

## **Oilmeal Weekly Research Report**

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## **Executive Summary**

Soybean, meal and rapeseed-mustard fell in tandem on cautious buying and expected higher rabi oilseeds planting this season.

The solvent extractors are not keen in buying soybean at higher levels to keep the soy meal export prices competitive and keep the exports window open for some more time. India's 201/17 soybean production is higher compared to the previous season.

The domestic rapeseed-mustard planting is reportedly ahead of previous year's level and we feel India's area under rapeseed-mustard should increase by 3 - 5% this season.

CBOT soybean has once has posted gains on strong demand for US soybean and technical buying.

The domestic soybean and meal are expected to feature range-bound movement with firm bias on expectation of good *kharif* oilseeds demand from stockists and solvent extractors.

Further, the rapeseed-mustard is expected to edge-up on winter demand but rise in the *kharif* oilseeds production will limit the gains.



## Outlook – Cash Market

**Outlook - Soybean (Spot, Indore):** The soybean fell on cautious buying in the cash market and short-term pressure in the international soybean. Further, higher domestic soybean production this season, weak soy meal exports, record US soybean production will limit the gains in the domestic soybean to some extent. The prices are expected to feature range bound movement between the price band of 2950 – 3150 levels (Indore, Plant basis).

**Outlook – Soy meal:** Soy meal witnessed gains on strength in soybean and improved overseas demand. Expectation of higher crushing on likely good soybean production on better distribution of seasonal rainfall in the key soybean domestic regions and weak soy meal exports is limiting the gains in the domestic soy meal. Indian meal exporters are advised to explore new markets and aggressively try to regain the lost markets of peak exports season especially traditional South and Far-East Asian destinations including Japan in the upcoming season. The domestic meal prices are likely to remain under new crop supply pressure and feature range bound movement in near-term. Soy meal, Indore is expected to be in the range of 23,400 – 24,000/MT levels during the week.

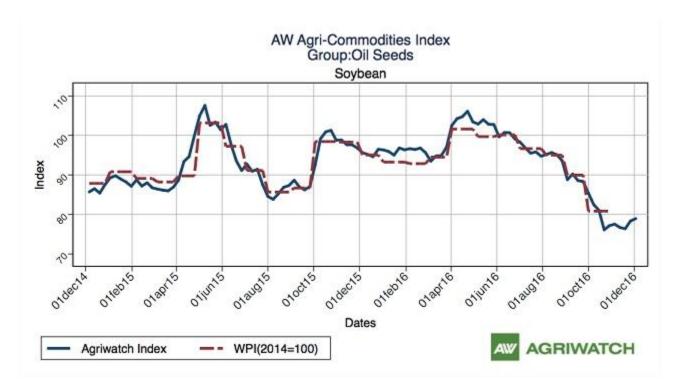
**Outlook - Rapeseed-Mustard (Spot, Jaipur basis)**: The rapeseed-mustard fell on dull trade activity during the week. Likely higher area under rapeseed this season may offset the seasonal demand in the seed. The seed prices are likely to edge-up and witness the levels between 4700 – 4780/Qtl; levels during the week.



## AW Oilseeds Index – 04 December 2016

The Agriwatch Agri Commodities Index rose 0.44% to 116.24 during the week ended Dec 3, 2016 from 115.72 during the previous week. The base for the Index and all sub-Indices is 2014 (= 100).

In the commodity group sub-index, Oilseeds Index stood at 104.39 (+0.82%) week-on-week.



"Agriwatch has recently launched its AW Agri Commodity Indices to enable organizations access independent Indices to track and use to benchmark their purchases and sales. The Indices are based on the daily prices in the key benchmark markets for each commodity that AW has been covering for the past decade. The indices include an Aggregate Index, Category Indices and individual commodity indices. The weekly indices are free to access on our website www agriwatch.com. The daily indices are available on subscription. Please contact for more details."

