

Oil Meals Weekly Research Report

Contents

- ❖ Executive Summary
- ❖ Outlook - Cash Market
- ❖ AW Oilseeds Index
- ❖ International Highlights
- ❖ Planted Area
- ❖ Soybean - Domestic & International
- ❖ Soy meal
- ❖ Technical Analysis - Soybean
- ❖ Rapeseed - Mustard
- ❖ RM Seed Supply, Rajasthan
- ❖ Technical Analysis - RM Seed
- ❖ Annexure - Prices etc.

Executive Summary

Soybean and soymeal declined at various trading centers amid mixed pace of supplies in this week. Farmers are releasing their stocks at the current level in fear of further fall in prices. Weak domestic and international market sentiments may put more pressure in oilseeds segments.

The government has increased the MSP of Soybean by 1.80 per cent, to Rs 3,950/quintal from Rs 3,880/quintal and for groundnut by 5.21 per cent to Rs 5,550/quintal from Rs 5,275/quintal. Good price hike in retail and wholesale prices for oilseeds encouraged government to increase MSP for 2021-22. Soyoil retail price increased 35% so far compared to last year .

The soybean plant average delivery price at Nagpur is quoted 0.4% down at Rs. 7,116 /qtl as compare to last week price at Rs. 7150/qtl. The domestic soymeal slumped by 3.8% compared to the previous week, The prices further declined as US government provide relief to U.S. oil refiners from mandates requiring the blending of biofuels including soy-based biodiesel. After good price hike of this year, we can see corrections in oilseeds markets in the short-run.

However, groundnut's market moved slightly down after weak supplies. Farmers and traders have limited stocks in hand. Prices may come down in coming days following weakness in oilseeds markets.

Rapeseed Mustard slumped 6% to Rs.6842 /Qtl this week as compared to Rs 7296/Qtl last week. Rapeseed oilcake traded 4% lower as compared to last week, weakness in Rapeseed put additional pressure on the downside.

We feel the soy and rapeseed-mustard complex to trade steady to weak tone on weak buying activities of crushers and retailers. However, increase in demand of soymeal and rapeseed meal may support meal price to rise from the current level in coming days. China is the regular buyers in global markets to fulfil its domestic demand of meal, which may also support meal prices to rise. However weak figures in exports of oilmeals in June'21 limited the gains.

India's export of oilmeals for the month of May 2021 is reported at 228,242 metric tonnes compared to 248,007 metric tonnes in April 2020 i.e. down by -8%.

The correction in oilseeds markets may weigh in the market in coming days as buyers are reluctant at this level. Additionally, groundnut prices will feature range-bound movement with weak bias in coming days. Currently, heavy supplies after ease of lock down restrictions and dull demand at higher price level curbed price hike in this week. Expected weak trend in edible oil will also influence seed prices in short-term.

Outlook – Cash Market

Outlook - Soybean (Spot, Nagpur): *The soybean prices are expected to be in range bound to weak zone due to weak domestic and international clues as US government provide relief to U.S. oil refiners from mandates requiring the blending of biofuels including soy-based biodiesel. The prices (Nagpur, plant basis) are expected to be in range of Rs 6500/Qtl – Rs 7200/Qtl.*

Outlook – Soy meal:

Soymeal prices are expected to be in rangebound on lower side, however buying at lower level may push prices upside. The soy meal prices (Indore) are likely to feature range-bound movement between Rs. 56,000 – 60,000 /MT on weak to firm local and export demand, for medium-term.

Outlook - Rapeseed-Mustard (Spot, Jaipur basis): *Rapeseed-mustard is expected to feature range-bound movement on weak-bias on weak demand at the higher price level. The seed prices are likely to witness the price levels between 6,700 –7,100/Qtl. in short-run.*

International Highlights

- ❖ CBOT July soybean futures closed 13.4 cents lower at \$ 13.82 1/4. New crop November soybean futures also closed 22 cents down at \$ 12.91 3/4, on Friday.
- ❖ US soybean planting, as on June 13, 2021, stood at 94% up from 92% same period last year however up from 5-year average of 88%. Further, the US soybean emerged by 86% up from 79% same period last season however up from 5-year average of 74%.
- ❖ CONAB has once again raised Brazil's 2020/21 soybean crop estimate to 135.9 million tonnes vs 135.4 million tonnes in May'21 forecast and 124.845 million tonnes in 2019/20.
- ❖ According to the data released by NOPA, US crushed drops to 160.310 million bushels of soybeans in April 21, second consecutive month of reduction also slightly less than expected. The soybean processing was down from 171.75 million bushels in April 2020 also lower from 177.98 million bushels in March 2021. The market is expected lower US soybean crush figure for May'21 on dwindling stocks.
- ❖ Buenos Aires Gain Exchange has kept the Argentina 2020/21 soybean crop harvest estimate higher at 43.5 million tonnes vs 43 million tonnes from its previous estimates in expectation of better crop yield. So far, farmers have harvested total 91.4% of this season's soy crop.
- ❖ As per recent USDA June'21 report, Soybean production in the world is likely to increase by 6% to 386 million tonnes in next season (September- 2021- August 2020) in expectation of higher crop size in US and India. Total crop size in India may stand higher by 750,000 tonnes to 11.2 Million tonnes against 10.45 Million tonnes in this season. Higher soybean prices in this season will encourage farmers in India to cover higher soybean area.
- ❖ As per custom data, China has imported higher soybean in April 2021 as compared to last year as delayed cargoes have arrived now. The country has imported 11% higher oilseeds at 7.45 million tonnes in April 2021 against 6.71 million tonnes in previous year.

