Executive Summary

Soybean, soy meal featured gains on lower oilseed planting pace and weak supplies in the cash market. Moreover, RM seed extended gains on buying support and easing mustard seed arrivals.

Soybean:

- Soybean featured gains on weak arrivals and slow pace of oilseed planting pace over central India.
 However, higher edible oils imports against need based demand limit the upside.
- Marginal recovery noticed in soybean planting during the week and planting has progressed to 19.50 lakh hectares, compared with 103.23 lakh hectares in the same period a year earlier.
- According to Ministry of Agriculture, seed demand of soybean is higher compared to quality seed availability. Total 27.32 lakh quintals seed of soybean available and 34.290 lakh quintals seed of soy required for Kharif 2014.

Soy meal:

- Soy meal rose in sync with soybean primarily in expectation of lower soybean planting in the current season but upside was capped by easing soy meal exports.
- India's soybean plantings have much behind schedule due to weak monsoon. If rains are not adequate in the growing region, it will deteriorate the yields; the situation is expected to limit the losses in meal to some extent for short-period.
- India's soy meal shipments during June 2014 was just 2636 tones as compared to 2,13,483 tones in the same period of previous year, a fall of 99%.

RM Seed:

- RM seed continued uptrend on supportive buying and declining supplies. The seed buying has improved on expected rise in edible oil demand for festivities in upcoming weeks.
- Cash markets in Rajasthan were inactive during the week in review owing to strike against VAT hike in different commodities, which affect the mustard supplies.

International Highlights

- As per Safras e Mercado, Brazil's soybean crop was 82 percent sold as of July 11 below compared to the last year of 84 percent but in line with the five-year average of soy sales. Final soybean crop estimate for 2013-14 pegged at 86.6 million tons.
- Port workers in Argentina's Rosario start an indefinite strike by CGT labor organization threatening the export of soybeans and corn. As per Abiove, Brazil is expected to export 44 million tons of soybeans in 2014, up one million tons from previous estimate. While, last year soybean exports were 42.8 million tons. As per trade ministry, Brazilian exports of soybeans eased in June to 6.9 million tons of soybeans in June v/s 7.6 million tons in May.
- Exports of Malaysian palm oil products for Jul. 1-15 rose 11.4 percent to 653,675 tons from 586,701 tons shipped during Jun. 1-15 - Societe Generale de Surveillance. India imported 1.19 lakh tons v/s 1.14 lakh tons from last month of the same period.
- MPOB Report's Highlights Malaysian palm oil inventories eased by 4.2 percent to 1.656 million tons in June compared to the last month due to lower palm oil production and better than expected palm oil & its derivatives exports. Malaysia's palm oil exports in June stood at 1.48 million tons, 5.7% higher from the previous month. On the production front, palm oil output fell by 5.45 percent to 1.596 million tons on m-o-m basis. Report was bullish for palm oil as market participants were expecting 1.75-1.80 MMT of palm oil inventories as of June.
- As per Indonesian agriculture ministry, Indonesia's crude palm oil production seen at 29.5 million tons in 2014, up 6.3 percent from last year. Palm oil Inventories in June ease to 2.1 million tons by 4.5 percent from a month earlier and 13 percent lower compared to year ago same period median of estimates from five plantation, industry executives and analysts compiled by Bloomberg shows.
- Overall, US soybean crop is reported under good condition. Soybean emergence, as on Jul. 6, is reported at 98% which is slightly above 98% during the same period last year. Soybean blooming is reported at 24% which is above 5 year average of 21% compared to the same period last year. Further, the crop is 57% and 15% in good to excellent condition respectively. The factors are bearish for the international soybean for short-term.

Oilseed Prices at Key Spot Markets:

Commodity / Centre	Prices (Rs/Qtl)				
Soybean	18-J	ul-14	11-J	ul-14	
	Low	High	Low	High	
Indore –Plant	3900	4100	4000	4100	Unch
Indore–Mandi	3800	4050	3700	4050	Unch
Nagpur-Plant	4200	4200	4100	4125	75
Nagpur – Mandi	3900	4100	3900	4100	Unch
Kota-Plant	4100	4100	3800	4000	100
Kota – Mandi	4000	4000	3800	4000	Unch
Bundi-Plant	4000	4000	3900	3950	50
Bundi-Mandi	4000	4100	3800	3900	200
Baran-Plant	3900	3900	3600	3700	200
Baran-Mandi	3700	3800	3400	3600	200
Bhawani Mandi Jhalawar–Kota-Plant Delivery	3900	3900	3800	3900	Unch
Jhalwar-Mandi	Closed	Closed	3600	3900	-
Rapeseed/Mustard					
Jaipur-(Condition)	3685	3690	3615	3620	70
Alwar-(Condition)	3450	3450	3450	3500	-50
SriGanganagar-(Non-Condition-Unpaid)	3260	3260	3180	3185	75
New Delhi–(Condition)(New Crop)	3590	3590	3515	3520	70
Kota-Non-(Condition)	3100	3200	3050	3100	100
Agra-(Condition)	3825	3850	3750	3775	75
Neewai	3480	3480	3400	3410	70
Hapur (UP)(New Crop)	3650	3650	3540	3550	100
Groundnut Seed					
Rajkot	780	780	790	790	-10
Sunflower Seed					
Gulbarga	Closed	Closed	3051	3303	-
Latur	2090	3405	2900	3100	305
Sholapur(New Crop)	3650	3650	3550	3600	50
Sesame Seed					
Mumbai (White98/2/1	11500	11500	11100	11100	400