## **International Highlights**

- Informa Economics has raised its projection for the U.S. 2017 soybean planting at 88.612 million acres surpassing the record high of 83.17 million acres planted in 2016. The projected U.S. 2017 area under corn is slashed to 90.841 million acre from 90.971 million previously, which will divert to soybean.
- Informa Economic has raised its forecast of US 2016 soybean productivity to 52.4 bushels per acre in November from 51.6 bpa estimated in October.
- Informa has projected 2016 US soybean production at 4.353 billion bushels up from 4.3 billion bushels projected previous month.
- FCStone has raised its forecast for US 2016 soybean productivity to a record 52.8 bushels per acre from 52.5 in its October report.
- Further, FCStone has raised its US 2016 soybean production estimate to 4.386 billion bushels 4.357 billion bushels projected in October.
- Pro Farmer has projected US soybean production at a record 4.093 billion bushels, considering an average yield of 49.3 bushels per acre after the crop tour.
- Brazil's 2016/17 soybean crop is forecast up at 102.6 million tonnes compared to 96.3 million tonnes in 2015/16 marketing season, reported by Agroconsult.
- Brazil's 2016/17 soybean production is projected at 106 million tonnes by CRF, the production is much higher than the previous season (96.4 Mn T), when Brazil was hit by drought during the soybean crop development stage.
- Brazil's 2017 soybean exports are projected at 60 million tonnes which is up from 51-52 million estimated for the current marketing year 2016, reported by the National Association of Exporters of Cereals (ANEC).
- Further, CRF has projected Paraguay's soybean production at 8.6 million tonnes against 6.4 million tonnes produced last year.
- Abiove has forecast Brazil's 2017 soybean production at record 101.3 million tonnes compared to 96 98 million tonnes estimated for 2016 by various agencies. Abiove has estimated that Brazil will be able to export 57 million tonnes of soybean in 2017.

Brazil's soybean output growth is projected at average 4.1% per year in next 10 years and soybean output is expected to surpass 140 million tonnes by 2025 by FCStone.

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- Heavy rains over Argentina in October had delayed the soybean planting but have improved the soil moisture which has boosted the 2016/17 soybean production estimate by 2% to 55.3 million tonnes compared to last year's estimates which stood between 45.8 million tonnes, estimated by various agencies.
- Argentina postpones its decision to slash the soy export taxes for this year and 2017. The Argentine government has decided to ease the tax by 0.5% per month from January 2018 to December 2019, stated the President Mauricio Macri early this week.
- Macri had already cut the export tax from 35% to 30% in December shortly after Macri was elected as President and taking over the office.
- Argentina's government has raised its 2015/16 soybean crop to 58 million tonnes from its previous forecast of 57.6 million tonnes followed by faster than expected recovery of area considered lost to floods hit area in Argentina.
- Rosario Gains Exchange have revised its forecast for Argentina's 2015/16 soybeans up to 55.3 million tonnes from 55 million tonnes previously. This is despite severe crop damage after flood in April.
- In the official figure, Argentina's soybean production is estimated to decline to 57.6 million tonnes from 61.4 million tonnes.
- INTL FC Stone has slashed Brazil's 2015-16 production by 1 million tonnes to 96.5 million tonnes, in its recent report. Besides, Informa has lowered Brazil's and Argentina's 2015/16 soybean production from 100.5 vs 100.1 mln t and 55.0 vs 59.5 mln t respectively.
- Abiove has trimmed Brazil's 2015/16 soybean crop to 96.6 million tonnes (during Feb. Jan.) from 97.3 million projected earlier. It has lowered Brazil's soybean exports estimate to 53 million tonnes from 53.8 million tonnes. Brazil had shipped 54.3 million tonnes in previous season.
- World supplies of soybeans are likely to increase sharply by 19 Mn T in 2015/16, despite a global prospective production decline by 3 Mn T, leading to another above-average increase in soybean crushing, reports Oil World.
- Agroconsult has projected Brazil's 2016/17 area under soybean higher by 600,000 hectares. The consultant has projected Brazil's 2015/16 soybean production at 101.7 million tonnes in its final estimate.

