

Oilmeal Weekly Research Report

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Executive Summary

Soybean, meal and rapeseed-mustard extended gains on improved buying in the physical market and supportive international oils and fats markets, during the week under review.

The *kharif* oilseed supplies are strong after newly harvesting of soybean and groundnut seed. However, the soybean arrivals are gradually falling from its peak, tested in mid-October.

Solvent extractors and stockists are actively buying the newly harvested oilseeds to cover their stock.

Slight improvement in seasonal and overseas demand in soy meal remained supportive for soy meal. However, we rule out any sharp rise in the meal, in near-term.

The domestic rapeseed-mustard planting is reportedly ahead previous level and we feel India's area under rapeseed-mustard should increase by 3 – 5% this season.

CBOT soybean has extended gains on strong demand for US soybean and technical buying.

The domestic soybean and meal are expected to feature range-bound movement with firm bias on expectation of good *kharif* oilseeds demand from stockiest and solvent extractors.

Further, the rapeseed-mustard is expected to edge-up on winter demand but rise in the *kharif* oilseeds production will limit the gains.

Outlook – Cash Market

Outlook - Soybean (Spot, Indore): The soybean extended gains on good buying in the cash market and supportive international oils and fats market. However, higher domestic soybean production this season, weak soy meal exports, record US soybean production will limit the gains in the domestic soybean to some extent. The prices are expected to feature range bound movement between the price band of 3050 – 3150 levels (Indore, Plant basis).

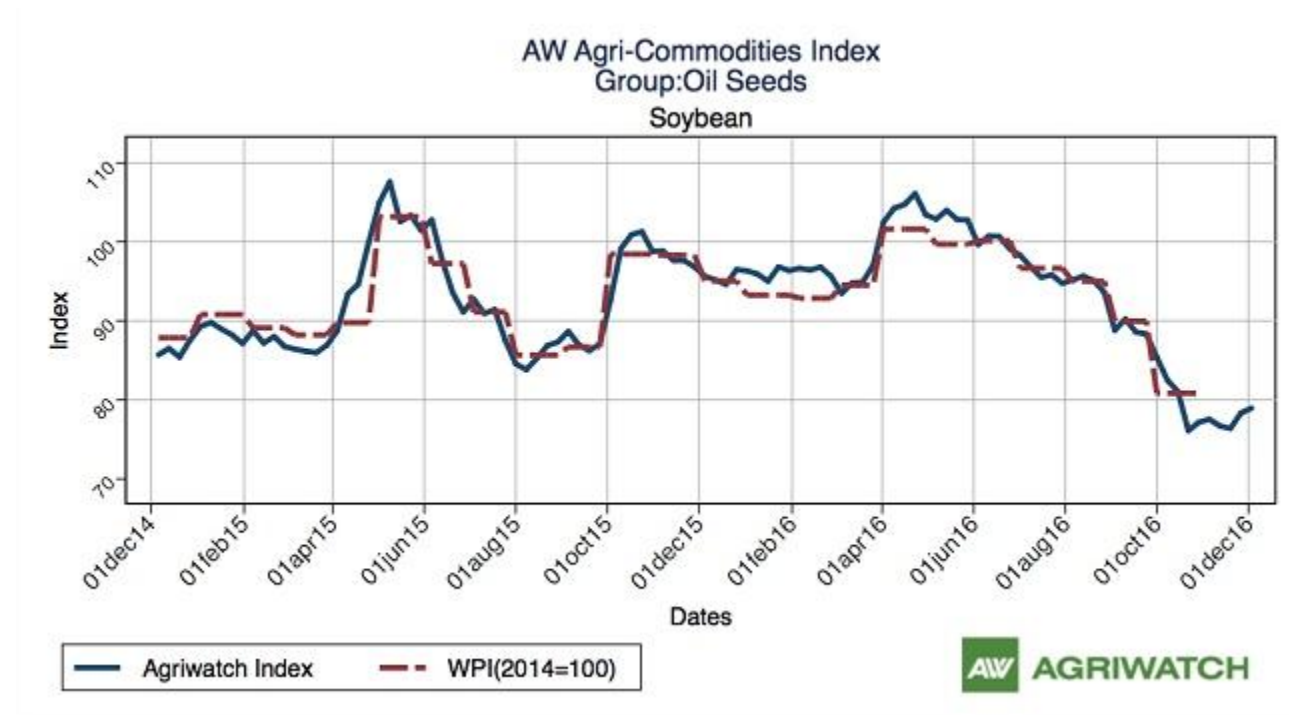
Outlook – Soy meal: Soy meal witnessed gains on strength in soybean and improved overseas demand. Expectation of higher crushing on likely good soybean production on better distribution of seasonal rainfall in the key soybean domestic regions and weak soy meal exports is limiting the gains in the domestic soy meal. Indian meal exporters are advised to explore new markets and aggressively try to regain the lost markets of peak exports season especially traditional South and Far-East Asian destinations including Japan in the upcoming season. The domestic meal prices are likely to feature range bound movement with firm-bias in near-term. Soy meal, Indore is expected to be in the range of 24,500 – 25,200/MT levels during the week.

