

Oilseeds Weekly Research Report

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Executive Summary

Soybean and meal continued uptrend consecutive 3rd week on supportive buying in bean by the oilseeds processors and good overseas demand in soy meal. However, weak sentiments featured in the rapeseed-mustard on higher supplies after good production.

Besides, rise in the oil recovery in the rapeseed-mustard by 2-3% across the key growing belt remained bearish for the seed.

The bean prices slightly edged-up and are moving within the price band of 2960 – 3110 levels which has kept the prices of by-products competitive including soy meal and oil.

India's soy meal exports are good better despite appreciation of INR against US dollar, but strong supplies from South America and their competitive price for soy along with strength in the currency may render India's meal exports noncompetitive.

Rapeseed-mustard arrivals continued to be strong and it is continuously pressuring the seed market.

The rapeseed-mustard prices will continue to remain under pressure and they are expected to slightly move lower from current levels in near-term. Also, soybean and meal will continue to reel under supply pressure in near to medium-term.



Outlook – Cash Market

Outlook - Soybean (Spot, Indore): The soybean prices slightly edged-up on buying support and strength in INR against US dollar and higher production will limit the gains. Further, record South American soybean supply outlook will continue to be pressurizing factor for the domestic soybean. The prices are expected to feature range bound movement between the price band of 2900–3100 level (Indore, Plant basis).

Outlook – Soy meal: Soy meal prices featured some gains in tandem with soybean. But, appreciation in INR against USD will render India's meal exports non-competitive in the international market. Indian meal exporters are advised to explore new markets and aggressively try to regain the lost markets of peak exports season especially traditional South and Far-East Asian destinations including Japan in the upcoming season. The domestic meal prices are likely to remain under supply pressure and feature range bound movement in near-term. Soy meal, Indore is expected to be in the range of 25,600– 26,000/MT levels during the week.

Outlook - Rapeseed-Mustard (Spot, Jaipur basis): The rapeseed-mustard is expected to remain under pressure but good buying support by the solvent extractors will limit the losses. Further, higher seed production after increase in the area under rapeseed this season, will limit the gains. The seed prices are likely to feature weakness and witness the levels between 3750 – 3850/Qtt; levels during the week.

International Highlights

- Brazil's 2016/17 soybean crop production is estimated up at 107.3 million tonnes compared to 104.6 million tonnes projected in February by Abiove.
- Brazil's 2017 soy shipments are projected at 59.8 million tonnes up from 58.7 million tonnes estimated in February.
- The Ministry of Agroindustry has slightly slashed Argentina's 2016/17 soybean area to 19.42 million hectares from 19.45 million projected in the previous estimated.
- The Buenos Aires Grains Exchange has projected Argentina's 2016/17 soybean production at 56.5 million tonnes which is up from its previous forecast of 54.8 million.
- Paraguay's 2016/17 soybean crop is projected more than 10 million tonnes, said the Agriculture Minister Juan
 Carlos Baruja. Paraguay is world's No.4 soybean exporter.
- Allendale has projected US 2017 soybean seeding up to 88.825 million acres from 83.433 million in 2016. The diversion is from corn acreage which is estimated lower to 90.018 million acres in 2017 from 94.004 million in 2016. The agency has also reduced the wheat planting area.
- If realized, Allendale's forecast for US soybean acreage would be highest on record.
- Informa too has raised the US 2017 soybean planting projection to 88.7 million acres from 88.647 million acres estimated in January.
- The agency has projected the US 2017/18 soybean production at 4.22 billion bushels with an average yield of 48.0 bushels per acre.
- Rosario Stock Exchange has raised its Argentina's 2016/17 soybean production estimate at record 56 million tonnes up from 54.5 million tonnes projected in January.
- USDA in its monthly demand and supply report projected Brazil's 2016/17 soybean production to a record 108 million tonnes up from 104 million estimated in its February report.
- Conab has once again raised Brazil's 2016/17 soybean crop production estimate 107.6 million tonnes which is up 2 million tonnes from its previous estimate in February 2017.
- The agency has projected Brazil's 2016/17 soybean exports at 59 million tonnes compared to 51.5 million tonnes in previous estimates.