- Conab, the Brazil government's crop supply agency, has raised Brazil's 2015/16 soybean crop to a record 101.18 million tonnes, which is up from 100.93 million tonnes from its previous estimate in February followed by increase in planted area and yields.
- FCStone has increased Brazil's 2015/16 soybean production forecast to 98.6 million tonnes from 98 million tonnes in its previous estimates.
- Again, Informa has raised its forecast for Brazil's 2015/16 soybean production in its monthly report to 101.3 million tonnes from 100.5 million tonnes last month. It has lowered Argentina's 2015/16 soybean production forecast to 59.0 million tonnes from 60.0 million tonnes in February.
- Brazil's Congress has passed a bill that will increase the country's biodiesel blend from its current 7% to 10% over the next three years.
- AgRural has increased its forecast for Brazil's 2015/16 soybean to 99.7 million tonnes from 98.7 million after beneficial rains.
- Rosario Grains Exchange has raised Argentina's 2015/16 soybean production forecast to 59 million tonnes from 58.5 million tonnes in its earlier estimates. The increase is due to the higher than expected yield in the major growing belts.
- CRF reported that Argentina's soybean production is nearing last year's record of around 61 million tonnes.
  It also projected Paraguay 2015/16 soybean production at record 9.7 million tonnes which is above USDA's estimate of 8.8 million tonnes.
- However, as per the estimates by the government agency, Argentina's 2015/16 soybean production is estimated near 60 MMT which is below last year production of 61.4 MMT.
- China is forecast to import 85 million tonnes of soybeans in 2016/17, up from the previous season, however, higher inventories is expected to limit the rise in buying.
- China National Grain and Oils Information Center (CNGOIC), said in the IGC grain conference that the country's soybean imports were expected to reach 82 million tonnes in the 2015/16 year on an October-September season compared to 78.35 million tonnes during the corresponding period in 2014/15.



## Sown Area – Rabi Oilseeds, India

In the official Rabi oilseeds planting report, by the Ministry of Agriculture, (week ending 09 Dec. 2016), the total coverage area under Rabi oilseeds is reported at 72.22 lakh hectares, up 10% from 65.72 lakh ha in the corresponding period of last year. Of the major oilseeds, rapeseed-mustard sowing is reported up by 12% at 64.20 lha compared to 57.27 lha during the corresponding period of last year. Groundnut at 3.15 lha vs 2.34 lha, safflower at 0.78 lha vs 0.92 lha, sunflower at 1.17 lha vs 2.35 lha, sesamum 0.22 vs 0.19 and Linseed at 2.36 lha vs 2.10 lha during the same period last year.

		Area	in Lakh Hectares
Crop	As on 09 Dec. 2016	As on 09 Dec. 2015	% Change
Rapeseed/Mustard	64.20	57.27	12.1
Groundnut	3.15	2.34	34.6
Safflower	0.78	0.92	-15.2
Sunflower	1.17	2.35	-50.2
Sesamum	0.22	0.19	15.8
Linseed	2.36	2.10	12.4
Others	0.34	0.55	-38.2
Total Oilseeds	72.22	65.72	9.9

Source: MoA, GOI

## Soybean

The domestic soybean plummeted once again after successive two-weeks of gain, this is due to the cautious buying during the week under review.

The newly harvested Kharif oilseeds supplies are at full swing which continued to pressure the domestic oilseeds including soybean.

Reports of good planting pace in rabi oilseeds remained bearish for soybean.

The producers and the stockists are not reluctant to ease their stock at the current lower prices.

The oilseeds processors continued to cover their stock for future with arrivals at good volume across the key market centers.

Expectation of rise in soy meal export coupled with the domestic seasonal meal demand will limit the losses and rebound the market in near-term.