Outlook - Rapeseed-Mustard (Spot, Jaipur basis): The rapeseed-mustard fell on dull trade activity during the week. Likely renewed buying by miller's, to meet the seasonal and fresh mustard oil demand for upcoming winter demand will push up the seed prices. The seed prices are likely to edge-up and witness the levels between 4,860 – 4,920/Qtl; levels during the week.

AW Oilseeds Index – 04 December 2016

The Agriwatch Agri Commodities Index rose 0.44% to 116.24 during the week ended Dec 3, 2016 from 115.72 during the previous week. The base for the Index and all sub-Indices is 2014 (= 100).

In the commodity group sub-index, Oilseeds Index stood at 104.39 (+0.82%) week-on-week.



"Agriwatch has recently launched its AW Agri Commodity Indices to enable organizations access independent Indices to track and use to benchmark their purchases and sales. The Indices are based on the daily prices in the key benchmark markets for each commodity that AW has been covering for the past decade. The indices include an Aggregate Index, Category Indices and individual commodity indices. The weekly indices are free to access on our website www.agriwatch.com. The daily indices are available on subscription. Please contact for more details."

International Highlights

- ❖ Informa Economics has raised its projection for the U.S. 2017 soybean planting at 88.612 million acres surpassing the record high of 83.17 million acres planted in 2016. The projected U.S. 2017 area under corn is slashed to 90.841 million acre from 90.971 million previously, which will divert to soybean.
- ❖ Informa Economic has raised its forecast of US 2016 soybean productivity to 52.4 bushels per acre in November from 51.6 bpa estimated in October.
- ❖ Informa has projected 2016 US soybean production at 4.353 billion bushels up from 4.3 billion bushels projected previous month.
- ❖ FCStone has raised its forecast for US 2016 soybean productivity to a record 52.8 bushels per acre from 52.5 in its October report.
- ❖ Further, FCStone has raised its US 2016 soybean production estimate to 4.386 billion bushels 4.357 billion bushels projected in October.
- ❖ Pro Farmer has projected US soybean production at a record 4.093 billion bushels, considering an average yield of 49.3 bushels per acre after the crop tour.
- ❖ Brazil's 2016/17 soybean crop is forecast up at 102.6 million tonnes compared to 96.3 million tonnes in 2015/16 marketing season, reported by Agroconsult.
- ❖ Brazil's 2016/17 soybean production is projected at 106 million tonnes by CRF, the production is much higher than the previous season (96.4 Mn T), when Brazil was hit by drought during the soybean crop development stage.
- ❖ Brazil's 2017 soybean exports are projected at 60 million tonnes which is up from 51-52 million estimated for the current marketing year 2016, reported by the National Association of Exporters of Cereals (ANEC).
- ❖ Further, CRF has projected Paraguay's soybean production at 8.6 million tonnes against 6.4 million tonnes produced last year.
- ❖ Abiove has forecast Brazil's 2017 soybean production at record 101.3 million tonnes compared to 96 – 98 million tonnes estimated for 2016 by various agencies. Abiove has estimated that Brazil will be able to export 57 million tonnes of soybean in 2017.

