

Oilseeds Weekly Research Report

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Executive Summary

Soybean noticed mostly firm tone during the week on lower availability in the domestic market and early firmness in soybean at CBOT. However, upside was limited amid lower closing of soybean at CBOT. Soybean at CBOT closed lower amid imposition of 25% import duty on U.S. soybean by China. Market is expected to recover to certain extent in the coming days on further reduction in soybean output in Argentina and bullish weekly export sales of soybean released by the USDA. China has already purchased some U.S. soybean in forward trade and this will not be impacted by import tariff. The date of imposition of import duty has not yet been announced. Brazil is likely to gain to certain extent amid ongoing trade war between U.S. and China. Soybean exports from Brazil are likely to reach record level this season; according to industry sources.

There is lower availability in the domestic market following lower soybean output this season. Good demand from the crushers added to the positive tone of the market.

China has imposed 25% import duty on soybean import from U.S. The date of imposition of import duty has not yet been announced. This is likely to reduce demand for U.S soybean from China in the coming days. Soybean output in Argentina has been reduced to 38 MMT following dry weather in the soybean growing regions. Harvesting is going on in full swing in Brazil. The weekly export sales of soybean at 1.13 MMT was above market expectation. Brazil is likely to export record soybean of around 70 MMT this season.

Soy meal prices witnessed positive tone during the week amid lower output this season and some early spillover support from soy meal at CBOT. Soy meal exports are likely to decline this season amid higher prices; according to industry sources.

Rapeseed prices noticed weak tone during the week amid lack of demand from the retailers around current levels. However, downside was limited following government backed procurement and positive tone of palm oil at BMD. All India average arrival was around 5.00 lakh bags per day during the week.

Overall bearish supply scenario in the global market will weigh on the market in the coming days.



Outlook – Cash Market

Outlook - Soybean (Spot, Indore): The soybean noticed firm tone during the week amid lower availability in the domestic market and early firmness in soybean at CBOT. However, upside was limited amid lower closing of soybean at CBOT. Soybean at CBOT closed lower amid imposition of 25 per cent import duty on U.S. soybean by China. This is likely to reduce demand from China in the coming days. Output in Argentina has been reduced further to 38 MMT following dry weather in the soybean growing regions. The weekly export sales of soybean released by the USDA were above market expectation. The prices are expected to feature range bound movement with firm bias between the price band of 3600 – 4000 level (Indore, Plant basis).

Outlook – Soy meal (Spot, Indore): Soy meal witnessed positive tone on lower output this season and some support from soy meal at CBOT. According to Investment Information and Credit Rating Agency (ICRA), domestic poultry industry is likely to grow at a steady pace in the medium –long term following favourable socio –economic factors. This will lend some support to the market. Prices have tomust remain competitive to gain share in the global market. Soy meal, Indore is expected to be in the range of 30,000 – 33,000/MT levels during the week.

Outlook - Rapeseed-Mustard (Spot, Jaipur basis): The rapeseed-mustard noticed weak tone during the week amid lack of demand from the retailers around current levels. However, downside was limited on government backed procurement and positive tone of palm oil at BMD. All India average arrival was around 5.00 lakh bags per day during the week. The seed prices are likely to feature range-bound movement with weak bias and witness the levels between 3900 – 4100/Qtl; levels during the week.

International Highlights

- According to the Buenos Aires Exchange, 8.8 per cent of the soybean harvest is completed in the central farm belt and there is little hope of improvement in weather in the near –term. Soy yields currently are well below historic averages.
- According to data released by the Trade Ministry, Brazil's exports of soybean increased to 8.81 MMT in March 2018 compared to 2.86 MMT previous month. It exported 8.98 MMT soybean in March 2017. Soy meal exports stood at 1.32 MMT in March 2018 compared to 1.35 MMT previous month.
- According to the latest report by FC Stone, Brazil's soybean output in 2017/18 has been estimated higher by
 2.7 per cent at 115.9 MMT compared to previous estimate.
- China has announced 25 per cent import tariff on soybean. However effective date has not been announced. This is likely to reduce demand for U.S. soybean from China. China purchases around 61 per cent of total U.S. soybean and more than 30 per cent of overall U.S. soybean production. Brazil is likely to benefit from the ongoing trade rift between U.S. and China and soybean exports from Brazil are likely to reach record level this season.
- According to the latest report released by the Buenos Aires Exchange, Argentina's soybean output is estimated at 38 MMT compared to the previous estimate of 39.5 MMT. Yields have reduced amid prolonged drought in the country's central Pampas agricultural belt.
- Net sales of 1,133,000 MT for 2017/2018 were up noticeably from the previous week, but down 7 percent from the prior 4-week average. Increases were reported for unknown destinations (610,400 MT), China (137,400 MT, including 63,000 MT switched from unknown destinations and decreases of 66,000 MT), Bangladesh (108,300 MT, including 55,000 MT switched from unknown destinations and decreases of 1,700 MT), the Netherlands (76,300 MT, including 66,000 MT switched from unknown destinations), and Taiwan (59,100 MT, including decreases of 200 MT) during the week March 23 -29, 2018. Reductions were reported for Mexico (14,500 MT). For 2018/2019, net sales of 358,200 MT were primarily reported for China (255,000 MT) and unknown destinations (91,000 MT). Exports of 579,800 MT were down 26 percent from the previous week and 28 percent from the prior 4-week average. The primary destinations were China (205,400



MT), Mexico (86,100 MT), the Netherlands (76,300 MT), Egypt (55,000 MT), and Bangladesh (53,800 MT).

