

# Oilseeds Weekly Research Report

#### Contents

- **\*** Executive Summary
- Outlook Cash Market
- \* AW Oilseeds Index
- International Highlights
- Planted Area
- ❖ Soybean Domestic & International
- Soy meal
- \* Technical Analysis Soybean
- \* Rapeseed Mustard
- \* RM Seed Supply, Rajasthan
- Technical Analysis RM Seed
- **Annexure Prices etc.**





## **Executive Summary**

Soybean and soy meal featured steady to slightly weak on expected boost in the domestic 2016/17 soybean production and likely record soybean production in US, the largest soybean producing country.

The domestic and US soybean crop is under development phase and the crop condition is good compared to the previous season.

However, rapeseed-mustard extended the rally on persistent good buying support from millers, to meet the fresh mustard oil demand during monsoon and upcoming festivities.

The domestic soybean and meal are expected to feature range-bound movement with weak on expectation of bias on improved enquiries for soy meal in the cash market.

Rapeseed-mustard will extend gains in near to medium-term after some correction in July, on fresh miller's demand to meet the upcoming mustard oil demand in near to medium-tem.



## Outlook - Cash Market

**Outlook - Soybean (Spot, Indore):** Expectation of boost in the soybean production this season, weak soy meal exports, higher inventories in edible oils, lower crude will pressurize the domestic soybean to some extent. The prices are expected to feature range bound movement and witness 3600 – 3675 levels (Indore, Plant basis).

**Outlook – Soy meal:** Expectation of higher crushing on likely good soybean production on better distribution of seasonal rainfall in the key soybean domestic regions and weak soy meal exports has pressured the soy meal market. Indian meal exporters are advised to explore new markets and aggressively try to regain the lost markets of peak exports season especially traditional South and Far-East Asian destinations including Japan in the upcoming season. The domestic meal prices are likely to feature range bound movement in near-term. Soy meal, Indore is expected to be in the range of 33,300 – 33,000/MT levels during the week.

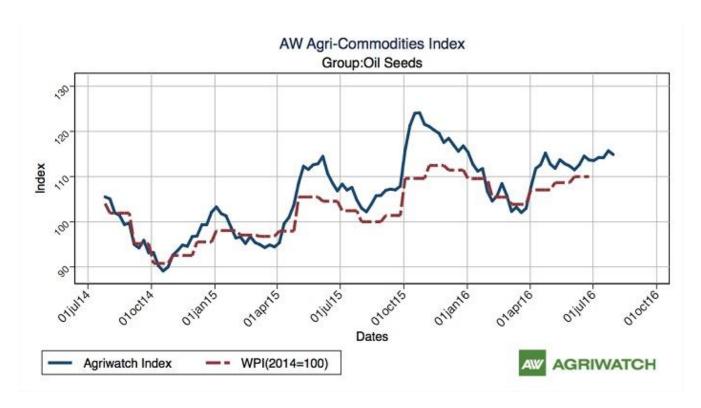
**Outlook - Rapeseed-Mustard (Spot, Jaipur basis)**: Strong sentiments on continued good miller's buying to meet the fresh mustard oil demand during monsoon and upcoming festivities will push up the seed prices. The seed prices are likely to be between 5185 – 5235; levels during the week.



## AW Oilseeds Index - 31 July 2016

The Agriwatch Agri Commodities Index dipped 0.64% to 120.70 during the week ended July 30, 2016 from 121.47 during the previous week, led by easing in prices of pulses, cereals and cotton. The base for the Index and all sub-Indices is 2014 (= 100).

In the commodity group sub-index, Oilseeds Index stood at 114.87 (-0.73%) week-on-week.



<sup>&</sup>quot;Agriwatch has recently launched its AW Agri Commodity Indices to enable organizations access independent Indices to track and use to benchmark their purchases and sales. The Indices are based on the daily prices in the key benchmark markets for each commodity that AW has been covering for the past decade. The indices include an Aggregate Index, Category Indices and individual commodity indices. The weekly indices are free to access on our website www agriwatch.com. The daily indices are available on subscription. Please contact for more details."