- ❖ Brazil's soybean output growth is projected at average 4.1% per year in next 10 years and soybean output is expected to surpass 140 million tonnes by 2025 by FCStone.
- ❖ Heavy rains over Argentina in October had delayed the soybean planting but have improved the soil moisture which has boosted the 2016/17 soybean production estimate by 2% to 55.3 million tonnes compared to last year's estimates which stood between 45.8 million tonnes, estimated by various agencies.
- ❖ Argentina postpones its decision to slash the soy export taxes for this year and 2017. The Argentine government has decided to ease the tax by 0.5% per month from January 2018 to December 2019, stated the President Mauricio Macri early this week.
- ❖ Macri had already cut the export tax from 35% to 30% in December shortly after Macri was elected as President and taking over the office.
- ❖ Argentina's government has raised its 2015/16 soybean crop to 58 million tonnes from its previous forecast of 57.6 million tonnes followed by faster than expected recovery of area considered lost to floods hit area in Argentina.
- ❖ Rosario Gains Exchange have revised its forecast for Argentina's 2015/16 soybeans up to 55.3 million tonnes from 55 million tonnes previously. This is despite severe crop damage after flood in April.
- ❖ In the official figure, Argentina's soybean production is estimated to decline to 57.6 million tonnes from 61.4 million tonnes.
- ❖ INTL FC Stone has slashed Brazil's 2015-16 production by 1 million tonnes to 96.5 million tonnes, in its recent report. Besides, Informa has lowered Brazil's and Argentina's 2015/16 soybean production from 100.5 vs 100.1 mln t and 55.0 vs 59.5 mln t respectively.
- ❖ Abiove has trimmed Brazil's 2015/16 soybean crop to 96.6 million tonnes (during Feb. – Jan.) from 97.3 million projected earlier. It has lowered Brazil's soybean exports estimate to 53 million tonnes from 53.8 million tonnes. Brazil had shipped 54.3 million tonnes in previous season.
- ❖ World supplies of soybeans are likely to increase sharply by 19 Mn T in 2015/16, despite a global prospective production decline by 3 Mn T, leading to another above-average increase in soybean crushing, reports Oil World.
- ❖ Agroconsult has projected Brazil's 2016/17 area under soybean higher by 600,000 hectares. The consultant has projected Brazil's 2015/16 soybean production at 101.7 million tonnes in its final estimate.

- ❖ Conab, the Brazil government's crop supply agency, has raised Brazil's 2015/16 soybean crop to a record 101.18 million tonnes, which is up from 100.93 million tonnes from its previous estimate in February followed by increase in planted area and yields.
- ❖ FCStone has increased Brazil's 2015/16 soybean production forecast to 98.6 million tonnes from 98 million tonnes in its previous estimates.
- ❖ Again, Informa has raised its forecast for Brazil's 2015/16 soybean production in its monthly report to 101.3 million tonnes from 100.5 million tonnes last month. It has lowered Argentina's 2015/16 soybean production forecast to 59.0 million tonnes from 60.0 million tonnes in February.
- ❖ Brazil's Congress has passed a bill that will increase the country's biodiesel blend from its current 7% to 10% over the next three years.
- ❖ AgRural has increased its forecast for Brazil's 2015/16 soybean to 99.7 million tonnes from 98.7 million after beneficial rains.
- ❖ Rosario Grains Exchange has raised Argentina's 2015/16 soybean production forecast to 59 million tonnes from 58.5 million tonnes in its earlier estimates. The increase is due to the higher than expected yield in the major growing belts.
- ❖ CRF reported that Argentina's soybean production is nearing last year's record of around 61 million tonnes. It also projected Paraguay 2015/16 soybean production at record 9.7 million tonnes which is above USDA's estimate of 8.8 million tonnes.
- ❖ However, as per the estimates by the government agency, Argentina's 2015/16 soybean production is estimated near 60 MMT which is below last year production of 61.4 MMT.
- ❖ China is forecast to import 85 million tonnes of soybeans in 2016/17, up from the previous season, however, higher inventories is expected to limit the rise in buying.
- ❖ China National Grain and Oils Information Center (CNGOIC), said in the IGC grain conference that the country's soybean imports were expected to reach 82 million tonnes in the 2015/16 year on an October-September season compared to 78.35 million tonnes during the corresponding period in 2014/15.

Sown Area – *Rabi* Oilseeds, India

In the final official Rabi oilseeds planting report, by the Ministry of Agriculture, (week ending 02 Dec. 2016), the total coverage area under Rabi oilseeds is reported at 70.70 lakh hectares, up 10.1% from 64.21 lakh ha in the corresponding period of last year. Of the major oilseeds, rapeseed-mustard sowing is reported up by 13.6% at 61.73 lha compared to 54.32 lha during the corresponding period of last year. Groundnut at 4.64 lha vs 4.13 lha, safflower at 0.60 lha vs 0.90 lha, sunflower at 1.07 lha vs 2.24 lha, sesamum 0.17 vs 0.18 and Linseed at 2.08 lha vs 1.90 lha during the same period last year.