The current week's net sales are higher compared to net sales of 317,500 MT during the previous week.

Soybean

Soybean witnessed mostly firm tone during the week on lower availability in the domestic market and early firmness in soybean at CBOT. However, upside was limited on lower closing of soybean at CBOT. Soybean at CBOT closed lower amid imposition of 25 per cent import duty on U.S. soybean by China. However effective date of imposition has not yet been announced. This is likely to reduce demand from China in the coming days. Soybean output in Argentina has been reduced further to 38 MMT following dry weather in the growing regions. Harvesting is going on in full swing in Brazil. According to industry sources, Brazil is likely to benefit from the ongoing trade war between U.S. and China. The weekly export sales of soybean released by the USDA were above market expectation.

There is lower availability in the domestic market following lower output this season. Good demand from the crushers added to the positive tone of the market. India is importing soybean from the African countries following lower output this season.

Arrivals are lower in the domestic market as mandis remained closed for few days during the week following local festivals and financial year end.

The total weekly soybean arrivals in the cash markets of Madhya Pradesh are reported at 3,45,000 bags compared to 1,70,000 bags reported in the previous week.

According to the latest survey by the Soybean Processor's Association of India (SOPA), India's soybean output in the 2017 -18 season is likely to decline by 24 per cent to 8.35 MMT compared to previous year's estimates of 10.9 MMT. Output is lower amid flood-induced crop damage in major growing states, followed by blight disease in the plants. According to industry sources, India's total acreage is down by 5 per cent this year. SOPA also estimates India's soybean meal exports at 1.25 MMT for financial year 2017-18 compared to 2 MMT reported for the previous year.

According to SOPA, the total supply of soybean has been estimated at 96.50 lakh metric tonnes for the oil year 2017 -18 in its latest estimates released in April. For the period, October -March of the current oil year, the production is estimated at 83.50 lakh metric tonnes, while the carryover from the previous year is put at 13.00 lakh metric tonnes.

The demand for crushing is likely to be around 77.50 lakh metric tonnes, while exports are projected at 2 lakh metric tonnes.

With 12 lakh metric tonnes retained for sowing and 1.5 lakh metric tonnes for direct consumption, the carryover for the coming year is estimated at 3.50 lakh metric tonnes.

SOPA SOYEAN REVISED PRODUCTION ESTIMATES KHARIF 2017 As on 07.02.2018

Area in Lakh Ha, Yield in Kg. Per Hectare, Production In Lakh MT

S.No.	Division/District	Kharif 2016	Kharif 2017
		Production	Production
1	Madhya Pradesh	54.01	42.00



2	Maharashtra	35.81	29.00
3	Rajasthan	9.81	7.50
4	Andhra Pradesh	2.99	1.06
	& Telangana		
5	Karnataka	3.24	1.73
6	Chattisgarh	1.34	0.86
7	Gujarat	1.38	0.89
8	Rest Of India	1.13	0.46
	Grand Total	109.71	83.50

As per Agriwatch estimates, soybean production in the current kharif season was estimated to be 98 lakh metric tonnes compared to 115 lakh metric tonnes in the previous season. Lower soybean production will lend some support to the market. However comfortable carry-in stocks and record soybean crop in U.S. Midwest will continue to be the limiting factor.

The total sown area under rabi oilseeds, as on 9th February 2018, is lower compared to the previous year's level which is down by 5.27% at 80.87 lakh hectares compared to 84.85 lakh hectares during the corresponding period last year.

The major buyers in Madhya Pradesh are as follows: Amrit Mandsaur, Ambika Kalapipal, Agrawal Neemuch, Adani Shujalpur, Agro Sol. Datia, Avi Agro, Bansal, Bajrang, Betul Oil, Dhanuka, DivyaJyoti, G. Ambuja, Itarsi, Indian Soya (3-2-10 specification), Khandwa, Khyati, Kriti, K.P. Newari, Mahakali, M.S. Neemuch, Prakash, Oyster Exim, Prestige, Ruchi, Rama, RH Solvex, SSA Mandideep, Shanti Overseas, Sawariya, Itarsi, Sitashri, Vippy for Dewas and Mandsaur delivery during the week.

Previous Update

We expect India's soy meal exports to pick up in coming months. Seasonally India's soy meal exports are at high volume, during October thru February due to higher pace in crushing the bean.

Huge South American soy supplies continue to influence the market as the Indian soy meal price has been outpriced in the international market in recent weeks.

Lower soybean supplies this season, mean decline in crushing and eventually, availability of less soy meal, eventually leading to lower exports.

India's domestic soy meal consumption is around 5 million tonnes and the production is expected to be 7-7.5 million tonnes, the surplus 2.5 million needs to be exported for the good crush market during the season.