Soybean

Soybean prices fell as expected. Buyers are not much active as prevailing prices are rulling higher side. Heavy supplies at few centers also curbed price hike in the current week. Crushers are waiting some corrections in the prices. There might be a pullback on lower level which may support prices.

Import duty on edible oils may reduce which may put pressures on edible prices and also affect soy prices. However, higher production estimates may pull sobean even lower, plunge in soybean oil amid worries about biofuel law might drag soybean down in coming days.

GOI announced MSP for 2021-2022 marketing year, soybean Rs 3950 (70 Rs. up). India's soybean area is expected to rise 9.9% on year to a record high of 13.3 mln ha in the crop year.

Agriculture Minister Narendra Singh Tomar launched a seed minikit programme to to enhance production and productivity of pulses and oilseeds by distributing high yielding varieties of seeds of oilseeds to farmers which is provided by the central agencies National Seeds Corporation (NCS), NAFED and Gujarat State Seeds Corporation and wholly-funded by the Centre through the National Food Security Mission. The supply of minikit seeds will last till June 15, 2021 so that the seeds reach the farmers before the Kharif sowing starts. Government of India likely to distribute more than eight lakh soybean seed minikits and more than seventy thousand groundnut minikits free of cost to farmers.

CBOT July soybean futures closed 13.4 cents lower at \$ 13.82 1/4. New crop November soybean futures also closed 22 cents down at \$ 12.91 3/4, on Friday

In June'21 released data, the global 2021/22 soybean production estimate kept higher at 386 million tonnes vs 363.18 million tonnes in the previous year. Total crop size in India may stand higher by 750,000 tonnes to 11.2 Million tonnes against 10.45 Million tonnes in this season. Higher soybean prices in this season will encourage farmers in India to cover higher soybean area.

As per USDA, India soybean crush is kept higher by 300,000 tons to 9.7 million on account of higher crop propectus. Continued growth in domestic soybean meal consumption will pressure soybean meal exports to 1.7 million tons, lower than the previous year but near the 5-year average. Soybean oil imports are unchaged at 3.7 million tons as rising domestic supplies and high prices slow import demand.

Strong Chinese demand lower than expected US soybean planting intentions of 87.6 million acres, thought it is 5% higher compared to the previous year, and lower US soybean inventory number of 1.56 billion bushels in March 01 which 31% lower compared to same period last year kept the international soybean market strong.

For soybeans, the world ending stocks are estimated at 91.09 mmt. for 2021/22 vs. 87.99 mmt. in 2020/21.

Further, In the USDA's Foreign Agriculture Service post in Beijing China's soybean imports are forecast to reach a record 103 million tonnes in the marketing year 2021/22 and estimated 100 million tonnes in 2020/21 to meet the feed demand from the livestock and poultry sectors.

The USDA attache has projected US MY 2021/22 soybean production forecast at 119.88 million tonnes higher from 112.54 million tonnes in 2020/21.

Scattered to fairly widespread rainfall with isolated thunderstorm & lightning over most parts of Northwest India during next 3 days and decrease in rainfall activity thereafter except East Uttar Pradesh where fairly widespread

rainfall is likely to continue. Isolated heavy to very heavy rainfall over East Uttar Pradesh during next 5 days and extremely heavy rainfall also very likely over East Uttar Pradesh in third week

Quantitatively, the monsoon seasonal (June to September) rainfall is likely to be 98% of the Long Period Average (LPA) with a model error of $\pm 5\%$. The LPA of the season rainfall over the country as a whole for the period 1961-2010 is 88 cm. If it realizes the kharif oilseeds' crop production, including soybean, will be within normal.

The overall export of oilmeals during April -May 2021 is also reported up by +52% at 531,700 metric tonnes compared to 350,157 metric tonnes during the same period last year.