## International Highlights

- ❖ The US soybean crop is blooming at 85% which is up from 78% during the corresponding period last year and also up from 5 year average of 79%. About 54% soybean is setting pod which is up from 48% during the corresponding period last year and also up from 5 year average of 44%.
- Also about 72% of the newly planted US soybean crop is under good to excellent conditions which is up from
   63% during the same period last year, reported in the US crop progress report dated 31 July 2016.
- ❖ In the June USDA acreage report, US soybean planted area for 2016 is estimated at a record high 83.7 million acres, up 1 percent from last year. Area for harvest, at 83.0 million acres, is also up 1 percent from 2015 and will be a record high if realized. Record high planted acreage is estimated in Michigan, Minnesota, New York, North Dakota, Ohio, Pennsylvania, and Wisconsin.
- ❖ The Argentina's government has raised its 2015/16 soybean crop to 58 million tonnes from its previous forecast of 57.6 million tonnes followed by faster than expected recovery of area considered lost to floods hit area in Argentina.
- Rosario Gains Exchange have revised its forecast for Argentina's 2015/16 soybeans up to 55.3 million tonnes from 55 million tonnes previously. This is despite severe crop damage after flood in April.
- ❖ Argentina has lost around 3.7 4.0 million tonnes of soybean due to flood and storm in April. Besides, an additional 1 million tonnes have been reported in quality damage, reported a concerned government official. In the official figure Argentina's soybean production is estimated to decline to 57.6 million tonnes from 61.4 million tonnes.
- INTL FC Stone has slashed the Brazil's 2015-16 production by 1 million tonnes to 96.5 million tonnes, in its recent. Besides, Informa has lowered the Brazil's and Argentina's 2015/16 soybean production from 100.5 vs 100.1 mln t and 55.0 vs 59.5 mln t respectively.
- Abiove has trimmed Brazil's 2015/16 soybean crop to 96.6 million tonnes (during Feb. Jan.) from 97.3 million projected earlier. It has lowered Brazil's soybean exports estimate to 53 million tonnes from 53.8 million tonnes Brazil had shipped 54.3 million tonnes in previous season.



- Informa Economics has lowered its forecast for US 2016 soybean planting to 84.0 million acres from its previous estimate of 85.23 million acres. However, the area is higher compared to 82.7 million acres planted in 2015.
- World supplies of soybeans are likely to increase sharply by 19 Mn T in 2015/16, despite a global prospective production decline by 3 Mn T, leading to another above-average increase in soybean crushings, reports Oil World.
- Agroconsult has projected Brazil's 2016/17 area under soybean higher by 600,000 hectares. The consultant has projected Brazil's 2015/16 soybean production at 101.7 million tonnes in its final estimate.
- Conab, the Brazil government's crop supply agency, has raised Brazil's 2015/16 soybean crop to a record 101.18 million tonnes, which is up from 100.93 million tonnes from its previous estimate in February followed by increase in planted area and yields.
- FCStone has increased Brazil's 2015/16 soybean production forecast to 98.6 million tonnes from 98 million tonnes in its previous estimates.
- Again, Informa has raised its forecast for Brazil's 2015/16 soybean production in its monthly report to 101.3 million tonnes from 100.5 million tonnes last month.
- However, it has lowered Argentina's 2015/16 soybean production forecast to 59.0 million tonnes from 60.0 million tonnes in February.
- Brazil's Congress has passed a bill that will increase the country's biodiesel blend from its current 7% to 10% over the next three years.
- AgRural has increased its forecast for Brazil's 2015/16 soybean to 99.7 million tonnes from 98.7 million after beneficial rains.
- Rosario Grains Exchange has raised Argentina's 2015/16 soybean production forecast to 59 million tonnes from 58.5 million tonnes in its earlier estimates. The increase is due to the higher than expected yield in the major growing belts.
- CRF reported that Argentina's soybean production is nearing last year's record of around 61 million tonnes. It also projected Paraguay 2015/16 soybean production at record 9.7 million tonnes which is above USDA's estimate of 8.8 million tonnes.