The soybean supplies were higher in the key markets of Madhya Pradesh, Maharashtra and Rajasthan during the week.

The domestic soybean prices are likely to notice range –bound to firm tone amid good demand and lower availability in the domestic market.



International:

The international benchmark, CBOT soybean closed lower amid likely decline in demand from China in the coming days.

At CBOT, the soybean, in the most active May contract, ended lower at US \$ 10.31/bushel (Thursday closing) compared to US \$ 10.45/bushel last week.

Net sales of 1,133,000 MT of soybean for 2017/2018 were up noticeably from the previous week, but down 7 percent from the prior 4-week average. Increases were reported for unknown destinations (610,400 MT), China (137,400 MT, including 63,000 MT switched from unknown destinations and decreases of 66,000 MT), Bangladesh (108,300 MT, including 55,000 MT switched from unknown destinations and decreases of 1,700 MT), the Netherlands (76,300 MT, including 66,000 MT switched from unknown destinations), and Taiwan (59,100 MT, including decreases of 200 MT) during the week March 23 -29, 2018. Reductions were reported for Mexico (14,500 MT). For 2018/2019, net sales of 358,200 MT were primarily reported for China (255,000 MT) and unknown destinations (91,000 MT). Exports of 579,800 MT were down 26 percent from the previous week and 28 percent from the prior 4-week average. The primary destinations were China (205,400 MT), Mexico (86,100 MT), the Netherlands (76,300 MT), Egypt (55,000 MT), and Bangladesh (53,800 MT). The current week's net sales are higher compared to net sales of 317,500 MT during the previous week.

Previous updates

In the latest USDA quarterly stock report, it has been reported that the US soybeans stored in all positions on March 1, 2018 totaled 2.11 billion bushels, up 21 percent from March 1, 2017. It is higher than average trade estimate of 2.030 billion bushels.

On -farm stocks are estimated at 855 million bushels, up 28 percent from a year ago. Off-farm stocks, at 1.25 billion bushels, are up 17 percent from last March.

Indicated disappearance for the December 2017 - February 2018 quarter totalled 1.05 billion bushels, down 9 percent from the same corresponding period a year earlier.

According to consultancy, AgRural soybean harvest in Brazil has reached 71 per cent till date compared to 74 per cent during the same corresponding time previous year and above a five –year average of 69 per cent.

In the event of mounting trade war between U.S. and China, Chinese buyers of U.S. soybean, are devising contingency plans to ensure supplies of raw material. Some trading houses in China are purchasing more rapeseed meal, used for making animal protein while some are considering purchasing Brazilian soybean. Traders are looking for alternatives to U.S. soybean as exports of U.S. soybean to China might decline on trade rift between U.S. and soybean.

According to the data released by the General Administration of Customs, China's import of soybean declined by 2.05% to 5.42 MMT in the month of February 2018 compared to same period previous year. In the first two months of the year 2018, total imports of soybean increased by 5.37% to 13.90 MMT compared to same corresponding period previous year.

AGRIWATCH

According to consultancy, Agroconsult Brazil's soybean crop has been revised up to 118.9 MMT in 2017-18 following favourable weather in the growing regions. According to Agroconsult, Mato Grosso's yields are estimated to reach an average of 56.7 60-kg bags per hectare compared with 55.5 bags in the previous season.

According to the planting intention report released by the USDA, soybean planted area for 2018 is estimated at 89.0 million acres, lower 1 per cent compared to previous year. It is below average trade estimates of 91.056 million acres.

According to Safras & Mercado, Brazil is expected to export a record 70 MMT of soybean in 2018-19. This is 12 per cent higher compared to previous year. Record harvest of soybean in Brazil this season and lower output in Argentina are cited the reasons for record exports of soybean.

According to the latest attaché report released by the USDA, China's soybean imports in 2018/19 are estimated to be around 100 MMT compared to imports of 97 MMT in 2017/18. Rising incomes, urbanization and the modernization of the domestic feed and livestock sectors will continue fostering Chinese consumption of oilseed products. US soybean exports to China are likely to face competition from South American countries in 2017/18 and beyond. Moreover, the stringent import norms introduced by China coupled with recent tariffs imposed by US on steel and aluminum imports from China will also weigh on soybean exports.

According to consultancy, Agroconsult farmers in Brazil are putting emphasis on maximizing soybean yields. Brazil is expected to harvest record soybean crop this season amid favourable weather. Agroconsult has estimated soybean crop to be around 117.5 MMT this season compared to 114 MMT previous season. Increasing yields will make Brazil more competitive in the global market.

According to the latest monthly report released by Rabobank soybean output in Argentina is estimated at 40 MMT compared to previous month's estimates of 46 MMT.

According to the Rosario Grains Exchange, soybean output of Argentina in 2017 -18 could be around 40 MMT as prolonged drought is likely to affect yield compared to previous estimates of 46.5 MMT. Rains are reported in certain areas, however it is not sufficient for the crop.