Agriwatch has estimated its India's 2020/21 soybean output estimate to 10.7 million tonnes, up 22% from 8.74 million tonnes in 2019/20. USDA has pegged it at 11.2 million tonnes,

SOPA has pegged India's 2020/21 soybean estimate at 10.45 million tonnes against 9.31 million tonnes estimated for 2019. The yield is estimated at 883 kg/ha vs 865 kg/ha for the same period.

We expect India's soymeal exports to remain strong by 90-100% year-on-year for coming months, after fall in the soybean crushing in Argentina and Brazil as their stocks dried up.

India had imported 7,483,380 metric tonnes of edible oils in during Nov.'20 – Mar.'21 to meet the supply gap, up compared to 6,912,366 metric tonnes in during the same period last year.

India had imported 1,213,142 metric tonnes of edible oils in during May'21 ,down compared to 720,976 metric tonnes in during the same period last year.

Import during May '21 up by 19% compared to April 2021 due to lower stock in pipeline and lesser import during earlier months and increase in demand due to lifting of the lock down. Secondly, May '21 import showing 68% increased compared to May '20, as there was a complete lockdown which had affected the import during May '20. Thirdly, high price of Sunflower Oil discouraged its import, while Soybean oil import marginally improved.

The soybean plant average delivery price at Nagpur is quoted 0.4% down at Rs. 7,116 /qtl as compare to last week price at Rs. 7150/qtl.

The arrivals of bean increased by 19% by 370000 bags in the cash market yards of Maharashtra during the week against 310000 bags in previous week.

The major buyers are as follows: Agrawal, Neemuch, Shanti Overseas, Living Food, Goyal Protein, Bansal-Bhopal, Vippy-Dewas, ABIS, Sneha, Ruchi Soya, Shalimar Katol, Vippy Dewas, Dhanuka Neemuch, Avi Agri Ujjain, M.S. Neemuch, RH Seoni, Prakash, Kriti Dewas, Mahakali, Prestige Dewas, Itarsi Oil, Sanwaria Itarsi, MS Solvex Neemuch, MS Soya Pachore, during the week.

The domestic soybean prices are likely to feature down on weak demand at higher price level. Government decision on cutting Import tariffs on edible oil may impact soybean prices.

International:

CONAB has once again raised Brazil's 2020/21 soybean crop estimate to 135.9 million tonnes vs 135.4 million tonnes in May forecast and 124.845 million tonnes in 2019/20.

US soybean planting, as on June 13, 2021, stood at 94% up from 92% same period last year however up from 5-year average of 88%. Further, the US soybean emerged by 86% up from 79% same period last season however up from 5-year average of 74%.

In the prospective planting report by the National Agricultural Statistics Service (NASS), Agricultural Statistics Board, (USDA), the soybean planted area for 2021 is estimated at 87.6 million acres, up 5 percent from last year (83.084 million acres).

The soybean harvesting is underway in Brazil and it is in full-swing while the soybean crop is in the maturity stage in Argentina.

AgResource raised Brazil's 2020/21 soybean harvest to 129.98 million tonnes from 128 million tonnes previously projected.

2020-21 Argentina's 33 percent soy crop has been harvested compared to 68 percent last year and 56 percent on average. According to the Buenos Aires Grain Exchange, the nationwide average soybean yield is 3,030 kg/ha (45.1 bushel/acre), which is unchanged from last week. The yields are ranging from 1,670 kg/ha to 3,250 kg/ha (24.8 bushel/acre to 48.4 bushel/acre). The Buenos Aires Grain Exchange left their soybean estimate unchanged at 43.0 million tons. Soybeans were rated 30% poor/very poor, 61% fair, and 9% good/excellent as of late last week. The good/excellent percentage was unchanged compared to the prior week.

Brazil's soybean exports is estimated to reach to 16.1 million tonnes in March vs 16.4 million tonnes forecast in previous week – ANEC.

In the virtual Price Outlook Conference (POC) organized by Bursa Malaysia Thomas Mielke is in view that, after establishing new multi-year highs, the global edible oil prices are likely to be close to their peak, as the bullish fundamentals should be largely discounted. He added that the prices are set to start weakening in the Apr/June quarter followed by further setback in July/Dec, attributed to increasing South East Asian palm oil and South American soyoil production as well as prospective sharp increase in oilseeds plantings in the Northern Hemisphere.

Further, the world soybean supplies will increase in June through December with South American crop harvest in full swing and US soybean supplies later. We may further see competition in soybean prices between South America and US.

USDA attache has projected China's 2021/22 soybean imports at 103 million tonnes which is higher than million tonnes imported in 2019/20 by the country. The reason cited is the higher beginning stocks in the new marketing season following a buying spree in 2019/20. This is below the average growth observed prior to the arrival of African swine fever (ASF) in 2018 as domestic soybean production remains 35 percent above pre-ASF levels at 19.0 million tons. Crush growth continues at historic levels while stocks are projected to reach a record of 34.0 million tons. Soybean meal and oil trade are forecast nearly unchanged

Weak trend in global prices for oilseeds markets may put more pressures on CBOT prices in next week. However, strong Chinese soybean demand will limit any major fall.