The soybean supplies have once again improved in Madhya Pradesh, Maharashtra and Rajasthan which fell in third and fourth week of November.

The major buyers in Madhya Pradesh who resumed the trade during the week are as follows: Amrit Mandsaur, Ambika Joara, Agrawal Neemuch, Adani, Agro Sol. Datia, Avi Agro, Bansal, Bajrang, Betul Oil, Dhanuka, Divya Jyoti, G. Ambuja, Itarsi, Indian Soya, Khandwa, Khyati, Kriti, K.P. Newari, Mahakali, M.S. Neemuch, Prakash, Oyster Exim, Prestige, Ruchi, Rama, RH Solvex, SSA Mandideep, Shanti, Sawariya Itarsi, Sitashri, Vippy (10-2-2 specification) for Dewas and Mandsaur delivery during the week.

The domestic soybean prices are likely to feature range-bound movement with firm bias on of fresh buying by the solvent extractors and stockist. However, higher soybean production this season, weak soy meal export sales will limit the gains in soybean in near-term.

#### International:

The CBOT soybean edged-up on fresh strong demand for US soybean and gains in the international soy oil. China, the largest importer of soybean has placed huge order for 2017 deliveries.

However, the gains were limited due to the forecast of favourable weather condition in Argentina. Expected rains over the Argentine soybean growing belt boosted the hopes of higher production pressuring the international soybean during the week under review.

The CBOT soybean improved, January contract soybean prices posted high at US \$ 10.61/bushel and finally settled at US \$ 10.37/bushel compared to US \$ 10.27/bushel last week.



The South American soybean and product exports have improved with active selling by the producers of Brazil and Argentina after weakening of currencies which eventually lead to the South American soy prices competitive. This will shift the big buyer's demand to the region.

In the December USDA monthly demand and supply report the US soybean almost all the figures are kept unchanged including yield, production and harvested area.

The US soybean harvested area for 2016 stands at 83 million acres, yield 52.5 bushels per acre, production 4361million bushels, US crushings at 1930 million bushels and exports 2050 million bushes, all the figures are unchanged compared to the November USDA report.

#### Previous updates:

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) increased US biodiesel production target by 6.5 percent in 2017 to 19.28 billion gallons compared to previous mandate of 18.11 billion gallons. Conventional biodiesel use is raised to 15 billion gallons which is mainly corn based biodiesel. Rest 4.28 billion gallons is set for advanced biodiesel mandate where soy oil is the major contributor. This step will decrease soy oil end stocks in US.

Informa Economics has raised its projection for the U.S. 2017 soybean planting at 88.612 million acres surpassing the record high of 83.17 million acres planted in 2016. The projected U.S. 2017 area under corn is slashed to 90.841 million acres from 90.971 million previously, which will divert to soybean.

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Informa has projected 2016 US soybean production at 4.353 billion bushels up from 4.3 billion bushels projected previous month.

Brazil's 2017 soybean exports are projected at 60 million tonnes which is up from 51-52 million estimated for the current marketing year 2016, reported by the National Association of Exporters of Cereals (ANEC).

ANEC, Brazilian grain export association has slashed its forecast for the country's 2016 soybean export for 52 million tonnes against 57 million tonnes in 2015 season.

However, ANEC expects Brazil's 2017 soybean exports to reach 53 million tonnes.

Brazil's 2016/17 soybean production is projected at 106 million tonnes by CRF, the production is much higher than the previous season (96.4 Mn T), when Brazil was hit by drought during the soybean crop development stage.

Further, CRF has projected Paraguay's soybean production at 8.6 million tonnes against 6.4 million tonnes produced last year.

However, Brazil's 2016/17 soybean crop is forecast up at 102.6 million tonnes compared to 96.3 million tonnes in 2015/16 marketing season, reported by Agroconsult.