Area in Lakh Hectares

Crop	As on 02 Dec. 2016	As on 02 Dec. 2015	% Change
Rapeseed/Mustard	61.73	54.32	13.6
Groundnut	4.64	4.13	12.3
Safflower	0.60	0.90	-33.3
Sunflower	1.07	2.24	-52.2
Sesamum	0.17	0.18	-5.6
Linseed	2.08	1.90	9.5
Others	0.41	0.54	-24.1
Total Oilseeds	70.70	64.21	10.1

Source: MoA, GOI

Soybean

The domestic soybean continued upward trend consecutive three weeks on good buying support in the cash market.

Further, recent gains in the international soybean which is currently ruling above US \$ 10/bushel remained supportive for the domestic market. However, fall in the CBOT soybean during the week limited the gains in the domestic soybean prices.

The oilseeds processors are covering their soybean stock for future with arrivals at good volume across the key market centers.

Expectation of rise in soy meal export coupled with the domestic seasonal meal demand will lend further support to the bean prices in near-term.

The soybean supplies have once again improved in Madhya Pradesh, Maharashtra and Rajasthan which fell in third and fourth week of November.

We feel the trade volume in the soybean at cash market will improve further to meet the fresh domestic and international demand in oils and fats.

The major buyers in Madhya Pradesh who resumed the trade during the week are as follows: Amrit Mandsaur, Ambika Joara, Agrawal Neemuch, Adani, Agro Sol. Datia, Avi Agro, Bansal, Bajrang, Betul Oil, Dhanuka, Divya Jyoti, G. Ambuja, Itarsi, Indian Soya, Khandwa, Khyati, Kriti, K.P. Newari, Mahakali, M.S. Neemuch, Prakash, Oyster Exim, Prestige, Ruchi, Rama, RH Solvex, SSA Mandideep, Shanti, Sawariya Itarsi, Sitashri, Vippy (10-2-2 specification) for Dewas and Mandsaur delivery during the week.

The domestic soybean prices are likely to feature range-bound movement with firm bias on of fresh buying by the solvent extractors and stockists. However, higher soybean production this season, weak soy meal export sales will limit the gains in soybean in near-term.

International:

The CBOT soybean fell from 4-1/2 month high on multiple factors during the week under review.

Expectation of fall in export demand for US soybean, favourable weather for soybean planting in Brazil and Argentina and end of month position squaring.

The CBOT soybean fell from 4-1/2 month high, January contract soybean prices fell to US \$ 10.12/bushel and finally settled at US \$ 10.27/bushel compared to US \$ 10.46/bushel last week.

Active selling by Brazil and Argentina after weakening of currencies has made South American soy prices competitive. This is expected to shift big buyers like China's demand to South America.

Argentina's soybean planting is 46% (9 million hectares) complete of the 19.6 million hectares projected to be planted with soybean in 2016/17.

The planting is lagging by 8.4% from the corresponding period last year. Further, the weather is favourable for the soybean after recent rainfall which has increased the soil moisture, reported by Buenos Aires Grains Exchange.

Previous updates:

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) increased US biodiesel production target by 6.5 percent in 2017 to 19.28 billion gallons compared to previous mandate of 18.11 billion gallons. Conventional biodiesel use is raised to 15 billion gallons which is mainly corn based biodiesel. Rest 4.28 billion gallons is set for advanced biodiesel mandate where soy oil is the major contributor. This step will decrease soy oil end stocks in US.

Informa Economics has raised its projection for the U.S. 2017 soybean planting at 88.612 million acres surpassing the record high of 83.17 million acres planted in 2016. The projected U.S. 2017 area under corn is slashed to 90.841 million acres from 90.971 million previously, which will divert to soybean.

Informa Economic has raised its forecast of US 2016 soybean productivity to 52.4 bushels per acre in November from 51.6 bpa estimated in October.

Informa has projected 2016 US soybean production at 4.353 billion bushels up from 4.3 billion bushels projected previous month.

Brazil's 2017 soybean exports are projected at 60 million tonnes which is up from 51-52 million estimated for the current marketing year 2016, reported by the National Association of Exporters of Cereals (ANEC).

ANEC, Brazilian grain export association has slashed its forecast for the country's 2016 soybean export for 52 million tonnes against 57 million tonnes in 2015 season.

However, ANEC expects Brazil's 2017 soybean exports to reach 53 million tonnes.

Brazil's 2016/17 soybean production is projected at 106 million tonnes by CRF, the production is much higher than the previous season (96.4 Mn T), when Brazil was hit by drought during the soybean crop development stage.

Further, CRF has projected Paraguay's soybean production at 8.6 million tonnes against 6.4 million tonnes produced last year.

However, Brazil's 2016/17 soybean crop is forecast up at 102.6 million tonnes compared to 96.3 million tonnes in 2015/16 marketing season, reported by Agroconsult.