Soymeal

The domestic soymeal slumped by 3.8% compared to the previous week. Soymeal expected to trade rangebound. However, good demand in global market may support prices.

The soymeal along with other oilmeal exports continued remain strong in June 2021, as in the recent months.

July soymeal futures settled 0.63 cents lower at \$ 3.67 per short ton, on Friday.

World 2021/22 soymeal production is estimated higher at 260.31 million tonnes vs 253.12 million tonnes against last year record, in its June report.

Higher 2021/22 US soybean planting estimates in the prospective planting report on June 13, indicates higher availability of the bean and subsequently meal if the crop yield stands at normal.

Robust Chinese soy demand, lower than expected soybean production estimates in US and Argentina will remain bullish for soymeal for some more time.

India's May 2021 soymeal exports increased by 12% to 52,434 metric tonnes compared to 46,614 metric tonnes in the same period last year. Further, the soymeal shipments improved by +27% to 92,193 metric tonnes in aggregate, during the last ten months (April-May) of financial year 2020-21 compared to 72,554 metric tonnes during the corresponding period last year.

India's export of oilmeals for the month of May 2021 is reported at 228,242 metric tonnes compared to 248,007 metric tonnes in April 2020 i.e. down by -8%.

The overall export of oilmeals during April -May 2021 is also reported up by +52% at 531,700 metric tonnes compared to 350,157 metric tonnes during the same period last year.

In current year financial year 2021-22, export of oilmeals in first two months showing improvement. Export of Soybean meal slightly improved, thanks to buying by U.S.A., while Rapeseed meal substantially increased, due to higher shipment to South Korea and Thailand. Ricebran Extraction is performing better due to larger demand from Vietnam and Bangladesh.

India's exports for rapeseed meal during April-May 2021 was up +66% at 274,692 metric tonnes compared to 165,737 metric tonnes during the same period previous marketing season.

The export of rapeseed meal in May'21 is reported at 96,870 metric tonnes against last year 14,4244 metric tonnes during the same period i.e. lower by -33%.

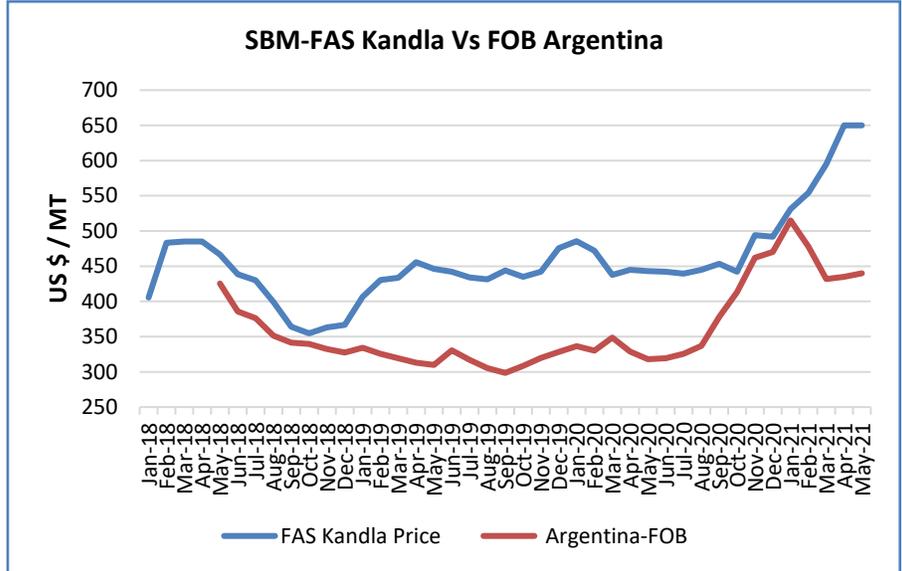
The domestic soymeal demand has considerably recovered in previous months, from poultry sector, but still below pre-COVID levels. Poultry industry contributes more than 60% of the total domestic soymeal demand.

The international soymeal prices are getting competitive after improved the soybean crop prospects. The soymeal export price spread of India vs Argentina (FAS Kandla and FOB Argentina) have further declined to US \$ 210/MT in May'21 vs US \$ 215/MT in April'21, leading incompetitiveness for Indian soymeal exports.

The domestic weekly average soymeal prices at Indore was 3% down to Rs 57,550 /MT and was quoted between Rs 56,000 – 59,300/MT compared to the weekly average of Rs 59,750/MT and was traded between the price ranges of Rs. 59,000 – 60,000/MT previous week.