- However, according to the estimates by the government agency, Argentina's 2015/16 soybean production is estimated near 60 MMT which is below last year production of 61.4 MMT.
- China is forecast to import 85 million tonnes of soybeans in 2016/17, up from the prior season, however, higher inventories is expected to limit the rise in buying.
- China National Grain and Oils Information Center (CNGOIC), said in the IGC grain conference that the country's soybean imports were expected to reach 82 million tonnes in the 2015/16 year on an October-September season compared to 78.35 million tonnes during the corresponding period in 2014/15.
- Global palm oil production will fall by almost 3.00 million tons in September 2016. Indonesia's palm oil output estimate is cut by 1.2 million tons. Malaysia's palm oil production estimate is cut by 1.5 million tons to 18.4 million tons. Consumers will get relief from July 2016. Palm oil stock buildup will possibly start from September 2016.

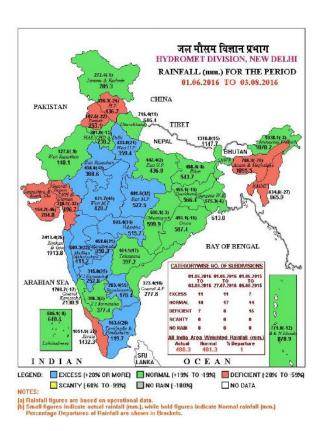


### IMD Monsoon Forecast and Current Rainfall Status

In the IMD's Operational 2<sup>nd</sup> stage Long Range forecast for the 2016:

- ➤ Rainfall over the country as a whole for the 2016 southwest monsoon season (June to September) is most likely to be **above normal** (>104% to 110% of long period average (LPA).
- ➤ Quantitatively, monsoon season rainfall for the country as a whole is likely to be 106% of the long period average with a model error of ±4%.
- ➤ Region wise, the season rainfall is likely to be 108% of LPA over North-West India, 113% of LPA over Central India, 113% of LPA over South Peninsula and 94% of LPA over North-East India all with a model error of ± 8 %.
- $\triangleright$  The monthly rainfall over the country as whole is likely to be 107% of its LPA during July and 104% of LPA during August both with a model error of  $\pm 9$  %.

The event should boost the yield and subsequently production this season, as the kharif oilseeds are rain-fed.





## Soybean

The domestic soybean fell on expectation of higher production and bearish global supply scenario during the week under review.

The crop health of the newly planted soybean is under development stage and in good condition across the key growing regions. The growth or the plant size varies from 20 cm to 1.5 feet, pockets with plants with smaller size indicate replanting after crop damage due to heavy rains.

Heavy to very heavy rains are reported in key soybean growing belts of Madhya Pradesh, Maharashtra and Rajasthan. The soybean crop is under development phase in the key growing regions and no crop damage reported after re-sowing in few parts of the belts initially.

There is a need of clear weather and sunny days ahead, after heavy rains, which will help boost the crop health

Heavy to very heavy rains are reported in the key soybean growing belts and there are no fresh reports of crop damage, disease to the developing crop.

The overall rainfall over Madhya Pradesh, Maharashtra and Rajasthan is still reportedly much higher than the normal rains.

IMD in its weekly Southwest monsoon progress report has reported India's actual rainfall at 488.3 mm against the normal 481.3 mm and departure stands at 1% till 03 August 2016.

In West Madhya Pradesh, the departure of Southwest monsoon has improved to normal by +45%, actual rains is reported at 621 mm vs 428.7 mm normal till 03 August 2016 by IMD. Vidarbha reported the departure of +34%, actual rains 693.4 mm vs 515.7 mm normal. Marathwada reported the departure of +31% with actual rains of 459.6 mm vs 350.3 mm, East Rajasthan reported a departure of +42% with actual rains 438.8 mm vs 308.6 mm normal.

Better seasonal/monsoon rains this season is expected to boost the soybean production.

The area coverage under soybean, as on 27th July, is reported up 3% at 109.16 lakh hectares which has surpassed the previous year's figure of 106.27 lakh hectares at the same period last year.