Abiove has forecast Brazil's 2017 soybean production at record 101.3 million tonnes compared to 96 – 98 million tonnes estimated for 2016 by various agencies.

Abiove has estimated that Brazil will be able to export 57 million tonnes of soybean in 2017.

Conab, Brazil's agricultural statistics agency has reported that the country's 2017 soybean production could increase to 104 million tonnes from 95.5 million tonnes in drought hit year 2016.

FC Stone has projected Brazil's 2016/17 soybean production at 101.85 million tonnes compared to 95.4 million tonnes in 2015/16.

The Brazilian farmers are likely to plant 33.56 million hectares (82.9 million acres) with soybean in 2016/17 which will be an increase of just 315,000 hectares, up 0.9%, compared to 2015/16.

The soybean outturn is expected to touch 101.85 million tonnes, considering the average productivity of 2015/16, when production could only reach 95.42 million tonnes due to drought.

Brazil has exported 3.82 million tonnes of soybean in August against 5.16 million tonnes during the corresponding period last year and 5.79 million tonnes in July 2016.

Heavy rains over Argentina in October had delayed the soybean planting but have improved the soil moisture which has boosted the 2016/17 soybean production estimate by 2% to 55.3 million tonnes compared to last year's estimates which stood between 45.8 million tonnes, estimated by various agencies.

Argentina's 2016/17 area under soybean is forecast at 20.22 million hectares (49.96 Mn Acres), reported by the Argentina's agriculture ministry.

Argentina's 2016 area under soybean is expected lower by 2.5% to 19.6 million hectares from last year. This fall is primarily due to the rising cultivation cost and lower bean prices, said Buenos Aires Grains Exchange. About 11% of the Argentina's soybean planting is complete.

Argentina is expected to produce 53 Mn T of soybeans in 2016/17 compared to 56 Mn T in 2015/16. Area will shift towards corn and wheat where export duties were slashed to zero when the current president took the office, said Buenos Aires Grains Exchange.

Argentine government has postponed a tax slash premeditated for next marketing year on exports of soy and its products. The country is reeling into economic slump and dependent of the fiscal revenue.

The imports volume were below market expectations and lowest monthly imports reported since February when the imports were reported at 5 million tonnes, reported by General Administration of Customs of China.

China's 2016/17 soybean imports growth are expected to slow down on higher state reserve or inventories and increase in China's soybean production this season.

China's soybean production is up 13% to 13.1 million tonnes, highest in last 5 years, reported by China National Grain and Oils Information Center (CNGOIC).

China's soybean imports slowed down due to its higher state soy inventories.

Oil World is considering that US exporters will increase shipments to China by 4 Mn T in next six months.

Strong global soybean demand and fall in the South American supplies will boost the US soybean exports in Sep/Feb. 2016/17.

Paraguay's area under soybean is expected to increase in 2016/17 due to favorable soy prices and expected better returns also production is forecast up at 8.6 million tonnes compared to 6.4 million tonnes last season.

The international soybean prices are expected to feature range bound movement with firm bias on strong export demand for US soybean, strength in crude oil.

Soy meal

The domestic soy meal extended gains in association with soybean with slight increase in overseas and seasonal domestic demand.

We expect the overseas and domestic demand to pick up further in coming days.

The poultry demand increases in winter, which boost the soy meal demand for poultry feed from feed manufactures and directly from poultry units.

However, the meal prices are unlikely to post sharp gains to keep the exports window open and for forward booking for some more time.

Higher domestic soybean production in 2016/17 will eventually increase the soybean crushing which will further increase the availability in soy meal this season.

We expect India's soy meal exports to slightly recover in the new season with higher 2016/17 soybean production leading to higher crushing eventually increasing the meal supplies.

Further, soy meal witnessed losses in the international market and January CBOT soy meal witnessed gains and settled at US \$ 313.5 per short ton compared to US \$ 323.1 per short ton last week.

The domestic soy meal prices at Indore, improved and was quoted at Rs 24,200 – 25,100/MT compared to Rs 24,100 – 25,000/MT compared to previous week.

At Latur and Nanded, Maharashtra, soy meal continued downtrend and were quoted at Rs 25,200/MT compared to Rs 24,200/MT in Indore and Rs 24,500/MT in Kota. In a notable feature, the meal prices of the various centers of Maharashtra fell to the meal price of Indore.

India's soy meal exports and its other value added products (HS Code 2304) during October 2016 stood at 19,139 tons compared to 42,104 tons in October 2015 showing a decrease of 54.5% over the corresponding period of last year.