According to National Oilseed Processors Association (NOPA), U.S. February soybean crush rose to a record level of 153.719 million bushels from 142.792 million bushels in February 2017 amid strong processing margins. Crush of soybean in January 2018 was 166.111 million bushels. Soy meal exports in February declined to 755,103 metric tonnes, from 860,416 metric tonnes the previous month and 735,825 metric tonnes in February 2017. Soy oil stocks as of Feb. 28 increased to 1.856 billion pounds, up from 1.728 billion pounds at the end of January 2018. This is the highest stock on record since June 2016.

According to Informa, soybean production in Argentina will decline to 44 MMT compared to previous estimate of 51 MMT. Brazilian soybean output has been increased to 114 MMT compared to previous estimate of 112.5 MMT.

The monthly supply and demand report of U.S. Department of Agriculture,'s monthly supply and demand report for the month of March forecasts U.S. soybean stocks at 555 million bushels, up 25 million bushels from last month due to lower exports. U.S. soybean exports are forecast to decline by 35 million bushels to 2065 million bushels amid lagging sales and higher exports from Brazil. Soybean production is estimated at 4,392 million bushels, unchanged from previous month's estimates. Global oilseed production is forecast at 574.5 MMT, down

4.1 MMT mostly reflecting lower soybean production. Global soybean ending stocks for 2017/18 are forecast at 94.4 MMT down 3.7 MMT from previous month's, mostly reflecting decreases in soybean stocks for Argentina, Bolivia, Paraguay and India.

According to the latest report, Buenos Aires Exchange has reduced soybean output to 42 MMT compared to previous estimates of 44 MMT. Drought in the country's central grain belt has affected production.

Oilseed output in Ukraine is likely to increase by 3.4 per cent in 2018 to 20.5 MMT amid higher output of sunflower and rapeseed according to Ukraine's Agroconsult. Output of sunflower is expected to increase by 5 per cent to 14.25 MMT and output of rapeseed is expected to increase by 10 per cent to 2.54 MMT.

Soy meal exports in Brazil are expected to increase to 16.2 MMT in 2018 compared to 15 MMT in 2017 following B10 blending mandate and lower availability from Argentina. Around 40% of the domestic soy crush goes towards biodiesel production and this will increase by a quarter this year as the blending mandate has been made 10% in March compared to 8% previously.

The IGC has reduced the global soybean output in 2017/18 by 2 MMT to 347 MMT from its previous estimates following lower production in Argentina. Global soybean production in 2017/18 is still below the 2016/17 record crop of 351 MMT. The global harvested area for soybean in 2018-19 is expected to increase by 2 per cent. Soybean consumption is likely to increase to 353 MMT compared to 338 MMT in 2016/17.

According to the monthly crop report released by the Agriculture Ministry, Argentina's soybean acreage this season is estimated at 16.75 million hectares compared to the previous estimates of 16.8 million hectares. Acreage is estimated to be lower amid dry weather in the growing regions.

Brazil's share of soybean exports to China reached record level in 2017. China is the world's top buyer of soybean, which imports 60 per cent of the soybeans traded worldwide. China bought 50.93 MMT of soybean from Brazil in 2017, accounting for 53.3 percent of total purchases, according to the recently released customs data. Brazil's soybean is often cheaper and contains more protein compared to U.S. soybean.

According to a report released by the agriculture ministry, China's soybean imports are expected to increase by 2.7 per cent to 95.97 MMT in 2017 -18 compared to previous year. Soybean output is expected to increase by 15.1 per cent to 14.89 MMT during the period. Consumption is expected to increase by 2.3 per cent to 111 MMT in 2017 -18 compared to previous year.

The international soybean prices are likely to notice range –bound to weak tone on likely decline in demand from China.

AW AGRIWATCH

Soy meal

Soy meal noticed firm tone during the week amid lower output this season and some early support from soy meal at CBOT. According to Investment Information and Credit Rating Agency (ICRA), domestic poultry industry is likely to grow at a steady pace in the medium –long term following favourable socio –economic factors. This will lend some support to the market.

Soy meal ready for ready delivery in PP bags at Dhule was quoted at 33800+GST by MOEPL. This is with 46.5% protein content. However, it was quoted at 34000+GST at Latur by Octagon for delivery in the next 10 days. This is with 46% protein content and it was quoted at 34700+GST for 47% protein content.

On a financial year basis, India's export of oil meals during April 2017 to February 2018 stands at 2,677,536 metric tonnes as compared to 1,714,984 metric tonnes in the same corresponding period of previous year showing an increase of 56% according to data released by the Solvent Extractor's Association of India.

In the month of February 2018, export of oil meals declined by 47% to 161,969 metric tonnes compared to the same corresponding period previous year. Soy meal exports during the period April 2017 to February 2018 was reported up at 1,117,340 metric tonnes compared to 809,247 metric tonnes during the same corresponding period previous year.

Currently, the domestic meal prices are higher compared to the corresponding period last year.

Soy meal declined in international market, during the week.

CBOT soy meal March contract settled at US \$ 383.60 per short ton (Thursday closing) compared to US \$ 384.00 per short ton last week.