Weekly average prices at various centers also closed higher side compared to last week prices. At Latur,

the weekly average soymeal prices declined 0.3% to Rs. 63,333/MT compared to Rs. 63,750/MT a week ago however in Nanded it was quoted 0.9% lower at Rs. 63,333/MT compared to Rs. 63,916/MT a week ago. In Kota the meal prices declined to Rs. 659,516/MT compared to Rs. 61,966/MT previous week.



The soy meal prices (Indore) are likely to feature range-bound movement between Rs. 56,000 – 60,000 /MT on good local and export demand, for medium-term.

Previous updates:

CONAB has raised Brazil's 2020/21 soybean crop estimate to 135.54 million tonnes vs 135.131 million tonnes in March forecast and 124.845 million tonnes in 2019/20.

According to the data released by NOPA, US crushed 168.74 million bushels of soybeans in April 21. The soybean processing was down from 171.75 million bushels in April 2020 and also lower by 1.8% from 177.98 million bushels in March 2021.

The international soy market is strong on bullish global supply scenario due forecast to lower than expected soybean production and likely fall in the US soy inventories in August 2021 followed by the Chinese buying spree.

SOPA has sought a stimulus package from the Centre to support the soybean industry, which has been hit by the lockdown and the collapse of poultry sector. It has asked the Center to increase the import duty in edible oils.

Besides, the SOPA members have addressed to Ministry of Agriculture and Farmers Welfare have demanded exemption of GST on soybean and soymeal, the same time.

The poultry sector consumes 60% of the soymeal in India and there are no takers for it leading around half of the processing units being shut. According to the data released by NOPA, US crushed 178 million bushels of soybeans in March 21, second consecutive month of reduction also slightly less than expected. The soybean processing was down from 181.4 million bushels in March 2020 but up from 155.2 million bushels in March 2020.

The global 2020/21 soybean production estimate too increased to 363.18 million tonnes vs 361.82 million tonnes in the previous month report by USDA. World 2020/21 soymeal production is estimated slightly down at 253.3 million tonnes vs 254.14 million tonnes in its previous estimate.

The global 2020/21 soybean production estimate too increased to 363.18 million tonnes vs 361.82 million tonnes in the previous month report by USDA. World 2020/21 soymeal production is estimated slightly down at 253.3 million tonnes vs 254.14 million tonnes in its previous estimate.

U.S. ending stocks were 120 million bushels vs. the March estimate of 120 million bushels. The trade expected the USDA to print 119 million bushels today

For soybeans, the world ending stocks are estimated at 86.9 mmt. vs. the trade's expectation of 83.52 mmt. and the USDA's December estimate of 83.74 mmt.

Technical Analysis:

NCDEX Soybean Futures – July Contract



Soybean Spot, Nagpur



*Note: Daily Chart

Support & Resistance NCDEX Soybean – July contract

S1	S2	PCP	R1	R2
5800	6000	6540	6700	6900

- Soybean fell on selling pressure in the market.
- Prices closed below 18-day EMA.
- RSI and stochastic are falling in the neutral zone.
- MACD is falling in the negative territory.
- The prices are expected to feature loss in the coming week.
- Trade Recommendation (NCDEX Soybean – Jul) Week: **Sell** Below 6500 Levels: T1 – 6300; T2- 6200, SL – 6650.

Rapeseed - Mustard Seed

Rapeseed-mustard witnessed loss after weak domestic and global factors, as US government provide relief to U.S. oil refiners from mandates requiring the blending of biofuels including soy-based biodiesel. However, expected weak trend in other oilseeds may weigh on mustard prices in coming week but buying at lower level and short covering may support price gains.

Rapeseed Mustard slumped 6% to Rs.6842 /Qtl this week as compared to Rs 7296/Qtl last week.

NAFED had procured the rapeseed-mustard at 0.03 MT of rapeseed-mustard valued Rs 0.014 Lakh from Madhya Pradesh at MSP (Rs 4650/qtl) under PSS. However, the procurement couldn't pick-up the pace due to COVID lockdown restrictions.

AW has revised India's 2021/22 rapeseed-mustard production up to 8.54 million tonnes from 8.0 million tonnes estimated in its previous forecast and it is up 18% from 7.21 million tonnes estimated last season. The Government estimation of mustard crop is high at 10.4 MT. The COOIT has estimated mustard production at 8.90 MT.

Rapeseed oilcake traded 4% lower Rs 2695/ Qtl as compared to last week Rs 2800/Qtl, weakness in Rapeseed prices put additional pressure on the downside.

India has not imported any rape oil (canola) in March too as in last several months. India is unlikely to import the rape oil in coming months too. Lower imports in rape oil (canola) will lend support to the local rapeseed-mustard prices at the higher levels.