- INTL FCStone have raised Brazil's 2016/17 soybean crop production estimate by 5 million tonnes to 109.7 million tonnes from its previous estimate and about 15 million tonnes from its previous season's estimate.
- The raise is attributed to higher yield potential on favourable weather.
- Brazil's 2016/17 soybean production is projected at 109.65 million tonnes compared to 105.02 million tonnes in February by Celeres.
- Besides, FC Stone has also increased the Brazil's 2016/17 soybean production estimate at 109.07 million tonnes, up by 15 million compared to the previous season. Record output yield potential this season is attributed to the rise in the production estimate.
- China, the world's largest soybean buyer, is now expected to import 87 million tonnes this year, up from the 86 million that USDA issued last month. This is an all-time high for the country, which imported 83.23 million tonnes of soybeans last year.
- USDA has projected China's 2016/17 soybean imports to 87 million tonnes in the monthly demand and supply report which is up from 86 million estimated in February report.
- The import volume is all-time high for China which imported 83.23 million tonnes in 2015/16.
- Chinese agribusiness group New Hope and Cargill are jointly installing soybean crushing unit in the China's Hebei province with a daily crush capacity of 50,000 tonnes.
- Brazil's 2016/17 soybean crop production is forecast at 105 million tonnes which is up from 95.4 million tonnes estimated in 2015/16 by Oil World.
- Brazil is expected to export around 52.3 million tonnes during February/August 2017 against 47.8 million tonnes in the corresponding period last year.
- Informa Economics has also raised its Brazil's 2016/17 soybean production estimate to 108 million tonnes from 106.5 million tonnes projected previously.
- Informa has projected Argentina's 2016/17 soybean crop at 55.0 million tonnes.
- US 2017 soybean seeding is seen up at 88 million acres compared to 83.4 million in 2016 while corn area is reduced to 90 million acres from 94 million in 2016, projected by USDA.

Sown Area – Rabi Oilseeds, India

In the official Rabi oilseeds planting report, by the Ministry of Agriculture, the total coverage area under Rabi oilseeds is reported at 84.35 lakh hectares, up 6.2% from 79.42 lakh ha in the corresponding period of last year. Of the major oilseeds, rapeseed-mustard sowing is reported up by 9.3% at 70.56 lha compared to 64.53 lha during the corresponding period of last year. Groundnut at 6.16 lha vs 5.96 lha, safflower at 0.95 lha vs 1.17 lha, sunflower at 1.69 lha vs 3.21 lha, sesamum 0.57vs0.71 and Linseed at 3.84 lha vs 2.93 lha during the same period last year.

		Area in Lakh Hectares		
Crop	2017	2016	% Change	
Rapeseed/Mustard	70.56	64.53	9.3	
Groundnut	6.16	5.96	3.4	
Safflower	0.95	1.17	-18.8	
Sunflower	1.69	3.21	-47.4	
Sesamum	0.57	0.71	-19.7	
Linseed	3.84	2.93	31.1	
Others	0.58	0.91	-36.3	
Total Oilseeds	84.35	79.42	6.2	

Source: MoA, GOI



Soybean

The domestic soybean featured mild gains on supportive buying by the oilseeds processors to cater the overseas soy meal demand, during the week under review.

As discussed, the volume of soy meal exports are expected ease in coming months. Seasonally India's soy meal exports are at high in volume during October thru February due to higher pace in crushing the bean.

But, the strength in INR against US dollar remained limiting factor as the Indian soy meal price has been out-priced in the international market with the rise of US \$ 20-30/ton.

Higher domestic soybean production subsequently improved soy meal production outlook will continue to limit the gains in bean. Slack in domestic soy meal offtake due to weak poultry demand and cheap soy oil imports too remained limiting factor.

The bean supplies have fallen week-on-week. About 20,000– 80,000 bags of soybean have arrived in the cash markets of Madhya Pradesh in a day against 10,000 – 45,000 bags during the corresponding period last year.

CACP has raised the recommendation of MSP for soybean to Rs 2,850 a quintal for the 2017-18 season, an increase of Rs 75. That for groundnut is recommended to be maintained at Rs 4,220 a quintal.

Currently, the bean prices are around the levels where they were at the time of harvest in October.