Net sales of 414,300 MT of soybean cake and meal for 2017/2018 were up noticeably from the previous week and from the prior 4-week average. Increases were reported for Spain (140,000 MT), the Philippines (91,000 MT, including decreases of 100 MT), unknown destinations (71,700 MT), and Poland (50,000 MT) during the week March 23 -29, 2018. Reductions were reported for Thailand (2,700 MT), Taiwan (700 MT), and Jamaica (100 MT). Exports of 190,800 MT were down 33 percent from the previous week and 25 percent from the prior 4-week average. The primary destinations were Thailand (73,700 MT), Italy (31,700 MT), Mexico (26,800 MT), Vietnam (14,200 MT), and Canada (14,000 MT). The current week's net sales for 2017/18 are higher compared to net sales of 184,100 MT during the previous week.

According to the Grain Report prepared by USDA, Philippine soy meal imports are expected to increase by 5.45 per cent to a record high of 2.9 MMT following continuous expansion in the livestock and poultry sectors.

The domestic soy meal prices at Indore, were quoted at Rs 31,500 – 32,000/MT compared to Rs. 30,500/MT - 31,000/MT in previous week. At Latur and Nanded, Maharashtra, soy meal noticed firm tone and were quoted at Rs 34,000/MT and 33,200/MT respectively compared to Rs 31,800/MT in Indore and Rs 32,000/MT in Kota.



Previous Updates

India has registered gains in the soy meal exports in the current season. Recovery in INR against dollar will eventually make India's soy meal export prices unattractive and help South American soy meal to gain market share.

India is expected to produce 7-7.5 million metric tonnes of soy meal this season. Out of which 5 million metric tonnes will be consumed domestically but another 2 -2.5 million metric tonnes must be shipped overseas, failing which, the disparity on crushing soybean will increase.

We expect India's soy meal exports to decline slightly in the new season with lower 2017/18 soybean production leading to lower crushing eventually decreasing the meal supplies.

Indian meal prices need to be highly competitive against the South American and China's meal prices to regain the markets it lost in previous seasons.

India's Y-o-Y soy meal prices, Indore, are currently higher compared to previous year. Soy meal Indore was quoted higher between Rs 31,500 – 32,000/MT during the week compared to Rs 24,000 – 24,500/MT during the corresponding period last year.

The soy meal prices are likely to notice range –bound to firm tone on lower output and expected good demand in the domestic market.

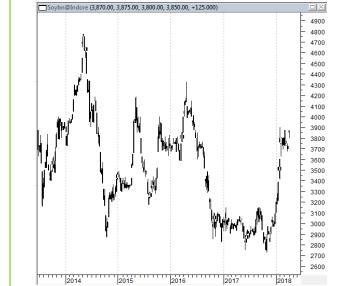


Technical Analysis:

NCDEX Soybean Futures



Soybean Spot, Indore



*Note: Daily Chart

Support & Resistance NCDEX Soybean – May. contract				
S1	S2	PCP	R1	R2
3750	3700	3885	4050	4100

- Soybean noticed range –bound to firm tone, during the week.
- Prices closed above 18-day EMA.
- > RSI is increasing and stochastic is declining in the neutral zone.
- > MACD is increasing in the positive territory.
- > The prices are expected to feature gain in the coming week.
- Trade Recommendation (NCDEX Soybean May.): BUY Above 3800. Levels: T1 3900; T2- 3950, SL -3740.

Rapeseed - Mustard Seed

The domestic rapeseed-mustard witnessed easy tone during the week amid lack of demand from the retailers around current levels. However, downside was limited on positive tone of palm oil at BMD and government backed procurement. All India average arrival of rapeseed was around 5.00 lakh bags per day during the week.

The Haryana State Co-operative Supply and Marketing Federation Ltd. (HAFED) has opened 43 purchase centres for mustard seed procurement. It has purchased 54,564 quintal mustard seed March 28, 2018 directly from farmers through the shops of its member Cooperative Marketing Societies.

Madhya Pradesh government has decided to procure Rabi crop of mustard at MSP instead of using Bhavantar Bhugtan Yojana (BBY). This will reduce the flow of mustard in open market thereby providing some support to domestic prices. The government is likely to procure 4 lakh tonnes of mustard and has announced a bonus of Rs.100/Qtl over MSP. Procurement is likely to start next week.

According to industry sources, India's rapeseed and mustard output in 2017/18 is likely to be around 63 -64 lakh tonnes. Farmers have reduced the area in Rajasthan amid higher temperatures and lack of moisture at the time of sowing. According to Solvent Extractor's Association of India, India produced a record 6.73 MMT rapeseed in the 2016/17 marketing year.

The all India seed supplies were reported between 2.50 - 5.00 lakh bags in a day compared to around 1.25 - 6.25 bags a day, previous week. The supplies were 1.50 - 6.55 lakh bags a day during the corresponding period last year.

The seed prices are higher at spot market and are quoted at around Rs 3,970 - 4,105 a quintal compared to Rs 3,975 - 4,025 a quintal during the corresponding period last year at the benchmark, Jaipur.

At NCDEX futures, the seed prices at May contract ended lower at 3989/Qtl compared to 4054/Qtl previous week.