Crop	As on 29 Jul 2016	As on 29 Jul 2015	% Chg.
Groundnut	38.57	28.70	34.4
Soybean	109.16	106.27	2.7
Sunflower	1.28	0.56	128.6
Sesamum	9.42	10.90	-13.6
Others	1.35	1.55	-12.9
Total Oilseeds	159.78	147.98	8.0

The total sown area under *kharif* oilseeds, as on 27th July, has surpassed the previous year's level which is up by 8% at 159.78 lakh hectares compared to 147.98 lakh hectares during the corresponding period last year.





India's total area under soybean in 2015 was 116.4 lakh hectares which was higher by 5.8% from 2014.

We expect India's area under soybean in 2016 to be near 2015 level at 116 lha.

The major buyers in Madhya Pradesh are as follows: Amrit Mandsaur, Ambika Joara, ABIS Rajnandgaon, Laxmi Solvex, Sanwariya – Itarasi, SSA Mandideep, Bansal, Khandwa Oil, Ruchi, Agrawal Neemuch, Betul Oil, Prakash, Bajrang, Prestige, Ambuja, Prakash, Sitashri, Divya Jyoti, Avi Agro, Rama Sitashri Vippy, Kriti, Mahakali, Mahalaxmi, Dhanuka, Khyati, Premier, Dhan Laxmi, Dhanuka Soy, Indian Solvent (ABIS) and Advantage Overseas (10-2-2 specification) for Dewas and Mandsaur delivery during the week.

The domestic soybean prices are likely to gradually move up on likely fall in the area and expected better soy meal export sale in the new season. However, likely higher soybean production on good seasonal rainfall this season, current lower soy meal exports, higher edible oil inventory after huge imports in previous months, lower crude and bearish domestic fundamentals will limit the gains in near-term.

#### International:

The international soybean fell primarily on expected record crop production with improved planted area and easing dry weather concern in the Midwest.

Further, fall in crude which is around US \$ 42/bbl limited the gains in the international soybean.

The US soybean crop is under development phase and it is under better conditions. The CBOT soybean is mainly reacting on crop weather forecast which remained changing in previous days.

In the US weekly export sales report, the net sales of soybean were reported noticeable down at 1,400 tons, compared to previous week and from the prior 4 week average.

Increases were reported for China who bought about 226,300 MT including 198,000 MT switched from unknown destinations during the week, registering the reduction in imports week-on-week.

The US soybean crop is blooming at 85% which is up from 78% during the corresponding period last year and also up from 5 year average of 79%. About 54% soybean is setting pod which is up from 48% during the corresponding period last year and also up from 5 year average of 44%.

Also about 72% of the newly planted US soybean crop is under good to excellent conditions which is up from 63% during the same period last year, reported in the US crop progress report dated 31 July 2016.

The USDA reported that US oilseeds processors crushed 4.624 million tonnes of soybean during June which is down from 4.826 million processed in May.

However, the figure is higher compared to 4.549 million tonnes crushed during the corresponding period last year and it is close to the market expectation of 4.626 million.

USDA has reported that US has exported around 45.56 million tonnes of soybean since 1 September 2015 against the projected target of 48.85 million tonnes.





US soybean exports were initially slow in 2015/16 marketing year, but the exports improved in the second half of the marketing season.

The US soybean exports in July itself doubled compared to the corresponding period last year.

FCStone has projected US 2016 soybean production at 4.054 billion bushels, which will be a record production, with estimated yield of 48.8 bushels per acre.

However, USDA has pegged US soybean harvest at 3.88 billion bushels with the yield of 46.7 bpa.

Informa Economics has forecast U.S. 2016 soybean production at 3.89 billion bushels with a yield of 46.9 bushels per acre.

Brazil's 2016/17 soybean area is forecast at 33.54 million hectares, up 1% from 2015/16. Further, Brazil's 2016/17 soybean production is forecast at record 100.6 million tonnes, up from 95.6 million tonnes recorded in 2015/16 by AgRural.

Brazil's 2016/17 (Feb. – Jan.) soybean exports are estimated to ease by 1% to 52.5 million tonnes according to the report by Safras & Mercado.