Soybean Prices are in INR/Qtl. Mandi prices – Loose, Mustard Seed Prices are in INR/Qtl.C –Condition (42%), *Groundnut seed in Rs/20 kg, Sunflower Seed in Rs/Qtl



Oilseed Arrivals in Key Centers:

Commodity	Centre	Arrivals	Change	
		Week End (18/7/2014)	Week End (11/7/2014)	
	Madhya Pradesh	99000	128000	-29000
	Maharashtra	56500	17500	39000
Soybean	Rajasthan	99000	125000	-26000
	Bundi (Raj)	800	1000	-200
	Baran (Raj)	9200	7500	1700
	Jhalawar (Raj)	1300	2600	-1300
Rapeseed/Mustard	Rajasthan	430000	465000	-35000

Progress of Sown Area – Kharif Oilseeds, India

As per the official *kharif oilseeds* planting (week ending 17 Jul 2014), the area coverage under *Kharif* oilseeds is reported at 38.07 lakh hectares, down 72.10% from 136.56 lakh ha previous year. Of the major oilseeds, soybean sowing is reported down by 81.1% compared to the same period last year.

Сгор	As on 17 Jul 2014	As on 17 Jul 2013	% Change
Groundnut	15.21	26.87	-43.4
Soybean	19.50	103.23	-81.1
Sunflower	0.68	1.24	-45.2
Sesamum	1.95	4.11	-52.6
Niger	0.02	0.24	-91.7
Castor	0.71	0.87	-18.4
Total Oilseeds	38.07	136.56	-72.1

(Area in lakh hectares) Source: GOI



21 Jul 2014

Soybean-Preliminary Production Estimates & Weather

		Δ	Area in M	n Ha.		Production in Mln T	Production Estimate Under Normal Condition 2014- 15	Revised Production Estimate Considering Deficit Rainfall for 2014- 15	Rainfall (mm) foi to 1	r The Period 10.07.14	01.06.14
State	200 9	2010	2011	2012	2013	5 Yr Avg Prod.			% Departure	Actual Rain (mm)	Normal Rain (mm)
Madhya Pradesh	5.30	5.52	5.73	5.81	6.26	6.10	7.26	6.51	-74.00	48.10	187.00
Maharashtra	3.03	2.60	3.06	3.21	3.87	3.60	4.49	3.80	-68.00	83.30	262.60
Rajasthan	0.71	0.69	0.90	0.99	1.06	1.00	1.23	0.91	-74.00	30.70	117.10
Andhra Pradesh	0.18	0.14	0.16	0.20	0.28	0.20	0.33	0.30	-55.00	92.70	204.00
Karnataka	0.23	0.18	0.22	0.20	0.25	0.20	0.29	0.25	-35.00	94.70	143.70
Chattisgarh	0.13	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.16	0.10	0.18	0.14	-41.00	136.60	301.00
Gujarat	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.09	0.10	0.11	0.00	-93.00	17.80	239.10
Rest of India	0.09	0.02	0.12	0.05	0.06	0.10	0.07	0.06	India		
G.Total	9.67	9.30	10.33	10.69	12.03	11.4	13.95	12.10	-43.00	142.60	261.60

Planting Progress: Current: 7.86 lha. Last year by this time: 83.5 lha.

Soybean

Soybean featured gains on weak arrivals and slow pace of oilseed planting pace over central India. However, higher edible oils imports against need based demand limit the upside.

Marginal recovery noticed in soybean planting during the week and planting has progressed to 19.50 lakh hectares, compared with 103.23 lakh hectares in the same period a year earlier.

Good rainfall forecast over central India in the next few days may support the sowing prospects but the deficit rainfall in the current season is likely to affect the kharif oilseeds output.