The major buyers in Madhya Pradesh are as follows: AmritMandsaur, AmbikaJoara, Agrawal Soy Dewas, Agrawal Neemuch, Adani, Agro Sol. Datia, Avi Agro, Bansal, Bajrang, Betul Oil, Dhanuka, DivyaJyoti, G. Ambuja, Itarsi, Indian Soya, Khandwa, Khyati, Kriti, K.P. Newari, Mahakali, M.S. Neemuch, Prakash, Oyster Exim, Prestige, Ruchi, Rama, RH Solvex, SSA Mandideep, Shanti Overseas, Sawariyaltarsi, Sitashri, Vippy (10-2-2 specification) for Dewas and Mandsaur delivery during the week.



Previous Update

Higher soybean supplies mean increase in crushing and eventually availability of more soy meal, which if not exported in time will lead to huge disparity in crushing.

India's domestic soy meal consumption is around 5 million tonnes and the production is expected to be 8 million tonnes, the surplus 3 million needs to be exported for the good crush market during the season.

The lower soy meal prices have increased the exports prospects which is expected to recover this season, after 3-years of weak soy meal exports of Indian origin. The oilseeds processors want the meal prices to be lower so that the soy meal exports window remains open for some more time, especially when India has produced higher soybean this season.

The soybean supplies continued to be higher not only in Madhya Pradesh but also in the key cash markets of Maharashtra and Rajasthan.

The domestic soybean prices are likely to feature range-bound movement with weak bias on strength in INR vs USD, weakness in international soybean, in near-to-medium-term.

International:

The benchmark CBOT soybean fell primarily on higher South American production outlook and forecast of higher US soybean planting in 2017.

At CBOT, the soybean, in the most active May contract, witnessed the prices at US \$ 9.45/bushel compared to US \$ 9.51/bushel last week.

Abiove has once again raised Brazil's 2016/17 soybean production forecast to 110.7 million tonnes, up 3.2% from the previous estimate released in March.

The agency has also raised Brazil's 2016/17 soybean exports forecast to 60.3 million tonnes, which is slightly above from its previous estimate by 0.8%.

Higher than expected soybean yields across Argentina could offset the losses in 1 million hectares lost due to drought and flooding this season, said Buenos Aires grains Exchange.

The exchange has estimated Argentina's 2016/17 soybean production at 56.5 million tonnes.

The Argentina's 2016/17 harvesting has advanced by 16% over the previous week to a total 32.3% of the total planted area. The harvesting window lasts from March to June.

EU soybean imports fell 5% by 25 April 2017 and registered imports of 10.9 million tonnes from 11.5 million tonnes during the corresponding period last season.

EU soy meal imports during Jul. – Jun. 2016/17 season stood at 14.4 million tonnes, down 14% from 16.7 million tonnes during the corresponding period last year.

NOPA member's soybean crush figures stood below expectations during March, this was yet another pressurizing factor for the international soybean.

AGRIWATCH

The National Oilseed Processors Association (NOPA) reported that its members processed 153.060 million bushels during March, down from 156.690 million bushels during the corresponding period last year and also below from market expectations.

The volume is higher compared to 142.792 million bushels crushed in February.

Previous updates:

Argentina's next season's soybean planting is expected to decline second consecutive year and shift to corn.

Oil World has raised their forecast of 2016/17 South American soybean production to a record 182.4 million tonnes which is up 16.9 million tonnes from the previous season.

The agency – Oil World has projected China's Oct/Sept 2016/17 soybean imports to 89.0 million tonnes, the figure is higher compared to the China's official figures which estimated the imports at 86.5 million tonnes during the same period.

Conab has increased the Brazil's 2016/17 soybean production estimate for the fourth time to 110.2 million tonnes, up 2.4% from its previous forecast in March.

The agency has raised the forecast for country's soybean shipments to 61 million tonnes, up from previous estimate of 59 million tonnes. It has also raised the domestic soybean consumption by 7% in the current season to 46.5 million tonnes.

China's 2016/17 soybean imports are projected up at 86.5 million tonnes compared to the previous forecast of 85.31 million tonnes, China's Ministry of Agriculture.