Safras had forecasted Brazil's 2016/17 soybean crop production at 103.4 million tonnes, up from 97.15 million tonnes projected for this season.

FCStone has pegged Brazil's soybean exports lower by 2.4% at 53 million tonnes in 2015/16 compared to 54.32 million tonnes in 2014/15. The fall cited due to the surge in the local prices has consequently reduced the competitiveness in the international market.

Brazil has shipped about 7.76 million tonnes of soybean in June down from 9.92 million tonnes in May and 9.81 million tonnes during the corresponding period last year.

Informa Economics has slashed Brazil's 2015/16 soybean crop to 98.5 million tonnes from 100.1 million tonnes in May.

Conab has slashed Brazil's 2015/16 soybean crop estimate to 95.57 million tonne from 95.6 million tonnes previously estimated. It has cut the production estimates due to crop damage on hot and dry weather in Northeastern part of the country.

Abiove has trimmed Brazil's 2015/16 soybean crop to 96.6 million tonnes (during Feb. – Jan.) from 97.3 million projected earlier. It has lowered Brazil's soybean exports estimate to 53 million tonnes from 53.8 million tonnes Brazil had shipped 54.3 million tonnes in previous season.

Argentina's Agriculture Ministry has once again raised the country's 2015/16 soybean production estimate in July to 58.8 million tonnes from 58 million tonnes forecasted earlier.

The increase is cited due to the lower than expected crop damage due to flood. Argentina's soy oil and soy meal shipments are hit due to storm and flooding in the key farm regions, which consequently lead to the boast in US soy exports.





08 Aug. 2016

Argentina has shipped 31.2 million tonnes of soybean from March thru July 2016 compared to 36.5 million during the corresponding period in 2015, as reported by the agriculture ministry. It also reported that about 4.02 million tonnes of soybean were processed in June 2015 which is down by 11% compared to corresponding period last year.

Informa has kept its forecast of Argentina's 2015/16 soybean crop unchanged at 55.0 million tonnes.

Rosario Gains Exchange have revised its Argentina's forecast for 2015/16 soybeans up to 55.3 million tonnes from 55 million tonnes previously. This is despite severe crop damage after flood in April.

Argentina's soybean crop estimates are lowered between 52 million tonnes and 57 million tonnes from about 60 million by several analysts. This is after Argentina lost around 3.7 – 4.0 million tonnes of soybean due to flood and storm in April and additional 1 million tonne reported in quality damage.

The Buenos Aires Grains Exchange has reduced its harvest forecast and pegged Argentina's 2015/16 soybean production at 56 million tonnes.

China is forecast to import 85 million tonnes of soybeans in 2016/17, up from the previous season, however, higher inventories is expected to limit the rise in buying.

China National Grain and Oils Information Center (CNGOIC), said in the IGC grain conference that the country's soybean imports were expected to reach 82 million tonnes in the 2015/16 year on an October-September season compared to 78.35 million tonnes during the same period in 2014/15.

China's June soybean imports are reportedly down by 1.3% at 7.56 million tonnes compared to 7.66 million tonnes in May 2016 and were down 6.6% on the same month a year ago reported the General Administration of Customs of China.

However, the country's June vegetable oil imports are reported up 10.7% at 310,000 MT compared to May 2016.

Strong global soybean demand and fall in the South American supplies will boost the US soybean exports in Sep/Feb. 2016/17.

The international soybean prices are expected to feature range bound movement with firm bias on expected new crop orders from the major buyers. However, likely record US soybean crop, fall in crude will limit the gains. Besides, expected higher soybean crop on better monsoon this season in India, higher inventories of edible oils at Indian ports, poor soy meal shipments from India will limit the gains in the domestic soybean in near-term.



## Soy meal

The domestic soy meal remained flat on expectation of higher crushing with likely rise in the soybean production in 2016/17 season.

The market remains dull on weak export sales and there are no fresh activities in the market at buying front.

However, there is a good domestic demand for meal from poultry industry and feed manufacturers. However, export enquiries continued to be weak.

India's soy meal exports are expected to improve in the new season on expectation of better 2016/17 soybean crop production.