India's exports for rapeseed meal during April-May 2021 was up +66% at 274,692 metric tonnes compared to 165,737 metric tonnes during the same period previous marketing season.

The export of rapeseed meal in May'21 is reported at 96,870 metric tonnes against last year 14,4244 metric tonnes during the same period i.e. lower by -33%.

At NCDEX futures, the July contract of rapeseed-mustard fell at 6,565/Qtl compared to 6,843/Qtl in last week.

Previous Updates

The Solvent Extractors' Association (SEA) of India has urged the government to include rational provision in ASEAN agreement to restrict or regulate the imposition of export duty by the palm oil exporting countries. SEA feels that this will ensure a level-playing field for both the countries that export and import palm oil.

In a letter to its members, Atul Chaturvedi, President of SEA, said that there is always a bound rate for imposing highest export duty on palm oil and products imported by India under ASEAN agreement and Comprehensive Economic Cooperation Agreement with Malaysia.

He said the palm oil exporting countries seem to be free to impose export duty and levy as agreements overlook this issue. Indonesia has imposed US \$33 as export duty plus \$180 as a biodiesel levy making crude palm oil (CPO) expensive. Following this, India is compelled to pay high price for the same.

To support their local industry, that country has kept export duty and levy low on finished goods such as RBD palmolein.

Higher palm oil imports by India has always hit the domestic mustard oil demand and the rapeseed-mustard crush margins.

The Food Safety and Standards Authority of India (FSSAI) has withdrawn the order prohibiting blending of mustard oil.

The food regulator had until now allowed 20% blending in mustard oil under the standards for blended edible oil under FSS (Food Product Standards and Food Additives) Regulations. The decision to withdraw the September'20 order was taken after stakeholders made a representation to the authority.

Director, Indian Council of Agricultural Research – Directorate of Rapeseed Mustard Research, expects productivity of the rapeseed-mustard to improve in 2020-21 from last year's level of 1.42-1.48 tonnes per ha, on adequate soil moisture and better package of practices.

The MSP for rapeseed-mustard has been increased in line with the recommendations of Swaminathan Commission to Rs. 4,650 per quintal for marketing season 2021-22 from Rs. 4,425 per quintal in 2020-21 an increase of Rs. 225 a quintal.

Total procurement of the seed by Hafed in 2020/21 stands at 5,30,000 metric tonnes.

Agriwatch has projected India's MY 2021/22 rapeseed production at 8.54 million tonnes vs 7.2 million tonnes last season while COOIT has estimated the seed production at 8.95 million tonnes vs 7.5 million tonnes last season.

Outlook: *RM Seed Spot market has slumped due to weak demand, global factor (favourable weather condition in Canada) and weakness in soy complex also put additional pressure on musatard prices . However a pull back may be seen due to buying at lower level and short covering.*

Technical Analysis:

NCDEX RM Seed Futures

July Contract

RM Seed Spot, Jaipur



***Note: Daily Chart**

Support & Resistance NCDEX RM Seed – Jul contract

S1	S2	PCP	R1	R2
6200	6300	6565	6800	7000

- RM seed witnessed loss in the market.
- Prices closed below 18-day EMA.
- RSI and stochastic are falling in the neutral zone.
- MACD is easing in the negative territory.
- The prices are expected to feature loss during the week.
- Trade Recommendation (NCDEX Rapeseed-Mustard –Jul) Week: Sell- 6570 Levels: T1-6400, T2- 6300, SL –6700.

Annexure

Soy DOC Rates at Different Centers			
Centres	Ex-factory rates (Rs/ton)		
	17-Jun-21	10-Jun-21	Parity To
Indore - 45%, Jute Bag	59300	59500	Gujarat, MP
Kota - 45%, PP Bag	60200	62500	Rajasthan, Del, Punjab, Haryana
Dhulia/Jalna - 45%, PP Bag	63500	66000	Mumbai, Maharashtra
Nagpur - 45%, PP Bag	62500	64500	Chattisgarh, Orissa, Bihar, Bangladesh, AP, Kar, TN
Nanded	63000	64000	Andhra, AP, Kar, TN
Latur	62500	64500	-
Sangli	62000	63000	Local and South
Solapur	60300	61700	Local and South
Akola – 45%, PP Bag	60000	62000	Andhra, Chattisgarh, Orrisa, Jharkhand, WB
Hingoli	63500	63500	Andhra, Chattisgarh, Orrisa, Jharkhand, WB
Bundi	60000	62300	-

Soy DOC at Ports			
Centers	Port Price		
	16-Jun-21	09-Jun-21	Change
Kandla (FOR) (INR/MT)	NR	NR	-
Kandla (FAS) (USD/MT)	NR	NR	-
CNF Indonesia – Yellow SBM (USD/MT)	NR	NR	-