As per trade sources. Maize acreage may shift to soybean in some pockets of Madhya Pradesh as soybean needs lesser water and the window for soybean sowing is open up to 25 July.

According to Ministry of Agriculture, seed demand of soybean is higher compared to quality seed availability. Total 27.32 lakh quintals seed of soybean available and 34.290 lakh quintals seed of soy required for Kharif 2014.

The farmers are already facing problem getting good quality beans for seeding which are expensive in the market this season. This is due to the crop damage in Madhya Pradesh last crop season. There is a scarcity of good quality beans much needed for planting this season.

Overall, US soybean crop is reported under good condition. Soybean emergence, as on Jul. 6, is reported at 98% which is slightly above 98% during the same period last year. Soybean blooming is reported at 24% which is above 5 year average of 21% compared to the same period last year. Further, the crop is 57% and 15% in good to excellent condition respectively. The factors are bearish for the international soybean for short-term.

US soybean plantings has reached a record 34.3 Mln ha which is 11% higher compared to the last season.

The soybean prices are reeling under pressure. The prices are to feature range-bound movement with weak bias on global supply scenario, in coming weeks.



Soy meal

Soy meal rose in sync with soybean primarily in expectation of lower soybean planting in the current season but upside was capped by easing soy meal exports.

US soybean area is reported record high this season above 34 Mln Ha which is 11% higher compared to previous season.

The weather in US mid-west is favorable for the recently planted soybean and if the situation remains conducive US is likely to produce record soybeans in 2014-15.

However, India's soybean plantings have much behind schedule due to weak monsoon. If rains are not adequate in the growing region, it will deteriorate the yields; the situation is expected to limit the losses in meal to some extent for short-period. However, diverted demand of international buyers towards South-America due to their competitive meal prices continues to remain a negative factor for the meal of Indian origin.

On the export front, India's soy meal shipments during June 2014 was just 2636 tones as compared to 2,13,483 tones in the same period of previous year, a fall of 99%.

Overall sentiments soy meal remained poor all across the world due to higher global soybean production in 2014.

On a financial year basis, the export during first quarter of current financial year i.e. April 2014 to June 2014 is 0.87 Lac tonnes as compared to 4.11 Lac tones in the same period of previous year showing a decrease of 78.91%.

During current Oil year, (October-September), total exports during October 2013 to June 2014 stood at 20.51 Lac tones as against 30.08 Lac tones in the same period of previous year, showing a decrease by 31.81%.

The soy meal prices are expected to gains on weak soybean supplies, likely improvement in the domestic demand from poultry feed industry and scarcity of quality beans for seeding this season.

Preference of the soy meal of Indian origin mainly by the South-East countries due to logistic and freight advance and demand for non-GMO meal will continue to lend support to the domestic soy meal. During the current Oil year Iran, Japan, Europe, Thailand, Vietnam, Indonesia and South Korea are the major destinations for Indian soy meal exports.

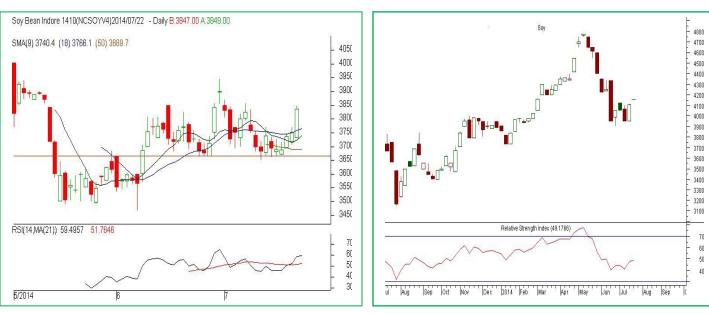
AW AGRIWATCH

Recommendation: FOR Kandla exports price (Aug delivery) was quoted higher between Rs 38,000-39,075/MT compared to Rs 33,000-34,000/MT during the same period last year. Indian meal exporters are advised to market their meal to the countries in vicinity including traditional South and Far-East Asian destinations and Iran. Indian soy meal faces price competition from South American soy meal due to new crop soybean supplies. India is into the period of lower exports considering seasonality. The domestic meal prices are likely to feature steady to firm tone during in near-term. FOR, Kandla is expected to feature range bound movement with firm bias and the quotes will range between 39,050-39,400 levels in the upcoming week.

Soybean Spot, Indore

Technical Analysis:

NCDEX Soybean Futures-Weekly Chart



*Note: Daily Chart

Support & Resistance NCDEX Soybean – Oct contract							
S2	S1	PCP	R1	R2			
3650	3700	3837	3910	3950			

- > Weekly soybean candlestick chart pattern reveals fall in the prices.
- > Prices closed below 9-day and 18-day EMA.
- > RSI and stochastic are rising in neutral zone.
- > MACD is easing in positive territory.
- > The prices are expected to feature gain in coming week.
- Trade Recommendation (NCDEX RM SEED Aug) Week: Buy above 3800 for a Target –3885; T2-3900; SL -3749.