China's 2016/17 soybean utilization is estimated at 100.81 million tonnes compared to 99.87 estimated previously.

The country's soybean inventory deficit is estimated at 1.89 million tonnes down from deficit of 2.19 million estimated previously, said China's Ministry of Agriculture.

China's soybean imports in the first quarter stood at 19.52 million tonnes, up 20% from the corresponding period last year.

China's soy imports in January stood at 7.66 million tonnes and in February at 5.54 million tonnes, figures from the General Administration of Customs of China showed.

USDA has forecast that U.S. farmers would plant a record-high 89.5 million acres of soybeans in 2017 acres against 83.433 million planted in 2016.

If realized, this would be biggest to date, the average trade estimates stood at 88.2 million acres.

Argentina's 2016/17 soybean harvesting has picked-up the pace last week despite heavy rains, storm and floods in the west of Argentina , said Buenos Aires Grains Exchange.

The agency said that the farmers had harvested 5.9% of the soybean planted area. It has estimated Argentina's 2016/17 soybean production at 56.5 million tones.

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AgRural has raised Brazil's 2016/17 soybean production estimate to 111.6 million tones from 107 million tones in March, citing favourable weather conditions which boosted the productivity.

Brazil's soybean exports stood at 9.7 million tonnes in March, highest on record for March, according to Anec with record soybean productivity in 2016/17 season.

Anec is expecting Brazil's 2017 soybean exports at 60 million tones.

Brazil's 2016/17 soybean sales have estimated to have reached 46% (51.07 Mn T) of the total projected production as of first week of April, which is up from 57% of the historical average and 61% in the corresponding period last year, said the Safras& Mercado.

The consultancy has projected Brazil's 2016/17 soybean production at 115.5 million tonnes.

The USDA has reported U.S. soybean stocks as of March 1 at 1.735 billion bushels which is up 13% from the corresponding period last year and even above an average of trade expectations for 1.684 billion bushels.

USDA has projected US 2017 soybean plantings at record 89.5 million acres against 83.433 million planted in 2016.

If realized, this would be biggest to date, the average trade estimates stood at 88.2 million acres.

Informa Economics has once again raised Brazil's 2016/17 soybean production estimate at 111.0 million tonnes from 108.0 million previously projected.

The agency has also raised Argentina's 2016/17 soybean crop at 57.5 million tonnes from 55.0 million estimated in the previous forecast.

Brazil's 2016/17 soybean production is raised by Agroconsult and projected at record 113.3 million tonnes compared to 111 million tonnes estimated in early March.

The agency projected Brazil's 2017 soybean exports at 2017 at 61.4 million tonnes compared to 61 million tonnes estimated early March.

Brazil's 2017 soybean exports are projected at 61.4 million tonnes which is up 9.8 million tonnes from 2016 by Oil World.

The exports figure by the agency is above 59.8 million tonnes projected by Abiove – Brazilian vegetable oil industry association.

Oil World has projected Brazil's 2016/17 soybean production at 108.5 million tonnes compared to 95.43 million tonnes estimated for last year.

The international soybean prices are expected to feature range bound movement with weak-bias on record global supply scenario.



Soy meal

The domestic soy meal prices posted extended gains in tandem with soybean on continued overseas demand in meal.

India's soy meal prices have surged by over 6% (Rs 1500/MT) in during April.

The forward booking for soy meal is good while the domestic demand is weak due demand from poultry industry.

Slack in seasonal domestic soy meal demand remained a limiting factor. The poultry demand falls during summers across the country subsequently reducing the soy meal demand for feed.

Despite some gains, the current domestic meal prices are lower compared to the corresponding period last year.

India's soy meal exports have made commendable gains right from the beginning of new marketing season, October, the shipments remained weak for more than last three seasons.

Soy meal fell in international market, during the week, the May CBOT soy meal settled at US \$ 311.7 per short ton compared to US \$ 309.6 per short ton last week.

Brazil's harvesting is almost and Argentina's soybean crop harvesting is in full swing and the global bean supplies are strong.

The domestic soy meal prices at Indore, were quoted at Rs 25,200 - 26,000/MT compared to Rs 24,700 - 25,800/MT compared to previous week.