Rapeseed Meal	16-Jun-21	09-Jun-21	Change
FAS Kandla (USD/MT)	-	-	Unch
FOR Kandla (Rs/MT)	-	-	Unch
FOR Mundra (Rs/MT)	-	-	Unch
CNF Indonesia (USD/MT)	-	-	Unch

International Soy DOC			
Argentina FOB USD/MT	16-Jun-21	09-Jun-21	Change
Soybean Pellets	410	412	-2
Soybean Cake Flour	410	412	-2
Soya Meal	-	-	Unch
Soy Expellers	-	-	Unch

Sunflower (DOC) Rates	Ex-factory rates (Rs/ton)		
Centers	17-Jun-21	10-Jun-21	Change
Adoni	33000	34000	-1000
Khamgaon	-	-	Unch
Parli	-	-	Unch
Latur	32500	33500	-1000

Groundnut Meal (Rs/MT)	17-Jun-21	10-Jun-21	Change
Basis 45%, Saurashtra	40000	41500	-1500
Basis 40%, Saurashtra	38000	39000	-1000
GN Cake, Gondal	41000	43000	-2000

Mustard DOC	17-Jun-21	10-Jun-21	Change
Jaipur (Plant delivery)	20000	20200	-200
Kandla (FOR Rs/MT)	20500	21000	-500

Mumbai Oil Meal Quotes:			
Rs/M.T.	17-Jun-21	10-Jun-21	Change
G.N. Extr (45%)	41000	41500	-500
Kardi Extr	-	-	Unch
Undec Cottonseed Exp	33000	33000	Unch
Rice Bran Extr.	-	-	Unch
Sunflower Extr.	30000	31000	-1000
Rapeseed Extr.	-	-	Unch
Soymeal 48%	61304	63130	-1826
Castor Extr.	4650	4500	150

MSP of Rabi Oilseeds for Marketing Season 2021-22- GOI

Sl. No	Crops	MSP for Rabi 2021-22	MSP for Rabi 2020-21	Increase in MSP (Absolute)
1	Rapeseed-mustard	4,650	4,425	225
2	Safflower	5,327	5,215	112

The Cabinet Committee on Economic Affairs (CCEA) chaired by the Hon'ble Prime Minister Shri Narendra Modi has approved the increase in the Minimum Support Prices (MSPs) for all mandated Rabi crops for marketing season 2021-22.

Government has increased the MSP of Rabi crops for marketing season 2021-22, to ensure remunerative prices to the growers for their produce. This increase in MSP is in line with the recommendations of Swaminathan Commission.

Among the Rabi oilseeds the MSP for rapeseed-mustard has been increased to Rs. 4,650 per quintal for marketing season 2021-22 from Rs. 4,425 per quintal in 2020-21 an increase of Rs. 225 a quintal.

The MSP of safflower to Rs. 5,327 a quintal from earlier Rs. 5,215 per quintal an increase of Rs 112 per quintal.

MSP of Kharif Oilseeds for Marketing Season 2021-22 - GOI

Sl. No	Crops	MSP for Kharif 2021-22	MSP for Kharif 2020-21	Increase in MSP (Absolute)
1	Groundnut	5550	5275	275
2	Sunflower seed	6015	5885	130
3	Soybean (yellow)	3950	3880	70
4	Sesamum	7307	6855	452
5	Nigerseed	6930	6695	235

The Cabinet Committee on Economic Affairs (CCEA) chaired by the Hon'ble Prime Minister Shri Narendra Modi has approved the increase in the Minimum Support Prices (MSPs) for all mandated Kharif crops for marketing season 2021-22.

Government has increased the MSP of Kharif crops for marketing season 2020-21, to ensure remunerative prices to the growers for their produce.

Among the Kharif oilseeds the MSP for groundnut has been increased to Rs. 5500 per quintal for marketing season 2020-21 from Rs.5275 per quintal in 2019-20 an increase of Rs.275 a quintal.

The MSP of sunflower to Rs. 6015 a quintal from earlier Rs. 5885 per quintal an increase of Rs 130 per quintal, Soybean-yellow to Rs. 3950 a quintal to Rs. 3880 per quintal last season, an increase of Rs. 70 a quintal, Sesamum to Rs. 7307 a quintal from 6855 earlier, an increase of Rs. 452 a quintal and the MSP of Nigerseed have been increased to Rs. 6930 a quintal from Rs. 6695 a quintal earlier, increase of Rs 235 per quintal.

Among all the Kharif crops, the highest increase in MSP is proposed for sesamum (Rs 452 per quintal) followed by Tur (Rs 300 per quintal) and Urad (Rs 300 per quintal). The differential remuneration is aimed at encouraging crop diversification.