Abiove has forecast Brazil's 2017 soybean production at record 101.3 million tonnes compared to 96 – 98 million tonnes estimated for 2016 by various agencies.

Abiove has estimated that Brazil will be able to export 57 million tonnes of soybean in 2017.

Conab, Brazil's agricultural statistics agency has reported that the country's 2017 soybean production could increase to 104 million tonnes from 95.5 million tonnes in drought hit year 2016.

FC Stone has projected Brazil's 2016/17 soybean production at 101.85 million tonnes compared to 95.4 million tonnes in 2015/16.

The Brazilian farmers are likely to plant 33.56 million hectares (82.9 million acres) with soybean in 2016/17 which will be an increase of just 315,000 hectares, up 0.9%, compared to 2015/16.

The soybean outturn is expected to touch 101.85 million tonnes, considering the average productivity of 2015/16, when production could only reach 95.42 million tonnes due to drought.

Brazil has exported 3.82 million tonnes of soybean in August against 5.16 million tonnes during the corresponding period last year and 5.79 million tonnes in July 2016.

Heavy rains over Argentina in October had delayed the soybean planting but have improved the soil moisture which has boosted the 2016/17 soybean production estimate by 2% to 55.3 million tonnes compared to last year's estimates which stood between 45.8 million tonnes, estimated by various agencies.

Argentina's 2016/17 area under soybean is forecast at 20.22 million hectares (49.96 Mn Acres), reported by the Argentina's agriculture ministry.

Argentina's 2016 area under soybean is expected lower by 2.5% to 19.6 million hectares from last year. This fall is primarily due to the rising cultivation cost and lower bean prices, said Buenos Aires Grains Exchange. About 11% of the Argentina's soybean planting is complete.

Argentina is expected to produce 53 Mn T of soybeans in 2016/17 compared to 56 Mn T in 2015/16. Area will shift towards corn and wheat where export duties were slashed to zero when the current president took the office, said Buenos Aires Grains Exchange.

Argentine government has postponed a tax slash premeditated for next marketing year on exports of soy and its products. The country is reeling into economic slump and dependent of the fiscal revenue.

The imports volume were below market expectations and lowest monthly imports reported since February when the imports were reported at 5 million tonnes, reported by General Administration of Customs of China.

China's 2016/17 soybean imports growth are expected to slow down on higher state reserve or inventories and increase in China's soybean production this season.

China's soybean production is up 13% to 13.1 million tonnes, highest in last 5 years, reported by China National Grain and Oils Information Center (CNGOIC).



China's soybean imports slowed down due to its higher state soy inventories.

Oil World is considering that US exporters will increase shipments to China by 4 Mn T in next six months.

Strong global soybean demand and fall in the South American supplies will boost the US soybean exports in Sep/Feb. 2016/17.

Paraguay's area under soybean is expected to increase in 2016/17 due to favorable soy prices and expected better returns also production is forecast up at 8.6 million tonnes compared to 6.4 million tonnes last season.

The international soybean prices are expected to feature range bound movement with firm bias on strong export demand for US soybean and strength in crude oil.

## Soy meal

The domestic soy meal fell in sync with soybean on expected higher soybean crushing followed by improved domestic soybean production.

However, improved forward bookings in soy meal and fresh demand from domestic poultry during winter will boost the soy meal prices in coming days.

But we feel, the meal prices are unlikely to post sharp gains to keep the exports window open and for forward booking for some more time.

Higher domestic soybean production in 2016/17 will eventually increase the soybean crushing which will further increase the availability in soy meal this season.

We expect India's soy meal exports to slightly recover in the new season with higher 2016/17 soybean production leading to higher crushing eventually increasing the meal supplies.

Further, soy meal witnessed losses in the international market and January CBOT soy meal witnessed gains and settled at US \$ 317.4 per short ton compared to US \$ 310.7 per short ton last week.