At Latur and Nanded, Maharashtra, soy meal witnessed steady to weak tone and were quoted at Rs 26,300/MT and 25,800/MT respectively compared to Rs 25,200/MT in Indore and Rs 26,200/MT in Kota.

Previous Updates

Despite strength in INR against US dollar, India has registered gains in the soy meal exports in the current season. The INR has appreciated by 5% in 2017 and it will eventually make India's soy meal exports prices unattractive.

India's soy meal exports registered gains, as expected, in March (y-o-y) by 579%. India's oilmeal exports in March edged up 42 percent from a year earlier to 150,773 tonnes as shipments of soy meal rose from the last year's upper base.

India is expected to produce 8 million tonnes of soy meal this season. Out of which 5 million tonnes will be consumed domestically but another 3 million must be shipped overseas, failing which, the disparity on crushing soybean will increase.

India's forward booking for soy meal are better than the corresponding period last year, further sharp fall in the export prices in recent weeks in soy meal have made the imports from India lucrative.

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Higher domestic soybean production in 2016/17 will eventually increase the soybean crushing which will further increase the availability in soy meal this season.

We expect India's soy meal exports to recover slightly in the new season with higher 2016/17 soybean production leading to higher crushing eventually increasing the meal supplies.

India's 2016/17 soy meal exports are expected to witness 3 year high and expected to jump 2 million tonnes from 2,61,051 exported last year, stated industry officials.

The exporters have contracted to ship around 500,000 tonnes soy meal for December-March delivery.

However, currently the domestic soy meal demand is sluggish due to weak demand from poultry owing to fall in poultry demand after demonetization.

India's soy meal and its other value added products (HS Code 2304) during March 2017 is 1,80,884 tons compared to 26,645 tons in March 2016 showing an increase of 578.85% over the same period of last year.

On a financial year basis, the export during April'2016 to March'2017 is 9,90,155 tons as compared to 3,87,298 tons in the same period of previous year showing an increase of 155.66%.

During current Oil year, (October – September), total exports during October 2016 to March 2017 is 9,14,423 tons as against 1,85,770 tons last year, showing an increase by 392.23%, as reported by SOPA.

Japan (33,779Tonnes), Bangladesh (31,850Tonnes), France (28,695Tonnes), Belgium (28,255Tonnes) and Germany (25,050Tonnes) remained the top buyers of the soy meal of Indian origin during the month of March 2017.

Recovery in exports is primarily due to drastic fall in the Indian soy meal prices making it price competitive to South America.

Indian meal prices need to be highly competitive against the South American and China's meal prices to regain the markets it lost in previous seasons.

Preference of the soy meal of Indian origin mainly by the South-East countries due to logistic and freight advantage and demand for non-GMO meal has once again recovered the lost ground but with stiff price competition against the South American meal. Iran, Japan, Europe, Thailand, Vietnam, Indonesia and South Korea were the major destinations for Indian soy meal exports, whose have once again started buying from India whenever the offer is attractive compared to South America.

India's Y-o-Y soy meal prices, Indore, are currently lower. Soy meal Indore was quoted lower between Rs 25,200 – 26,000/MT during the week compared to Rs 36,500– 38,700/MT during the corresponding period last year.

The soy meal prices are likely to feature range-bound movement with weak-bias on strength in INR against US dollar and higher domestic and international soybean production will limit the gains market, in near-term.

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Technical Analysis:

NCDEX Soybean Futures





*Note: Daily Chart

Support & Resistance NCDEX Soybean – May contract						
S1	S2	PCP	R1	R2		
2850	2800	2934	3180	3269		

- Soybean couldn't sustain the gains and fell on selling pressure, during the week.
- Prices closed below 18-day EMA.
- > RSI is easing in oversold region while stochastic is falling in the neutral zone.
- > MACD is rising in the negative territory.
- > The prices are expected to feature losses in the coming week.
- Trade Recommendation (NCDEX Soybean May) Week: SELL Below 3030. Levels: T1 2930; T2- 2880, SL -3090.

Rapeseed - Mustard Seed

The domestic rapeseed-mustard extended losses primarily on higher supply outlook after rise in the seed production this season.