India's Oilseeds Production Seen at 365.7 Lakh Tonnes vs 332.20 Lakh Tonnes in 3rd Adv Est. for 2020-21- GOI

The 2nd Advance Estimates of production of oilseeds for 2020-21 have been released by the Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare on 25th May, 2021. The assessment of production of different crops is based on the feedback received from States and validated with information available from other sources.

The revised estimated production of major Oilseeds during 2020-21 is as under:

Oilseeds – 365.7 lakh tonnes in 2020-21 vs 332.19 lakh tonnes in 2019-20

- Groundnut – 101.2 lakh tonnes vs 99.52 lakh tonnes in 2019-20.
- Castorseed – 17.76 lakh tonnes vs 18.42 lakh tonnes
- Sesamum – 8.12 lakh tonnes vs 6.58 lakh tonnes
- Nigerseed – 0.41 lakh tonnes vs 0.41 lakh tonnes (No difference)
- Soybean – 134.1 lakh tonnes vs 112.26 lakh tonnes
- Sunflower – 2.24 lakh tonnes vs 2.13 lakh tonnes
- Rapeseed-mustard – 99.9 lakh tonnes vs 91.24 lakh tonnes
- Linseed – 1.40 lakh tonnes vs 1.21 lakh tonnes
- Safflower – 0.34 lakh tonnes vs 0.44 lakh tonnes.

Sown Area – *Kharif* Oilseeds, India

In the last official Kharif oilseeds planting report by the Ministry of Agriculture, the total coverage area under Kharif oilseeds is reported at 197.18 lakh hectares, an increase by 9.8% from 179.63 lakh ha in the corresponding period of last year. Of the major oilseeds, soybean sowing is reported up by 6.4% at 121.24 lha compared to 113.95 lha during the corresponding period of last year, groundnut at 50.98 lha vs 39.48 lha, sesamum 14.14 lha vs 13.73 lha, castor seed at 7.92 lha vs 9.44 lha and niger at 1.67 lha vs 2.04 lha, during the same period last year. We feel country's final area under oilseeds to be above normal by 8-9% this season.

Area in Lakh Hectares

Crop	Normal Area (5 Year Avg.)	2020-21	2019-20	% Change
Groundnut	42.43	50.98	39.48	29.1
Soybean	111.49	121.24	113.95	6.4
Sunflower	1.84	1.23	0.99	24.2
Sesamum	14.13	14.14	13.73	3.0
Niger	2.41	1.67	2.04	-18.1
Castor	9.65	7.92	9.44	-16.1
Total Oilseeds	181.95	197.18	179.63	9.8

Source: MoA, GOI

Sown Area – *Rabi* Oilseeds, India 2020-21

In the latest official rabi oilseeds planting report, by the Ministry of Agriculture, the total coverage area under rabi oilseeds is reported at 83.60 lakh hectares, up 5% from 79.37 lakh ha in the corresponding period of last year. Of the major oilseeds, rapeseed-mustard sowing is reported up by 7% at 73.89 lha compared to 68.84 lha during the corresponding period of last year. Groundnut at 4.57 lha vs 4.65 lha, safflower at 0.58 lha vs 0.63 lha, sunflower at 1.01 lha vs 1.02 lha, sesamum 0.44 lha vs 0.56 lha, linseed at 2.90 lha vs 3.34 lha and other 0.21 lha vs 0.33 lha during the same period last year.

Area in Lakh Hectares

Crop	Normal Area (5 Year Avg.)	As on 22 Jan. 2021	As on 22 Jan. 2020	% Change
Rapeseed/Mustard	59.44	73.89	68.84	7.3
Groundnut	7.28	4.57	4.65	-1.7
Safflower	1.18	0.58	0.63	-7.9
Sunflower	2.41	1.01	1.02	-1.0
Sesamum	0.00*	0.44	0.56	-21.4
Linseed	2.75	2.90	3.34	-13.2
Others	0.13	0.21	0.33	-36.4
Total Oilseeds	73.19	83.60	79.37	5.3

Source: MoA, GOI

Disclaimer

The information and opinions contained in the document have been compiled from sources believed to be reliable. The company does not warrant its accuracy, completeness and correctness. Use of data and information contained in this report is at your own risk. This document is not, and should not be construed as, an offer to sell or solicitation to buy any commodities. This document may not be reproduced, distributed or published, in whole or in part, by any recipient hereof for any purpose without prior permission from the Company. IASL and its affiliates and/or their officers, directors and employees may have positions in any commodities mentioned in this document (or in any related investment) and may from time to time add to or dispose of any such commodities (or investment). Please see the detailed disclaimer at <http://www.agriwatch.com/Disclaimer.asp>

© 2021 Indian Agribusiness Systems Pvt Ltd.