The domestic soy meal prices at Indore, fell and were quoted at Rs 23,450 - 24,400/MT compared to Rs 24,200 - 25,100/MT compared to previous week.

At Latur and Nanded, Maharashtra, soy meal continued downtrend and were quoted at Rs 24,700/MT and 24,800/MT respectively compared to Rs 23450/MT in Indore and Rs 24,200/MT in Kota.

India's soy meal exports and its other value added products (HS Code 2304) during October 2016 stood at 19,139 tons compared to 42,104 tons in October 2015 showing a decrease of 54.5% over the corresponding period of last year.

On a financial year basis, the export during April'2016 to October'2016 is 94,871 tons as compared to 2,43,632 tons in the same period of previous year showing a decrease of 61%, as reported by SOPA.

Myanmar (3995.2 MT), Japan (3193.49 MT), Nepal (1945.43), Kenya (1653.36 MT) and USA (1306 MT) were the key buyers of Indian origin meal in October.

Lower exports are mainly due to demand shift to South America. This is mainly due to the attractive offer price compared to India.

Indian meal prices must be highly competitive against the South American and China's meal prices to regain the lost markets it lost in previous seasons.

Preference of the soy meal of Indian origin mainly by the South-East countries due to logistic and freight advantage and demand for non-GMO meal has lost the ground owing to much higher soy meal price of Indian origin compared to the South American meal. Iran, Japan, Europe, Thailand, Vietnam, Indonesia and South Korea were the major destinations for Indian soy meal exports, whose demand shifted to South America.

India's Y-o-Y soy meal prices, Indore, are currently lower. Soy meal Indore was quoted lower between Rs 23,450 – 24,400/MT during the week compared to Rs 32,200 – 33,000/MT during the corresponding period last year.

The soy meal prices are likely to feature range-bound movement with firm-bias on likely fresh buying by the poultry and feed manufacturing industry. However, higher domestic and international soybean production will limit the gains market, in near-term.



#### Technical Analysis:

#### **NCDEX Soybean Futures**





\*Note: Daily Chart

Support & Resistance NCDEX Soybean – Jan. contract					
S1	S2	PCP	R1	R2	
2980	2950	3054	3295	3403	

- Soybean plummeted on selling pressure in the market, during the week.
- Prices closed below 18-day EMA.
- > RSI and stochastic are falling in the neutral zone.
- > MACD is rising in the negative territory.
- > The prices are expected to gain in the coming week.
- Trade Recommendation (NCDEX Soybean Jan.) Week: BUY Above 3150. Levels: T1 3050; T2-3000, SL - 3210.

## Rapeseed - Mustard Seed

The domestic rapeseed-mustard witnessed losses on expected higher acreage under the seed this season. However, gains in the BMD CPO limited the losses in the seed.

In the recent government update on rabi crop planting, India's the rapeseed-mustard sowing is reported up by 12% at 64.20 lha compared to 57.27 lha during the corresponding period of last year

The seed prices at benchmark, Jaipur was quoted between Rs. 4,715 - 4,855 per quintal and they are lower from Rs. 5,150 - 5,190 per quintal witnessed in the corresponding periods last year.

The all India daily arrivals of the seed continued to ease and were reported between 0.40 - 0.65 lakh bags and are lower compared to 1.0 - 1.05 lakh bags during the corresponding period last year.

China's edible vegetable oil imports rose 64.5 percent in November at 5.1 LT compared to 3.1 LT in October. Imports fell 12.1 percent to 5.8 in LT compared to November 2015. Year to date imports were lower 20.5 percent to 47.6 LT compared to corresponding period in 2015, said China General Administration of Customs (CNGOIC).

China's edible oil share mainly comprised of palm and soy oil, palm from Malaysia and Indonesia and soy oil from US and South America. Chinese participation in oils and fats market is considered to be influential for the market.

The market is waiting for India's November edible oil imports figure, we are expecting imports to be lower yearon-year.