Further, soy meal edged-up in the in the international market too with investors short-covering followed by improving export demand for US soybean.

The August CBOT soy meal settled at US \$ 350 per short ton in the last week of July which was US \$ 404.2 per short ton on 1 July 2016.

The domestic soy meal prices at Indore, remained flat between the price band of 32,400 – 34,000 from previous week.

India's soy meal shipments continued to be weak and it is multi-year low, primarily on India's noncompetitive prices compared to the South American meal.

At Latur and Sangli, Maharashtra, soy meal was quoted at Rs 34,500/MT and Rs 36,000/MT respectively compared to Rs 33,200/MT in Indore and Rs 32,800/MT in Kota in the last week of July. The meal prices of the various centers of Maharashtra were at premium compared to the centers of Madhya Pradesh. This is due to the freight advantage for the South-Indian poultry units from Maharashtra over Madhya Pradesh.

India's export of soy meal and its other value added products during July 2016 is just 12,272 tons compared to 30,688 tons in July 2015 showing a decrease of 60% over the same period of last year.

On a financial year basis, the export during April'2016 to July'2016 is 52,906 tons as compared to 1,36,897 tons in the same period of previous year showing a decrease of 61%.

During current Oil year, (October – September), total exports during October 2015 to July, 2016 is 2,38,676 tons as against 6,86,525 tons last year, showing a decrease by 65.23%, as reported by SOPA.

Japan, USA, Myanmar, Kenya and South Korea remained the top buyers of soy meal of Indian origin in May.

Lower exports are mainly due to demand shift to South America. This is mainly due to the attractive offer price compared to India.

Brazil has exported about 1.57 million tonnes of soy meal in June against 1.93 million tonnes and 1.62 million tonnes during the same period last year. The figure reveals slow export pace due rains and disruptions at port.



08 Aug. 2016

In its June report, NOPA has reported that US soy meal exports declined to 682,500 tons in May from 769,035 tons in April, but stood significantly up from 551,146 tons recorded in May 2015.

USDA in its Augurst report said that the US soy meal inventories at the end of June stood at 281,038 tonnes which is down from 343,411 tonnes in May.

Oil world expects world production of soy meal to rise by about 6% to a record 163.8 Mn T in Jan/Sept 2016, allowing exports to improve by 3.2 Mn T or 7% under the lead of Argentina.

Indian meal prices have to be highly competitive against the South American and China's meal prices to regain the lost markets it lost in previous seasons.

Preference of the soy meal of Indian origin mainly by the South-East countries due to logistic and freight advantage and demand for non-GMO meal has lost the ground owing to much higher soy meal price of Indian origin compared to the South American meal. Iran, Japan, Europe, Thailand, Vietnam, Indonesia and South Korea were the major destinations for Indian soy meal exports, whose demand shifted to South America.

India's Y-o-Y soy meal prices, Indore, are higher. Soy meal Indore was quoted lower between Rs 33,000 – 33,500/MT during the week compared to Rs 28,300 – 29,000/MT during the corresponding period last year.

The soy meal prices are looking for a clear direction and will feature range-bound movement, in near-term.



#### Technical Analysis:

#### **NCDEX Soybean Futures**



#### Soybean Spot, Indore



\*Note: Daily Chart

Support & Resistance NCDEX Soybean - Oct. contract

<b>S</b> 1	S2	PCP	R1	R2
3431	3350	3573	3750	3844

- > Soybean couldn't sustain at higher levels and ended near previous week's close.
- Prices closed below 18-day EMA.
- > RSI is slightly rising in the neutral region while stochastic is falling in the neutral zone.
- > MACD is falling in the negative territory.
- ➤ The prices are expected to feature losses in the coming week.
- ➤ Trade Recommendation (NCDEX Soybean Oct.) Week: **SELL** Below 3593. Levels: T1 3573; T2-3535, SL 3653.



## Rapeseed - Mustard Seed

The domestic rapeseed-mustard extended the rally during the month under review. The gains are attributed to the active buying by the millers.

We expect continued good buying support in the seed from millers to meet upcoming festive mustard oil demand and improved demand in the same during monsoon in near-term.