Weakness in international palm oil and canola due to the steep fall in the rival - soy oil, the biggest edible oil traded in volume, globally too remained pressurizing factors for domestic rapeseed-mustard.

Higher 2016/17 seed production and eventually strong supplies in the physical market yards of the key producing states remained bearish for the market.

Further, higher recovery in oil by 2-3% is witnessed this season, which is again bearish for the seed.

The all India seed supplies were reported between 2.25 - 4.45 lakh bags in a day compared to around 4.44 - 5.0 bags a day, previous week. The supplies were 3.65 - 4.5 lakh bags a day during the corresponding period last year.

As expected the seed arrivals are gradually easing from its peak and the in the states of Rajasthan, Madhya Pradesh, Haryana, Punjab and Uttar Pradesh. The traders have partially switched to wheat trade.

The new crop seed fell and was quoted at around Rs 3780 - 3855 a quintal compared to Rs 4,485 - 4,620 a quintal during the corresponding period last year at the benchmark, Jaipur.

At NCDEX futures, the seed prices at May contract fell and was quoted at 3760/Qtl compared to 3,800/Qtl previous week.

Agriwatch has projected India's 2016/17 rapeseed production at 7.0 million tonnes while Solvent Extractors of India has estimated the seed production at 7.2 million tonnes.

India's March edible oil imports fell 7 percent y-o-y to 10.93 lakh tons from 11.76 lakh tons in March 2016. Palm oil imports rose 5.9 percent y-o-y to 6.8 lakh tons from 6.42 lakh tons in March 2016. CPO Imports rose 5.8 percent y-o-y to 4.54 lakh tons from 4.29 lakh tons in March 2016.

RBD palmolein imports rose 5.3 percent y-o-y to 2.19 lakh tons from 2.08 lakh tons in March 2016. Soy oil imports fell 28.6 percent y-o-y to 2.30 lakh tons from 3.21 lakh tons in March 2016. Sunflower oil imports fell 4.3 percent y-o-y to 1.77 lakh tons from 1.85 lakh ton in March 2016. Rapeseed (Canola) oil was zero in March compared to from 0.27 lakh tons in March 2016, reported by Solvent Extractors Association (SEA).

India's March edible oil stocks at ports and pipelines fell 1 Percent m-o-m to 19.13 lakh tons from 19.65 lakh tons in February 2017. Stocks of edible oil at ports rose to 688,000 tons (CPO 230,000 tons, RBD Palmolein 150,000 tons, Degummed Soybean Oil 150,000 tons, Crude Sunflower Oil 155,000 tons and 3,000 tons of Rapeseed (Canola) Oil) and about 1,225,000 tons in pipelines (Stocks in pipelines were at 1,190,000 tons in February 2017). India is presently holding 35 days of edible oil requirement on 1st April, 2017 at 19.13 lakh tons compared to 36 days of requirements last month. India's monthly edible oil requirement is 16.5 lakh tons.

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Malaysia reduced May crude palm oil export duty to 7 percent from 7.5 percent in April. Tax is calculated at reference price of 3,008.09 ringgit (\$680.41) per ton. Tax is calculated above 2,250 ringgit starting from 4.5 percent to a maximum of 8.5 percent, said Malaysia Palm Oil Board (MPOB).

Malaysia's April 1-25 palm oil exports rose 1.2 percent to 891,725 tonnes compared to 902,628 tonnes in the corresponding period last month. Top buyers were European Union at 245,993 tonnes (187,530 tonnes), India at 135,300 tonnes (152,195 tonnes), China at 127,450 tonnes (110,740 tonnes), United States 40,155 tonnes (41,800 tonness) and Pakistan 10,000 tonnes (31,500 tonnes). Values in brackets are figures of corresponding period last month, said a cargo surveyor Societe Generale de Surveillance.

Indonesia has reduced April crude palm oil export duty to USD 3 per ton from USD 18 per ton in March. Reduction of export duty is due to fall in trigger prices, according to the trade ministry.

Previous Updates

India is expected to produce around 7.0 million tonnes of rapeseed-mustard in 2016/17 with an average yield of about 1000 kg/ha compared to 5.8 million in 2015/16.