On a financial year basis, the export during April'2016 to October'2016 is 94,871 tons as compared to 2,43,632 tons in the same period of previous year showing a decrease of 61%, as reported by SOPA.

Myanmar (3995.2 MT), Japan (3193.49 MT), Nepal (1945.43), Kenya (1653.36 MT) and USA (1306 MT) were the key buyers of Indian origin meal in October.

Lower exports are mainly due to demand shift to South America. This is mainly due to the attractive offer price compared to India.

Indian meal prices must be highly competitive against the South American and China's meal prices to regain the lost markets it lost in previous seasons.

Preference of the soy meal of Indian origin mainly by the South-East countries due to logistic and freight advantage and demand for non-GMO meal has lost the ground owing to much higher soy meal price of Indian

origin compared to the South American meal. Iran, Japan, Europe, Thailand, Vietnam, Indonesia and South Korea were the major destinations for Indian soy meal exports, whose demand shifted to South America.

India's Y-o-Y soy meal prices, Indore, are currently lower. Soy meal Indore was quoted lower between Rs 24,200 – 25,100/MT during the week compared to Rs 33,200 – 33,700/MT during the corresponding period last year.

The soy meal prices are likely to feature range-bound movement with firm-bias on likely fresh buying by the poultry and feed manufacturing industry. However, higher domestic and international soybean production will limit the gains market, in near-term.

Technical Analysis:

NCDEX Soybean Futures



Soybean Spot, Indore



*Note: Daily Chart

Support & Resistance NCDEX Soybean – Dec. contract

S1	S2	PCP	R1	R2
3040	2950	3117	3311	3410

- Soybean edged-up on buying interest, during the week.
- Prices closed below 18-day EMA.
- RSI and stochastic are rising in the neutral zone.
- MACD is rising in the negative territory.
- The prices are expected to gain in the coming week.
- Trade Recommendation (NCDEX Soybean – Dec.) Week: **BUY** Above 3010. Levels: T1 – 3110; T2- 3160, SL - 2950.

Rapeseed - Mustard Seed

The domestic rapeseed-mustard posted gains on better buying in the seed mainly by the oilseed processors to meet the fresh winter mustard oil demand.

Weak supplies due to lean season remained supportive for the prices at higher levels. However, the gains will be limited due to the strong newly harvested seasonal *kharif* oilseeds supplies.

Continued, gains in BMD CPO will remain positive for the domestic seed market. India's rapeseed-mustard follows the international palm oil as India imports the oil in huge quantities.

The seed prices at benchmark, Jaipur was quoted between Rs. 4,830 – 4,905 per quintal and they are lower from Rs. 4,875 – 5,155 per quintal witnessed in the corresponding periods last year.

The all India daily arrivals of the seed continued to ease and were reported between 0.30 – 0.45 lakh bags and are lower compared to 1.0 – 1.15 lakh bags during the corresponding period last year.

The domestic rapeseed planting is reportedly up by 13.6% at 61.73 lha compared to 54.32 lha during the corresponding period of last year.

The market is waiting for India's November edible oil imports data, we are expecting imports to be lower year-on-year.

India's October edible oil imports fell 29.8 percent y-o-y to 11.58 lakh tons from 16.50 lakh tons in October 2015. Palm oil imports fell 33.8 percent y-o-y to 7.39 lakh tons y-o-y from 11.16 lakh tons in October 2015. CPO Imports fell 41.5 percent y-o-y to 5.14 lakh tons from 8.78 lakh tons in October 2015. RBD palmolein imports fell marginally y-o-y to 2.22 lakh tons from 2.28 lakh tons in October 2015. Soy oil imports rose 31.4 percent y-o-y to 2.78 lakh tons from 4.05 lakh tons in October 2015. Sunflower oil imports fell by 15 percent y-o-y to 0.99 lakh tons from 1.13 lakh ton in October 2015, reported by the Solvent Extractors Association (SEA).

India's October edible oil stocks at ports and pipelines fell 7.4 m-o-m at 19.35 lakh tons from 20.9 lakh tons in September 2016. Stocks of edible oil at ports fell to 705,000 tons (CPO 210,000 tons, RBD Palmolein 95,000 tons, Degummed Soybean Oil 325,000 tons, Crude Sunflower Oil 55,000 tons and 20,000 tons of Rapeseed (Canola) Oil) and about 1,230,000 tons in pipelines (stocks in pipelines were at 1,300,000 tons in September). India was holding 35 days of edible oil requirement on 1st November, 2016 at 19.35 lakh tons compared to 38 days of requirements last month. India's monthly edible oil requirement is 16.5 lakh tons, As per Solvent Extractors Association (SEA).