Gains at BMD CPO during July too remained supportive for the domestic rapeseed-mustard.

BMD CPO (Malaysian palm oil) and edible oil imports determine domestic rapeseed-mustard prices.

The seed prices at bench mark, Jaipur are stronger by 14% and are ruling around Rs. 5,070 – 5,075 per quintal compared to Rs. 4455 – 4555 per quintal during the corresponding period last year.

The all India daily arrivals of the seed continued to ease and reported between 0.80 - 0.95 lakh bags compared to around 1.35 - 1.40 lakh bags during the corresponding period last month and 0.50 - 0.60 lakh bags during the corresponding period last year.

India's edible oil imports and inventories at ports are unchanged with consecutive second month fall in the edible oil imports especially the CPO.

The market is expecting India's bearish edible oil imports figure.

India's June edible oil imports rose 14.3 percent y-o-y to 11.59 lakh tons from 10.13 lakh tons in June 2015. Palm oil imports fell 17.3 percent y-o-y to 6.07 lakh tons y-o-y from 7.34 lakh tons in June 2015. CPO Imports fell by 27.3 percent y-o-y to 4.16 lakh tons from 5.71 lakh tons in June 2015. RBD palmolein imports rose by 28.4 percent y-o-y to 1.9 lakh tons from 1.48 lakh tons in June 2015.

Soy oil imports rose 150 percent y-o-y to 3.86 lakh tons from 1.54 lakh tons in June 2015. Sunflower oil imports rose by 40 percent y-o-y to 1.47 lakh tons from 1.05 lakh ton in June 2015. Rapeseed (Canola) oil imports fell by 10 percent y-o-y to 0.18 lakh tons from 0.20 lakh tons in June 2015, reported by Solvent Extractor's Association of India.

India's June edible oil stocks at ports and pipelines was almost unchanged m-o-m at 23.2 lakh tons from 23.3 lakh tons in May 2016. Stocks of edible oil at ports were at 878,000 tons (CPO 280,000 tons, RBD Palmolein 180,000 tons, Degummed Soybean Oil 300,000 tons, Crude Sunflower Oil 105,000 tons and 13,000 tons of Rapeseed (Canola) Oil) and about 1,442,000 tons in pipelines.

Malaysia has lowered August crude palm oil export duty to 5 percent from 6 percent in July. Tax is calculated at reference prices of 2,522.36 ringgit (\$639.38) per ton starting at 4.5 percent to a maximum of 8.5 percent above price of 2,250 ringgit.



08 Aug. 2016

Malaysia's July palm oil exports rose 15.4 percent to 1,283,050 from 1,111,413 tons in June. Top buyers were European Union at 260,908 tons (203,251 tons), China at 225,856 tons (134,675 tons), India at 199,580 tons (195,105 tons), Pakistan at 74,800 tons (69,560 tons) and United States at 41,000 tons (50,000 tons).

Values in brackets are figures of June 2016, reported by the cargo surveyor Societe Generale de Surveillance (SGS).

Outlook: The rapeseed-mustard will rebound after some correction on fresh demand in mustard oil during monsoon and upcoming festivities.



#### Technical Analysis:

#### **NCDEX RM Seed Futures**



#### RM Seed Spot, Jaipur



\*Note: Daily Chart

Support & Resistance NCDEX RM Seed - Sep. contract					
S1	S2	PCP	R1	R2	
4801	4750	4975	5104	5155	

- RM seed posted gains on buying support during the week.
- > Prices closed below18-day EMA.
- > RSI and stochastic are rising in neutral zone.
- > MACD is rising in negative territory.
- > The prices are expected to feature gains during the week.
- ➤ Trade Recommendation (NCDEX Rapeseed-Mustard Sep.) Week: **BUY** Above 4875. Levels: Target 4975; T2- 5030, SL 4815.



