MMT in May, exports in June 2015 stood at 2.27 MMT. Indonesia exported 1.78 MMT of palm oils excluding biodiesel compared to 1.76 MMT exported in May 2016. Production of palm oil in June was at 2.69 MMT while ending stocks were 1.80 MMT.

Malaysia has kept September export duty on crude palm oil unchanged at 5 percent. Tax is calculated at reference price of 2471.30 ringgit (USD 612.54) per ton. Prices above 2,250 ringgit are taxed with tax starting from 4.5 percent to a maximum of 8.5 percent, reports Malaysian Palm Oil Board (MPOB).

Outlook: The rapeseed-mustard is expected to recover after on upcoming fresh demand in mustard oil with upcoming festivities and falling weather temperature.





Technical Analysis:

NCDEX RM Seed Futures



RM Seed Spot, Jaipur



*Note: Daily Chart

Support & Resistance NCDEX RM Seed - Oct. contract						
S1	S2	PCP	R1	R2		
4648	4497	4799	4903	5008		

- RM seed edged-up on buying support during the week.
- > Prices closed well below18-day EMA.
- > RSI and stochastic are rising in neutral zone.
- MACD is heading upwards in negative territory.
- The prices are expected to feature gains during the week.
- > Trade Recommendation (NCDEX Rapeseed-Mustard Oct.) Week: BUY Above 4700. Levels: Target 4800; T2- 4850, SL - 4640.



Annexure

Oil Meal Prices at Key Spot Markets:

Soy DOC Rates at Different Centers

Contrac	Ex-factory rates (Rs/ton)			
Centres	2-Sep-16	26-Aug-16	Parity To	
Indore (MP)	30000	31000	Gujarat, MP	
Kota	30000	31000	Rajasthan, Del, Punjab, Haryana	
Dhulia/Jalna	31200	32300	Mumbai, Maharashtra	
Nagpur (42/46)	31000	32900	Chattisgarh, Orissa, Bihar, Bangladesh, AP, Kar, TN	
Nanded	31500	33800	Andhra, AP, Kar ,TN	
Latur	31000	32300	-	
Sangli	31500	33000	Local and South	
Sholapur	30500	32000	Local and South	
Akola	30800	32800	Andhra, Chattisgarh, Orrisa,Jharkhand, WB	
Hingoli	31000	33500	Andhra, Chattisgarh, Orrisa,Jharkhand, WB	
Bundi	29700	31500	-	

Soy DOC at Port

	Port Price		
Centers	1-Sep-16	25-Aug-16	
Kandla (FOR) (INR/MT)	33000	34500	
Kandla (FAS) (USD/MT)	493	514	

International Soy DOC				
Argentina FOB USD/MT	1-Sep-16	25-Aug-16	Change	
Soybean Pellets	348	363	-15	
Soybean Cake Flour	348	363	-15	
Soya Meal	356	371	-15	
Soy Expellers	356	371	-15	





Sunflower (DOC) Rates	E	Ex-factory rates (Rs/ton)		
Centers	2-Sep-16	26-Aug-16	Change	
Adoni	23500	24000	-500	
Khamgaon	NA	NA	-	
Parli	23500	23500	Unch	
Latur	21000	24000	-3000	

Groundnut Meal (Rs/MT)	2-Sep-16	26-Aug-16	Change
Basis 45%, Saurashtra	27500	28000	-500
Basis 40%, Saurashtra	24500	25000	-500
GN Cake, Gondal	27000	28000	-1000

Mustard DOC/Meal	2-Sep-16	26-Aug-16	Change
Jaipur (Plant delivery)	19500	19200	300
Kandla (FOR Rs/MT)	19800	19700	100
Sri Ganganagar	2390	2340	50



MSP for 2016/17 Kharif Oilseeds

The Cabinet Committee on Economic Affairs, chaired by the Prime Minister Shri Narendra Modi, has given its approval for Minimum Support Prices (MSPs) for Kharif Crops of 2016-17 season, the MSPs of all the Kharif oilseeds are raised for this season.

The MSP of Yellow Soybean is increased by 6.7% to Rs 2775/Qtl (including Rs 100 bonus) for 2016-17 season from Rs 2600/Qtl in 2015-16, Groundnut -in- shell by 4.7% to Rs 4220/Qtl (including Rs 100 bonus) from Rs 4030/Qtl, Sunflower seed by 3.9% to Rs 3950/Qtl (including Rs 200 bonus) from Rs 3800/Qtl, Nigerseed by 4.8% to 3825/Qtl (including Rs 100 bonus) from Rs 3650/Qtl and Sesamum by 6.4% to Rs 5000/Qtl (including Rs 200 bonus) from Rs 4700/Qtl.

MSP for 2015/16 Rabi Oilseeds

The Cabinet Committee on Economic Affairs has approved the Minimum Support Prices (MSPs) for Rabi Oilseeds Crops of 2014-15 season to be marketed in 2015-16 as follows: The MSP of Rapeseed/Mustard is raised by Rs. 50/Qtl to Rs. 3100/Qtl from Rs. 3050/Qtl earlier. For Safflower too it is increased by Rs. 50/Qtl to Rs. 3050/Qtl from Rs. 3000/Qtl in 2013-14.

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