According to Indonesia Palm Oil Association, Indonesia's 2017 crude palm oil production is estimated to rise 12.7 percent to 35.5 MMT compared to 31.1 MMT in 2016. Heavy rains in 2016 will support palm oil production and growth in plantation in 2013 will bear fruit in 2017.

Malaysia's palm oil production in 2017 is estimated to rise 12 percent to 19.4 MMT from 17.4 MMT in 2016. Exports of palm oil in 2017 from Malaysia will increase 11.2 percent to 17.85 MMT from 16.05 MMT in 2016. CPO prices are expected to remain firm in 2017, according to the board, said the Malaysia Palm Oil Board (MPOB).

Indonesia is expected to produce 32-33 MMT of palm oil in 2017 compared to estimated production of 28.5-30 MMT in 2016, higher by 16 percent y-o-y. Production in 2015 was 33 MMT. Wet condition in 2016 in Indonesia is primary reason for higher production in 2017. Exports are expected to grow to 23-25 MMT in 2017 compared to 23 MMT estimated in 2016. Palm oil prices rose in 2016 due to lower stocks of palm on El Nino, crude oil prices and biodiesel mandates in Indonesia and Malaysia, said Indonesia Palm Oil Association (GAPKI).

India's rapeseed-mustard is driven by Malaysian palm oil, India's edible oil imports and Chinese vegoil demand.

Outlook: The rapeseed-mustard is expected to remain under pressure in near-term on higher production and strong supplies in the cash market.

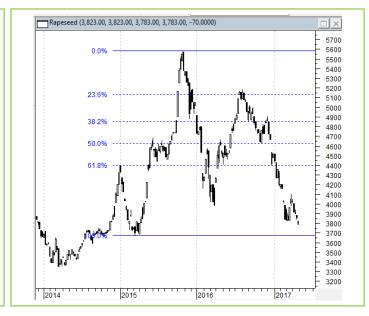


Technical Analysis:

NCDEX RM Seed Futures







Support & Resistance NCDEX RM Seed – May contract						
S1	S 2	PCP	R1	R2		
3750	3700	3806	3907	3994		

- > RM seed continued downtrend on selling pressure during the week.
- Prices closed below 18-day EMA.
- > RSI and stochastic are easing in the neutral zone.
- > MACD is falling in the negative territory.
- > The prices are expected to feature losses during the week.
- Trade Recommendation (NCDEX Rapeseed-Mustard May.) Week: SELL Below 3900. Levels: Target 3800; T2- 3750, SL –3960.



Annexure

Oilseed Prices at Key Spot Markets:

Commodity / Centre		Prices (Rs/Qtl)		Change
Soybean	28-A	pr-17	21-Apr-17		
	Low	High	Low	High	
Indore –Plant	3000	3060	2970	3090	-30
Indore-Mandi	2800	3000	2800	3000	Unch
Nagpur-Plant	2970	3120	2950	3100	20
Nagpur – Mandi	2550	2875	2550	2821	54
Latur – Mandi	2650	3000	2700	3020	-20
Kota-Plant	2925	2950	3050	3100	-150
Kota – Mandi	2775	2875	3000	3075	-200
Bundi-Plant	2925	2975	3050	3125	-150
Bundi-Mandi	2900	2950	2950	3025	-75
Baran-Plant	2850	2900	2900	3000	-100
Baran-Mandi	2800	2825	2800	2950	-125
Bhawani Mandi Jhalawar-Kota-Plant Delivery	2975	3000	3050	3100	-100
Jhalwar-Mandi	2800	2950	2850	3050	-100
Rapeseed/Mustard					
Jaipur-(Condition)(New Crop)	3780	3785	3870	3875	-90
Alwar-(Condition)(New Crop)	3550	3575	3575	3600	-25
SriGanganagar-(Non-Condition-Unpaid)	3300	3350	3425	3450	-100
New Delhi–(Condition)(New Crop)	3510	3560	3575	3625	-65
Kota-Non-(Condition)(New Crop)	3300	3400	3320	3450	-50
Agra-(Condition)(New Crop)	3775	3800	3900	3925	-125
Neewai(New Crop)	3545	3575	3530	3600	-25
Hapur (UP)(New Crop)	3600	3625	3675	3725	-100
Groundnut Seed		•			•
Rajkot	890	890	880	880	10
Sunflower Seed				•	•
Gulbarga	2658	3005	2855	3002	3
Latur	NA	NA	NA	NA	-
Sholapur(New Crop)	NA	NA	NA	NA	-
Sesame Seed	-	•	-	-	
Mumbai (White98/2/1	6750	6750	6800	6800	-50