## Annexure

#### Oilseed Prices at Key Spot Markets:

Commodity / Centre		Prices (Rs/Qtl)			
Soybean	5-Au	5-Aug-16		29-Jul-16	
	Low	High	Low	High	
Indore -Plant	3680	3760	3700	3790	-30
Indore-Mandi	3450	3650	3475	3660	-10
Nagpur-Plant	3770	3800	3810	3850	-50
Nagpur – Mandi	3100	3500	3200	3600	-100
Latur – Mandi	3360	3610	3370	3618	-8
Kota-Plant	3500	3550	3400	3650	-100
Kota – Mandi	3400	3500	3300	3650	-150
Bundi-Plant	3500	3625	3600	3625	Unch
Bundi-Mandi	3525	3600	3580	3600	Unch
Baran-Plant	3450	3550	3500	3650	-100
Baran-Mandi	3350	3500	3400	3625	-125
Bhawani Mandi Jhalawar–Kota-Plant Delivery	Closed	Closed	3580	3600	-
Jhalwar-Mandi	Closed	Closed	3500	3600	-
Rapeseed/Mustard					
Jaipur-(Condition)	5180	5185	5070	5075	110
Alwar-(Condition)	4850	4900	4750	4800	100
SriGanganagar-(Non-Condition-Unpaid)	4350	4500	4250	4350	150
New Delhi-(Condition)(New Crop)	4970	4975	4780	4825	150
Kota-Non-(Condition)	4300	4400	4300	4500	-100
Agra-(Condition)	5300	5350	5200	5225	125
Neewai	4800	4850	4650	4700	150
Hapur (UP)(New Crop)	4750	4800	4725	4750	50
Groundnut Seed					
Rajkot	NA	NA	1350	1350	-
Sunflower Seed					
Gulbarga	3300	3350	3055	3354	-4
Latur	NA	NA	NA	NA	-
Sholapur(New Crop)	3650	3700	3650	3700	Unch
Sesame Seed					
Mumbai (White98/2/1	7550	7550	7600	7600	-50
					_

Soybean Prices are in INR/Qtl. Mandi prices - Loose, Mustard Seed Prices are in INR/Qtl.C -Condition (42%),



\*Groundnut seed in Rs/20 kg, Sunflower Seed in Rs/Qtl

#### Oilseed Arrivals in Key Centers:

Commodity	Centre	Arrivals in	Change	
		30th July to 5th August 2016	23rd July to 29th July 2016	
	Madhya Pradesh	132000	146000	-14000
	Maharashtra	81000	100000	-19000
Soybean	Rajasthan	49000	57000	-8000
	Bundi (Raj)	115	255	-140
	Baran (Raj)	7800	5300	2500
	Jhalawar (Raj)		2300	-
Rapeseed/Mustard	Rajasthan	215000	255000	-40000



### MSP for 2016/17 Kharif Oilseeds

The Cabinet Committee on Economic Affairs, chaired by the Prime Minister Shri Narendra Modi, has given its approval for Minimum Support Prices (MSPs) for Kharif Crops of 2016-17 season, the MSPs of all the Kharif oilseeds are raised for this season.

The MSP of Yellow Soybean is increased by 6.7% to Rs 2775/Qtl (including Rs 100 bonus) for 2016-17 season from Rs 2600/Qtl in 2015-16, Groundnut -in- shell by 4.7% to Rs 4220/Qtl (including Rs 100 bonus) from Rs 4030/Qtl, Sunflower seed by 3.9% to Rs 3950/Qtl (including Rs 200 bonus) from Rs 3800/Qtl, Nigerseed by 4.8% to 3825/Qtl (including Rs 100 bonus) from Rs 3650/Qtl and Sesamum by 6.4% to Rs 5000/Qtl (including Rs 200 bonus) from Rs 4700/Qtl.

### MSP for 2015/16 Rabi Oilseeds

The Cabinet Committee on Economic Affairs has approved the Minimum Support Prices (MSPs) for Rabi Oilseeds Crops of 2014-15 season to be marketed in 2015-16 as follows: The MSP of Rapeseed/Mustard is raised by Rs. 50/Qtl to Rs. 3100/Qtl from Rs. 3050/Qtl earlier. For Safflower too it is increased by Rs. 50/Qtl to Rs. 3050/Qtl from Rs. 3000/Qtl in 2013-14.

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