Trade Recommendation soybean spot: Soybean prices are expected to recover on likely gains in international market and sharply lower supplies. The prices are likely to recover and will be in the band of 4150-4280 levels (Indore, Plant basis) during the week.

Rapeseed - Mustard Seed

RM seed extended gains on improved buying followed by easing supplies during the week under review. Good demand from oil millers and lower oilseed planting pace spur the bullish sentiments

As per sources, cash markets in Rajasthan were inactive during the week in review owing to strike against VAT hike in different commodities, which affect the mustard supplies. Mustard seed likely to trade steady to firm tone in the coming days owing to slow stock offloading by farmers and good demand for mustard oil.

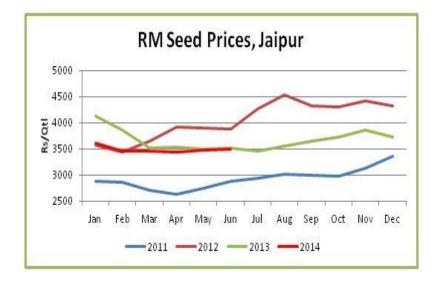
Further, as discussed, Indonesia has slashed the export tax to 10.5 percent for July from 12 percent in April thru June. Currently, CPO August contract, at Bursa Malaysia Derivative is hovering at MYR 2380 per tons.

Besides, Malaysia lowered the exports tax from 5.5 per cent during April-June to 5 per cent for July. The factors are favoring India's palm oil imports.

However, the recent monthly MPOB data released on 11 July, remained mixed for the BMD CPO. Malaysian palm oil inventories eased by 4.2 percent to 1.656 million tons in June compared to the last month due to lower palm oil production and better than expected palm oil and its derivatives exports. Malaysia's palm oil exports in June stood at 1.48 million tons, 5.7% higher from the previous month.

As per SEA of India, current stock of edible oils as on 1st July, 2014 at various ports is estimated at 525,000 tons (CPO 260,000 tons, RBD Palmolein 60,000 tons, Degummed Soybean Oil 65,000 tons and Crude Sunflower Oil 140,000 tons) and about 960,000 tons in pipelines. Total stock, both at ports and in pipelines increased to 1,485,000 tons from 1,420,000 tons in previous months.

Overall, the RM seed prices will feature gains ahead upcoming fresh edible oil demand and weak supplies.



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Technical Analysis:

NCDEX RM Seed Futures





Support & Resistance NCDEX RM Seed - Aug contract						
S2	S1	PCP	R1	R2		
3558	3585	3658	3710	3728		

*Note: Daily Chart

- > The RM seed prices featured gains, during the week.
- > The prices closed above 9-day and 18-day EMA.
- > RSI and stochastic are rising in the neutral territory.
- > MACD is rising in the positive territory.
- > Prices are expected to feature gains in near-term.
- Trade Recommendation (NCDEX RM SEED Aug) Week: Buy above 3630 for a Target –3675; T2-3685; SL -3603.

Trade Recommendation RM Seed Spot (Jaipur basis): In spot, the RM seed prices are expected to feature gains on improved buying at the current levels. Prices of seed are expected to be in the range between 3700-3780 levels during the week.



Annexure

Progress of Sown Area – Rabi Oilseeds, India

As per the official *Rabi* oilseeds planting (week ending 13 Mar 2014), the area coverage under Rabi oilseeds is reported at 93.01 lakh hectares, up 2.4% from 90.8 lakh ha previous year. Of the major oilseeds, rapeseed/mustard seed sowing is reported up by 6.0% compared to last year.

Сгор	Apr 2014	Apr 2013	% Change
Rapeseed/Mustard	71.38	67.48	5.8
Groundnut	10.8	11.01	-1.9
Safflower	1.79	1.5	19.3
Sunflower	4.45	5.33	-16.5
Sesamum	4.54	2.94	54.4
Linseed	3.61	3.38	6.8
Others	0.49	0.69	-29.0
Total Oilseeds	97.06	92.33	5.1

(Area in lakh hectares) Source: GOI

Kharif MSP

Government on increased minimum support price (MSP) of Groundnut Seed and Sunflower seed by Rs 50 and Sesamum, Niger seed by Rs 100 a quintal. However, the MSP of soybean and groundnut seeds remained unchanged at Rs 2500-60 and Rs 4000 a quintal respectively this season.

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