The area coverage under rapeseed, this season is reported down 5.27% at 66.88 lakh hectares compared to 70.56 lakh hectares at the same period last year.

The total sown area under *rabi* oilseeds is lower compared to the previous year's level which is down by 5.27% at 80.87 lakh hectares compared to 84.85 lakh hectares during the corresponding period last year.

India's total area under rapeseed in 2017 was 70.56 lakh hectares which was higher by 9.3% from 2016.

The rapeseed-mustard prices are driven by India's edible oil imports, Chinese veg. oil demand and Malaysian palm oil. India's edible oil imports increased in November.

According to the data released by the General Administration of Customs, China's import of rapeseed declined by 35.26% to 362,718 metric tonnes in February 2018 compared to same period previous year. In the first two months of the year 2018, imports of rapeseed declined by 22.9% to 735,410 metric tonnes compared to same corresponding period previous year. Imports of rapeseed meal declined by 1.7% to 63,732 metric tonnes in



February 2018 compared to same corresponding period previous year. In the first two months of the current year, imports of rapeseed meal increased by 29.62% to 188,053 metric tonnes compared to same corresponding period previous year.

Previous Updates

Agriwatch had projected India's 2016/17 rapeseed production at 7.0 million tonnes with an average yield of about 1000 kg/ha compared to 5.8 million tonnes in 2015/16 while Solvent Extractors of India had estimated India's seed production at 7.2 million tonnes.

According to Solvent Extractors Association (SEA), India's February edible oil imports fell 8.85 percent y-o-y to 11.25 lakh tons from 12.34 lakh tons in February 2017. Palm oil imports in February rose 3.26 percent y-o-y to 5.46 lakh tons from 4.98 lakh tons in February 2017. CPO Imports rose 9.64 percent y-o-y to 6.73 lakh tons from 4.12 lakh tons in February 2017. RBD palmolein imports fell 13.24 percent y-o-y to 2.02 lakh tons from 2.33 lakh tons in February 2017. Soy oil imports fell 46.83 percent in February y-o-y to 1.34 lakh tons from 2.52 lakh tons in February 2017. Sunflower oil imports rose 1.9 percent in February percent y-o-y to 2.13 lakh tons from 2.09 lakh tons in February 2017. Rapeseed (canola) oil imports in February fell 51 percent to 0.17 lakh tons compared 0.18 lakh tons in February 2017.

According to Solvent Extractors Association (SEA), India's February edible oil stocks at ports and pipelines rose marginally m-o-m to 21.97 lakh tons from 21.95 lakh tons in January 2018. Stocks of edible oil at ports fell to 757,000 tons (CPO 280,000 tons, RBD Palmolein 120,000 tons, Degummed Soybean Oil 170,000 tons, Crude Sunflower Oil 180,000 tons and 7,000 tons of Rapeseed (Canola) Oil) and about 1,440,000 tons in pipelines (stocks at ports were 855,000 tons in January 2018). India is presently holding 36 days of edible oil requirement on 1st March, 2018 at 21.97 lakh tons compared to 36 days of requirements last month at 21.95 lakh tons. India's monthly edible oil requirement is 18.25 lakh tons.

According to United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) in its February review, India's 2017/18 imports of palm oil is hiked 0.4 MMT to 10.6 MMT from 10.2 MMT in its earlier review. Consumption of palm oil in India in 2017/18 is increased to 10.6 MMT from 10.3 MMT in its earlier review. End stocks of palm oil in India in 2017/18 is increased 0.1 MMT to 0.590 MMT from 0.490 MMT.

According to United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) in its February review, India's 2017/18 imports of soy oil is reduced 0.155 MMT to 3.645 MMT from 3.8 MMT in its earlier review. Consumption of soy oil in India in 2017/18 is reduced to 5.2 MMT from 5.4 MMT in its earlier review. End stocks of soy oil in India in 2017/18 are unchanged at 0.320 MMT.

According to China's General Administration of Customs (CNGOIC), China's February palm oil imports rose 9.93 percent to 3.73 lakh tons compared to February 2017. Year to date imports of palm oil fell 3.78 percent to 8.41 lakh tons. Imports from Indonesia in February rose 21.68 percent to 2.58 lakh tons compared to February 2017. Year to date imports of palm oil from Indonesia fell 1.32 percent to 5.78 lakh tons. Imports from Malaysia in February fell 9.7 percent to 1.15 lakh tons compared to February 2017. Year to date imports of palm oil from Malaysia fell 3.85 percent to 2.63 lakh tons.

AW AGRIWATCH

According to the data released by the General Administration of Customs, China's import of rapeseed declined by 5.3% to 372,692 metric tonnes in January 2018 compared to previous month. Imports of rapeseed meal increased by 54.91% to 124,321 metric tonnes in January 2018 compared to previous month.

According to cargo surveyor Societe Generale de Surveillance (SGS), Malaysia's March palm oil exports rose 19.4 percent to 1,394,973 tons compared to 1,167,908 tons last month. Top buyers are India at 412,783 tons (231,115 tons), European Union at 261,868 tons (306,371) tons, China at 122,364 tons (66,670 tons), Pakistan at 58,395 tons (27,000 tons) and United States at 53,175 tons (74,790 tons). Values in brackets are figures of last month.