Soybean Prices are in INR/Qtl. Mandi prices – Loose, Mustard Seed Prices are in INR/Qtl.C –Condition (42%), *Groundnut seed in Rs/20 kg, Sunflower Seed in Rs/Qtl

Oilseed Arrivals in Key Centers:

Commodity	Centre	Arrivals i	Change	
		22nd to 28th April 2017	15th to 21st April 2017	
	Madhya Pradesh	315000	395000	-80000
	Maharashtra	270000	340000	-70000
Soybean	Rajasthan	118000	138000	-20000
	Bundi (Raj)	710	800	-90
	Baran (Raj)	9600	13600	-4000
	Jhalawar (Raj)	10000	9700	300
Rapeseed/Mustard	Rajasthan	1230000	15650000	-14420000

India's Oilseeds Production Seen Record at 33.6 Mn T vs 25.3 Mn in 2nd Adv Est. - GOI

The 2nd Advance Estimates of production of oilseeds for 2016-17 have been released by the Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare on 15th February, 2017. The assessment of production of different crops is based on the feedback received from States and validated with information available from other sources.

The estimated production of major Oilseeds during 2016-17 is as under:

Oilseeds – 33.60 million tonnes (record) in 2016/17 vs 25.3 million tonnes in 2015/16

- Soybean 14.13 million tonnesvs 8.6 million tonnes in 2015/16
- Groundnut 8.47 million tonnesvs 6.33 million tonnes in 2015/16
- Castorseed 1.74 million tonnesvs 1.75 million tonnes in 2015/16

With an increase of 8.35 million tonnes over the previous year, total Oilseeds production in the country is estimated at record level of 33.60 million tonnes. It is higher by 0.85 million tonnes than the previous record production of 32.75 million tonnes achieved during 2013-14.

The production of Oilseeds during 2016-17 is also higher by 4.34 million tonnes than the five year's average Oilseeds production. The current year's production is significantly higher than the production of 25.25 million tonnes during 2015-16.



MSP for2016/17 Kharif Oilseeds

The Cabinet Committee on Economic Affairs, chaired by the Prime Minister Shri NarendraModi, has given its approval for Minimum Support Prices (MSPs) for Kharif Crops of 2016-17 season, the MSPs of all the Kharif oilseeds are raised for this season.

The MSP of Yellow Soybean is increased by 6.7% to Rs. 2775/Qtl (including Rs 100 bonus) for 2016-17 season from Rs.2600/Qtl in 2015-16, Groundnut -in- shell by 4.7% to Rs. 4220/Qtl (including Rs 100 bonus) from Rs 4030/Qtl, Sunflower seed by 3.9% to Rs 3950/Qtl (including Rs 200 bonus) from Rs 3800/Qtl, Nigerseed by 4.8% to 3825/Qtl (including Rs 100 bonus) from Rs 3650/Qtl and Sesamum by 6.4% to Rs 5000/Qtl (including Rs 200 bonus) from Rs 4700/Qtl.

MSP for2016/17 Rabi Oilseeds

The Cabinet Committee on Economic Affairs has approved the Minimum Support Prices (MSPs) for Rabi Oilseeds Crops of 2016-17 season are as follows: The MSP of Rapeseed/Mustard is raised (10.4%) by Rs. 350/Qtl to Rs. 3,700/Qtl from Rs. 3,350/Qtl earlier. For Safflower too it is increased (12.1%) by Rs. 400/Qtl to Rs. 3,700/Qtl from Rs. 3,300/Qtl in 2014-15. Further, to incentivize cultivation of oilseeds, the Cabinet has decided to give a bonus of Rs 100/- per quintal each for Rabi oilseeds including Rapeseeds/Mustards and Safflower, over and above the recommendations of the CACP.

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