Malaysia's November palm oil exports fell 12.8 percent to 1,130,172 tons compared to 1,295,576 tons last month. Top buyers were European Union at 215,995 tons (307,685 tons), China at 215,655 tons (178,711 tons), India at 118,010 tons (189,724 tons), United States at 55,556 tons (41,270 tons) and Pakistan at 22,000 tons (59,770 tons). Values in brackets are figures of last month, reported cargo surveyor Societe Generale de Surveillance (SGS).

Malaysia's October palm oil end stocks rose 1.79 percent to 15.74 lakh tons compared to 15.46 lakh tons in September. Palm oil end stocks are much below market expectations. Production fell 2.17 percent to 16.78 lakh tons compared to 17.15 lakh tons in September, said MPOB.

Indonesia is expected to produce 32-33 MMT of palm oil in 2017 compared to estimated production of 28.5-30 MMT in 2016, higher by 16 percent y-o-y. Production in 2015 was 33 MMT. Wet condition in 2016 in Indonesia is primary reason for higher production in 2017. Exports are expected to grow to 23-25 MMT in 2017 compared to 23 MMT estimated in 2016. Palm oil prices rose in 2016 due to lower stocks of palm on El Nino, crude oil prices and biodiesel mandates in Indonesia and Malaysia, said Indonesia Palm Oil Association (GAPKI).

Outlook: The rapeseed-mustard is expected to witness gains on seasonal-winter demand in mustard oil and dwindling seed supplies.

Technical Analysis:

NCDEX RM Seed Futures



*Note: Daily Chart

RM Seed Spot, Jaipur



Support & Resistance NCDEX RM Seed – Dec. contract

S1	S2	PCP	R1	R2
4604	4475	4785	4922	5040

- RM seed posted gains on buying interest, during the week.
- Prices closed above 18-day EMA.
- RSI and stochastic are heading upwards in the neutral zone.
- MACD is rising in negative territory.
- The prices are expected to feature gains during the week.
- Trade Recommendation (NCDEX Rapeseed-Mustard – Dec.) Week: **BUY** Above 4685. Levels: Target – 4785; T2- 4835, SL – 4525.

Annexure

Oilseed Prices at Key Spot Markets:

Commodity / Centre	Prices (Rs/Qtl)				Change
Soybean	2-Dec-16		25-Nov-16		
	Low	High	Low	High	
Indore –Plant	3025	3100	3000	3070	30
Indore–Mandi	2800	3050	Closed	Closed	-
Nagpur-Plant	3050	3130	2950	3050	80
Nagpur – Mandi	2600	3000	2500	2820	180
Latur – Mandi	2690	3100	NA	NA	-
Kota-Plant	3075	3100	3050	3050	50
Kota – Mandi	2940	3030	2900	2950	80
Bundi-Plant	3100	3180	3050	3100	80
Bundi-Mandi	3080	3150	3000	3000	150
Baran-Plant	3150	3200	2975	3020	180
Baran-Mandi	3000	3060	2900	3000	60
Bhawani Mandi Jhalawar–Kota-Plant Delivery	2975	3100	3100	3100	Unch
Jhalwar-Mandi	3000	3050	3000	3000	50
Rapeseed/Mustard					
Jaipur-(Condition)	4865	4870	4780	4785	85
Alwar-(Condition)	4650	4700	4700	4700	Unch
SriGanganagar-(Non-Condition-Unpaid)	4050	4150	4000	4100	50
New Delhi–(Condition)(New Crop)	NA	NA	4600	4600	-
Kota-Non-(Condition)	3950	4220	4000	4200	20
Agra-(Condition)	5200	5225	5150	5150	75
Neewai	4675	4710	4400	4400	310
Hapur (UP)(New Crop)	NA	NA	Closed	Closed	-
Groundnut Seed					
Rajkot	840	840	NA	NA	-
Sunflower Seed					
Gulbarga	2855	3108	2858	3202	-94
Latur	NA	NA	NA	NA	-
Sholapur(New Crop)	3200	3300	3300	3300	Unch
Sesame Seed					
Mumbai (White98/2/1	6700	6700	6650	6650	50

Soybean Prices are in INR/Qtl. Mandi prices – Loose, Mustard Seed Prices are in INR/Qtl.C –Condition (42%),

*Groundnut seed in Rs/20 kg, Sunflower Seed in Rs/Qtl

Oilseed Arrivals in Key Centers:

Commodity	Centre	Arrivals in Bags/Qtl		Change
		26th Nov to 2nd Dec 2016	19th Nov to 25th Nov 2016	
Soybean	Madhya Pradesh	850000	820000	30000
	Maharashtra	675000	560000	115000
	Rajasthan	235000	173000	62000
	Bundi (Raj)	1900	3000	-1100
	Baran (Raj)	19000	16500	2500
	Jhalawar (Raj)	20000	11200	8800
Rapeseed/Mustard	Rajasthan	Closed	Closed	-

Oil Meal Prices at Key Spot Markets:
Soy DOC Rates at Different Centers

Centres	Ex-factory rates (Rs/ton)		
	2-Dec-16	25-Nov-16	Parity To
Indore (MP)	24200	24150	Gujarat, MP
Kota	24500	25000	Rajasthan, Del, Punjab, Haryana
Dhulia/Jalna	24300	24300	Mumbai, Maharashtra
Nagpur (42/46)	25800	24000	Chattisgarh, Orissa, Bihar, Bangladesh, AP, Kar, TN
Nanded	25200	24000	Andhra, AP, Kar, TN
Latur	25200	24500	-
Sangli	26300	25100	Local and South
Sholapur	24300	24300	Local and South
Akola	25200	23700	Andhra, Chattisgarh, Orissa, Jharkhand, WB
Hingoli	25000	25000	Andhra, Chattisgarh, Orissa, Jharkhand, WB
Bundi	25000	25400	-

Soy DOC at Port

Centers	Port Price	
	1-Dec-16	24-Nov-16
Kandla (FOR) (INR/MT)	NA	25500
Kandla (FAS) (USD/MT)	NA	375

International Soy DOC

Argentina FOB USD/MT	24-Nov-16	16-Nov-16	Change
Soybean Pellets	327	339	-12
Soybean Cake Flour	327	339	-12
Soya Meal	335	347	-12
Soy Expellers	335	347	-12

Sunflower (DOC) Rates

Centers	Ex-factory rates (Rs/ton)		
	25-Nov-16	18-Nov-16	Change
Adoni	17500	17500	Unch
Khamgaon	NA	NA	-
Parli	17600	17600	Unch
Latur	17200	17200	Unch

Groundnut Meal (Rs/MT)

	25-Nov-16	18-Nov-16	Change
Basis 45%, Saurashtra	23000	23000	Unch
Basis 40%, Saurashtra	21000	21000	Unch
GN Cake, Gondal	25000	25000	Unch

Mustard DOC/Meal

	25-Nov-16	18-Nov-16	Change
Jaipur (Plant delivery)	19200	19000	200
Kandla (FOR Rs/MT)	19500	19100	400
Sri Ganganagar	2360	2350	10

MSP for 2016/17 Kharif Oilseeds

The Cabinet Committee on Economic Affairs, chaired by the Prime Minister Shri Narendra Modi, has given its approval for Minimum Support Prices (MSPs) for Kharif Crops of 2016-17 season, the MSPs of all the Kharif oilseeds are raised for this season.

The MSP of Yellow Soybean is increased by 6.7% to Rs. 2775/Qtl (including Rs 100 bonus) for 2016-17 season from Rs.2600/Qtl in 2015-16, Groundnut -in- shell by 4.7% to Rs. 4220/Qtl (including Rs 100 bonus) from Rs 4030/Qtl, Sunflower seed by 3.9% to Rs 3950/Qtl (including Rs 200 bonus) from Rs 3800/Qtl, Nigerseed by 4.8% to 3825/Qtl (including Rs 100 bonus) from Rs 3650/Qtl and Sesamum by 6.4% to Rs 5000/Qtl (including Rs 200 bonus) from Rs 4700/Qtl.

MSP for 2016/17 Rabi Oilseeds

The Cabinet Committee on Economic Affairs has approved the Minimum Support Prices (MSPs) for Rabi Oilseeds Crops of 2016-17 season are as follows: The MSP of Rapeseed/Mustard is raised (10.4%) by Rs. 350/Qtl to Rs. 3,700/Qtl from Rs. 3,350/Qtl earlier. For Safflower too it is increased (12.1%) by Rs. 400/Qtl to Rs. 3,700/Qtl from Rs. 3,300/Qtl in 2014-15. Further, to incentivise cultivation of oilseeds, the Cabinet has decided to give a bonus of Rs 100/- per quintal each for Rabi oilseeds including Rapeseeds/Mustards and Safflower, over and above the recommendations of the CACP.

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