According to Malaysia Palm Oil Board (MPOB), Malaysia's February palm oil stocks fell 2.85 percent to 24.78 lakh tons compared to 25.50 lakh tons in January. Production of palm oil in February fell 15.37 percent to 13.43 lakh tons compared to 15.87 lakh tons in January. Exports of palm oil in February fell 13.33 percent to 13.12 lakh tons compared to 15.14 lakh tons in January. Imports of palm oil in February rose 92.86 percent to 0.67 lakh tons compared to 0.35 lakh tons in January. Fall in palm oil end stocks in February was above trade estimates.

According to Malaysia Palm Oil Board (MPOB), Malaysia's 2018 production is estimated to grow 3 percent to 20.5 MMT from 19.9 MMT in 2017. Malaysia's 2018 exports are estimated to rise 5.1 percent to 17.4 MMT. MPOB estimates palm oil stocks to fall 15.8 percent to 2.3 MMT.

According to Malaysian government, Malaysia imposed export duty on palm oil for April at 5 percent after three month suspension of export duty. Export duty of palm oil is calculated at reference price of 2,474.63 ringgit (\$633.38) per ton. Tax is calculated above 2,250 ringgit starting from 4.5 percent to a maximum of 8.5 percent.

According to Indonesia Palm Oil Association, Indonesia's 2017 crude palm oil production is estimated to rise 12.7 percent to 35.5 MMT compared to 31.1 MMT in 2016. Heavy rains in 2016 will support palm oil production and growth in plantation in 2013 will bear fruit in 2017.

According to Indonesia Palm Oil Association (GAPKI), Indonesia's January palm and palm kernel oil exports rose 4.58 percent m-o-m to 2.74 MMT compared to 2.62 MMT in December. On y-o-y basis exports rose 0.74 percent. Exports were 2.72 MMT in January 2017.

End stocks of palm oil in Indonesia in October rose 16 percent to 3.38 MMT from 2.92 MMT in September 2017. Production of palm oil in Indonesia in October rose 3 percent to 4.16 MMT from 4.03 MMT in September 2017.

According to Indonesia trade ministry, Indonesia kept palm oil export duty for March unchanged at zero, below threshold prices of USD 750 per ton. This is 11th straight month of zero export duty, as palm oil is expected to miss certain thresholds.

According to the latest monthly estimates from Strategie Grains, rapeseed production estimates have been increased to 22.60 MMT in European Union for 2017/18 compared to previous estimates of 21.86 MMT and 20.34 MMT in 2016/17.

Outlook: The rapeseed-mustard is likely to notice range –bound to weak tone on increasing arrival of new crop in the mandis.



Technical Analysis:

NCDEX RM Seed Futures



RM Seed Spot, Jaipur



Support & Resistance NCDEX RM Seed – May. contract				
S1	S2	PCP	R1	R2
3850	3800	3989	4150	4200

- > Downward movement witnessed in RM seed.
- Prices closed below 18-day EMA.
- > RSI and stochastic are increasing in the neutral zone.
- > MACD is declining in the negative territory.
- > The prices are expected to feature range-bound movement with weak bias, during the week.
- Trade Recommendation (NCDEX Rapeseed-Mustard May) Week: SELL Below 4050. Levels: Target 3950; T2- 3900, SL –4110.



Annexure

Oilseed Prices at Key Spot Markets:

Commodity / Centre	Prices (Rs/Qtl)				Change
Soybean	6-Apr-18		30-Mar-18		
	Low	High	Low	High	
Indore –Plant	3825	3875	3700	3750	125
Indore–Mandi	3600	3700	3500	3700	Unch
Nagpur-Plant	3850	3900	3820	3860	40
Nagpur – Mandi	3400	3765	3300	3750	15
Latur – Mandi	2050	3800	3570	3805	-5
Kota-Plant	3800	3850	3600	3650	200
Kota – Mandi	3650	3700	3550	3600	100
Bundi-Plant	3750	3800	3600	3750	50
Bundi-Mandi	3600	3800	3525	3575	225
Baran-Plant	3600	3700	3550	3650	50
Baran-Mandi	3550	3650	3450	3525	125
Bhawani Mandi Jhalawar–Kota-Plant Delivery	3800	3850	3650	3750	100
Jhalwar-Mandi	3650	3720	3600	3640	80
Rapeseed/Mustard					
Jaipur-(Condition)(New Crop)	3970	3975	4050	4055	-80
Alwar-(Condition)(New Crop)	3650	3700	3750	3800	-100
SriGanganagar-(Non-Condition-Unpaid)	3550	3600	3650	3775	-175
New Delhi–(Condition)(New Crop)	3650	3675	3650	3685	-10
Kota-Non-(Condition)(New Crop)	3650	3700	3550	3650	50
Agra-(Condition)(New Crop)	4150	4200	4250	4300	-100
Neewai(New Crop)	3800	4080	3900	3960	120
Hapur (UP)(New Crop)	3650	3700	3700	3760	-60
Groundnut Seed				•	
Rajkot	708	708	NA	NA	-
Sunflower Seed	•	•	-	•	-
Gulbarga	3054	3452	3008	3208	244
Latur	NA	NA	NA	NA	-
Sholapur(New Crop)	NA	NA	NA	NA	-
Sesame Seed		•	•	•	•
Mumbai (White98/2/1	8600	8600	8600	8600	Unch