India's October edible oil imports fell 29.8 percent y-o-y to 11.58 lakh tons from 16.50 lakh tons in October 2015. Palm oil imports fell 33.8 percent y-o-y to 7.39 lakh tons y-o-y from 11.16 lakh tons in October 2015. CPO Imports fell 41.5 percent y-o-y to 5.14 lakh tons from 8.78 lakh tons in October 2015. RBD palmolein imports fell marginally y-o-y to 2.22 lakh tons from 2.28 lakh tons in October 2015. Soy oil imports rose 31.4 percent y-o-y to 2.78 lakh tons from 4.05 lakh tons in October 2015. Sunflower oil imports fell by 15 percent y-o-y to 0.99 lakh tons from 1.13 lakh ton in October 2015, reported by the Solvent Extractors Association (SEA).

India's October edible oil stocks at ports and pipelines fell 7.4 m-o-m at 19.35 lakh tons from 20.9 lakh tons in September 2016. Stocks of edible oil at ports fell to 705,000 tons (CPO 210,000 tons, RBD Palmolein 95,000 tons, Degummed Soybean Oil 325,000 tons, Crude Sunflower Oil 55,000 tons and 20,000 tons of Rapeseed (Canola) Oil) and about 1,230,000 tons in pipelines (stocks in pipelines were at 1,300,000 tons in September). India was holding 35 days of edible oil requirement on 1st November, 2016 at 19.35 lakh tons compared to 38 days of requirements last month. India's monthly edible oil requirement is 16.5 lakh tons, As per Solvent Extractors Association (SEA).

Malaysia's November palm oil exports fell 12.8 percent to 1,130,172 tons compared to 1,295,576 tons last month. Top buyers were European Union at 215,995 tons (307,685 tons), China at 215,655 tons (178,711 tons), India at 118,010 tons (189,724 tons), United States at 55,556 tons (41,270 tons) and Pakistan at 22,000 tons (59,770 tons). Values in brackets are figures of last month, reported cargo surveyor Societe Generale de Surveillance (SGS).



Malaysia's October palm oil end stocks rose 1.79 percent to 15.74 lakh tons compared to 15.46 lakh tons in September. Palm oil end stocks are much below market expectations. Production fell 2.17 percent to 16.78 lakh tons compared to 17.15 lakh tons in September, said MPOB.

Indonesia is expected to produce 32-33 MMT of palm oil in 2017 compared to estimated production of 28.5-30 MMT in 2016, higher by 16 percent y-o-y. Production in 2015 was 33 MMT. Wet condition in 2016 in Indonesia is primary reason for higher production in 2017. Exports are expected to in grow to 23-25 MMT in 2017 compared to 23 MMT estimated in 2016. Palm oil prices rose in 2016 due to lower stocks of palm on El Nino, crude oil prices and biodiesel mandates in Indonesia and Malaysia, said Indonesia Palm Oil Association (GAPKI).

Outlook: The rapeseed-mustard is expected to witness gains on seasonal-winter demand in mustard oil and dwindling seed supplies.



#### Technical Analysis:

#### NCDEX RM Seed Futures





\*Note: Daily Chart

Support & Resistance NCDEX RM Seed – Jan. contract					
S1 S2 PCP R1 R2					
4428	4380	4590	4912	4960	

- > RM seed witnessed continued fall in selling pressure, during the week.
- Prices closed below 9-day EMA.
- > RSI and stochastic are falling in the neutral zone.
- > MACD is easing in negative territory.
- > The prices are expected to feature losses during the week.
- Trade Recommendation (NCDEX Rapeseed-Mustard Jan.) Week: SELL Below 4690. Levels: Target 4590; T2- 4550, SL 4750.