Soybean Prices are in INR/Qtl. Mandi prices - Loose, Mustard Seed Prices are in INR/Qtl.C - Condition (42%),



*Groundnut seed in Rs/20 kg, Sunflower Seed in Rs/Qtl

Oilseed Arrivals in Key Centers:

Commodity	Centre	Arrivals in	Change	
		31st March To 6th April 2018	24th March To 30th March 2018	
	Madhya Pradesh	345000	170000	175000
	Maharashtra	195000	175000	20000
Soybean	Rajasthan	67000	51000	16000
	Bundi (Raj)	850	50	800
	Baran (Raj)	2750	2900	-150
	Jhalawar (Raj)	6200	3900	2300
Rapeseed/Mustard	Rajasthan	1065000	1365000	-300000



India's Kharif Oilseeds Production Seen at 20.36 Mn T vs 21.51 Mn T in $2^{\rm nd}$ Adv Est. - GOI

The 2nd Advance Estimates of production of major crops for 2017-18 have been released on 27 February, 2018 by the Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare. The assessment of production of different crops is based on the feedback received from States and validated with information available from other sources. As a result of floods and erratic rainfall during monsoon 2017, the country has witnessed lower food grain production in the current year compared to previous year.

The estimated production of major Kharif Oilseeds during 2017-18 is as under:

Oilseeds - 20.36 million tonnes

- Soybean 11.39 million tonnes
- Groundnut 6.61 million tonnes
- Castorseed 1.49 million tonnes

With a decline of 1.15 million tonnes over the previous year, total kharif Oilseeds production in the country is estimated at a level of 20.36 million tonnes. It is lower by 2.25 million tonnes than the all time record production of 22.61 million tonnes achieved during 2013-14.

The production of Oilseeds during 2017-18 is higher by 0.204 million tonnes than the five year's average Oilseeds production. The current year's production is lower than the kharif production of 21.51 million tonnes during 2016-17.



MSP for 2017/18 Kharif Oilseeds

The Cabinet Committee on Economic Affairs, chaired by the Prime Minister Shri Narendra Modi, has given its approval for Minimum Support Prices (MSPs) for Kharif Crops of 2017-18 season, the MSPs of all the Kharif oilseeds are raised for this season.

The MSP of Yellow Soybean is increased by 9.9% to Rs 3050/Qtl (including Rs 100 bonus) for 2017-18 season from Rs 2,775/Qtl in 2016-17, Groundnut -in- shell by 5.5% to Rs 4,450Qtl (including Rs 100 bonus) from Rs 4,220/Qtl, Sunflower seed by 3.8% to Rs 4,100/Qtl (including Rs 200 bonus) from Rs 3,950/Qtl, Nigerseed by 5.9% to 4,050/Qtl (including Rs 100 bonus) from Rs 3,825/Qtl and Sesamum by 6.0% to Rs 5,300/Qtl (including Rs 200 bonus) from Rs 2,000/Qtl.

MSP for 2017/18 Rabi Oilseeds

The Cabinet Committee on Economic Affairs has approved the Minimum Support Prices (MSPs) for Rabi Oilseeds Crops of 2017-18 season are as follows: The MSP of Rapeseed/Mustard is raised (8.1%) by Rs. 300/Qtl to Rs. 4,000/Qtl from Rs. 3,700/Qtl earlier. For Safflower too it is increased (10.8%) by Rs. 400/Qtl to Rs. 4,100/Qtl from Rs. 3,700/Qtl in 2016-17.

Sown Area – Rabi Oilseeds, India

In the official Rabi oilseeds planting report, by the Government of India, the total coverage area under Rabi oilseeds is reported at 80.87 lakh hectares, down 5.27% from 84.85 lakh ha in the corresponding period of last year. Of the major oilseeds, rapeseed-mustard sowing is reported down by 5.27% at 66.88 lha compared to 70.60 lha during the corresponding period of last year. Groundnut at 6.39 lha vs 6.36 lha, safflower at 0.81 lha vs 1.05 lha, sunflower at 1.74 lha vs 1.71 lha, sesamum 0.68 vs 0.70 and Linseed at 4.01 lha vs 3.84 lha during the corresponding period last year.

	Area in L		
Crop	2018	2017	% Change
Rapeseed/Mustard	66.88	70.60	-5.27
Groundnut	6.39	6.36	0.38
Safflower	0.81	1.05	-22.98
Sunflower	1.74	1.71	1.46
Sesamum	0.68	0.70	-3.43
Linseed	4.01	3.84	4.48
Others	0.36	0.58	-37.93
Total Oilseeds	80.87	84.85	-5.27

Source: GOI

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