## Annexure

#### Oil Meal Prices at Key Spot Markets:

#### Soy DOC Rates at Different Centers

Control	Ex-factory rates (Rs/ton)		
Centres	9-Dec-16	2-Dec-16	Parity To
Indore (MP)	23450	24200	Gujarat, MP
Kota	24200	24500	Rajasthan, Del, Punjab, Haryana
Dhulia/Jalna	24300	24300	Mumbai, Maharashtra
Nagpur (42/46)	24500	25800	Chattisgarh, Orissa, Bihar, Bangladesh, AP, Kar, TN
Nanded	24800	25200	Andhra, AP, Kar ,TN
Latur	24700	25200	-
Sangli	25300	26300	Local and South
Sholapur	24300	24300	Local and South
Akola	24000	25200	Andhra, Chattisgarh, Orrisa,Jharkhand, WB
Hingoli	24800	25000	Andhra, Chattisgarh, Orrisa,Jharkhand, WB
Bundi	23000	25000	-

#### Soy DOC at Port

	Port Price		
Centers	8-Dec-16	1-Dec-16	
Kandla (FOR) (INR/MT)	25200	25500	
Kandla (FAS) (USD/MT)	374	375	

International Soy DOC				
Argentina FOB USD/MT	8-Dec-16	1-Dec-16	Change	
Soybean Pellets	331	327	4	
Soybean Cake Flour	331	327	4	
Soya Meal	339	335	4	
Soy Expellers	339	335	4	

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Sunflower (DOC) Rates	Ex-factory rates (Rs/ton)			
Centers	9-Dec-16	9-Dec-16 2-Dec-16 Change		
Adoni	17500	17500	Unch	
Khamgaon	NA	NA	-	
Parli	17600	17600	Unch	
Latur	17200	17200	Unch	

Groundnut Meal (Rs/MT)	9-Dec-16	2-Dec-16	Change
Basis 45%, Saurashtra	22500	23000	-500
Basis 40%, Saurashtra	20500	21000	-500
GN Cake, Gondal	23000	25000	-2000

Mustard DOC/Meal	9-Dec-16	2-Dec-16	Change
Jaipur (Plant delivery)	18000	19200	-1200
Kandla (FOR Rs/MT)	18500	19500	-1000
Sri Ganganagar	2235	2360	-125



### MSP for 2016/17 Kharif Oilseeds

The Cabinet Committee on Economic Affairs, chaired by the Prime Minister Shri Narendra Modi, has given its approval for Minimum Support Prices (MSPs) for Kharif Crops of 2016-17 season, the MSPs of all the Kharif oilseeds are raised for this season.

The MSP of Yellow Soybean is increased by 6.7% to Rs. 2775/Qtl (including Rs 100 bonus) for 2016-17 season from Rs.2600/Qtl in 2015-16, Groundnut -in- shell by 4.7% to Rs. 4220/Qtl (including Rs 100 bonus) from Rs 4030/Qtl, Sunflower seed by 3.9% to Rs 3950/Qtl (including Rs 200 bonus) from Rs 3800/Qtl, Nigerseed by 4.8% to 3825/Qtl (including Rs 100 bonus) from Rs 3650/Qtl and Sesamum by 6.4% to Rs 5000/Qtl (including Rs 200 bonus) from Rs 4700/Qtl.

### MSP for 2016/17 Rabi Oilseeds

The Cabinet Committee on Economic Affairs has approved the Minimum Support Prices (MSPs) for Rabi Oilseeds Crops of 2016-17 season are as follows: The MSP of Rapeseed/Mustard is raised (10.4%) by Rs. 350/Qtl to Rs. 3,700/Qtl from Rs. 3,350/Qtl earlier. For Safflower too it is increased (12.1%) by Rs. 400/Qtl to Rs. 3,700/Qtl from Rs. 3,300/Qtl in 2014-15. Further, to incentivize cultivation of oilseeds, the Cabinet has decided to give a bonus of Rs 100/- per quintal each for Rabi oilseeds including Rapeseeds/Mustards and Safflower, over and above the recommendations of the CACP.

#### Disclaimer

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