

Oilseed Weekly Research Report

Contents

- ❖ Executive Summary
- ❖ Outlook – Cash Market
- ❖ AW Oilseeds Index
- ❖ International Highlights
- ❖ Planted Area
- ❖ Soybean – Domestic & International
- ❖ Soy meal
- ❖ Technical Analysis - Soybean
- ❖ Rapeseed - Mustard
- ❖ RM Seed Supply, Rajasthan
- ❖ Technical Analysis – RM Seed
- ❖ Annexure – Prices etc.

Executive Summary

This week Soybean witnessed almost 2% rally as expected despite heavy supply at various trading center. Crushers, millers and traders showed buying interest at current levels. Additionally other oilseed complex also supported soybean price, Delay in monsoon amid shortage of certified seed and cues from international market also supported rally in the market.

The government has increased the MSP of Soybean by 1.80 per cent, to Rs 3,950/quintal from Rs 3,880/quintal and for groundnut by 5.21 per cent to Rs 5,550/quintal from Rs 5,275/quintal. Good price hike in retail and wholesale prices for oilseeds encouraged government to increase MSP for 2021-22. Soyoil retail price increased 35% so far compared to last year .

The soybean plant average delivery price at Nagpur is quoted 2.21% down at Rs. 7,635 /qtl as compare to last week price at Rs. 7,470 /qtl. The domestic soymeal inclined by 2 % compared to the previous week, However the prices may continue strength in coming weeks.

Rapeseed Mustard inclined by 2.1% to Rs.7,230 /Qtl this week as compared to Rs 7,079/Qtl last week and arrival declined. Rapeseed oilcake traded 2.7% up Rs 2,857/ Qtl as compared to last week Rs 2,780/Qtl, strength in Rapeseed prices put additional support on the upside.

We feel the soy and rapeseed-mustard complex to trade firm tone on decent buying activities of crushers and retailers. However, increase in export demand of soymeal and rapeseed meal may support meal price to rise from the current level in coming days. China is the regular buyers in global markets to fulfil its domestic demand of meal, which may also support meal prices to rise. However weak figures in exports of oilmeals in June'21 limited the gains.

India's export of oilmeals for the month of May 2021 is reported at 228,242 metric tonnes compared to 248,007 metric tonnes in April 2020 i.e. down by -8%.

Arrival of mustard seed in mandis has decreased at all places in the country which may support the prices, shortage of certified seed has been reported from maharashtra and Madhya Pradesh which account for 89% of total soybean production which may impact prices and production. In last few days monsoon was not favourable as expected which is major concern for the soybean growers.

Outlook – Cash Market

Outlook - Soybean (Spot, Nagpur): *The soybean prices is expected to remain elevated higher with firm bias on rise in crushing demand for seed However, Bullish sentiments in international soybean markets will also lend a support. The prices (Nagpur, Plant basis) are expected to feature range bound movement in the price band of 7,100 – 7,500 level.*

Outlook – Soy meal:

The soymeal demand in poultry is expected to witnessed firm tone. However strength in soybean and other oilseed complex may dwaw support to soymeal as well. The soy meal prices (Indore) are likely to feature range-bound movement between Rs. 62,000 – 65,000 /MT on good local and export demand, for medium-term.

Outlook - Rapeseed-Mustard (Spot, Jaipur basis): *Arrival of mustard seed in mandis has declined at all places in the country which may support the prices However, Rapeseed-mustard is expected to feature firm tone in near term due to domestic and international factors. The seed prices are likely to witness the price levels between 6,700 – 7,200/Qtl. in short-run.*

International Highlights

- ❖ CBOT July soybean futures closed 14.2 cents higher at \$ 14.04 1/4. New crop November soybean futures also closed 7 cents higher at \$ 13.26 3/4, on Friday.
- ❖ US soybean planting, is almost completed As of 4 July, the US soybean blooming stood at 29% steady from 29% same period last season however up from 5-year average of 24%. Further Soybean settling pods for week ending July 4 stood at 3% as compared to 2% same period last year , However 5 year average stood at 3%. Soybean condition for week ending 4 July stood at 14% Excellent, 57% good, 24%fair, 4%poor and 1% Very poor.
- ❖ The Brazilian state run agricultural agency, CONAB left Brazil's 2020/21 soybean crop estimate unchanged at 135.91 million tonnes vs 135.4 million tonnes in May'21 forecast and 124.845 million tonnes in 2019/20 in its recent report.
- ❖ USDA attache sees For 2021/22, Post forecasts soybean planted area for Brazil at 40.3 million hectares (ha), and production at 143.5 million metric tons (MMT), based on a yield of 3.56 mt per ha (hectare)
- ❖ In May21 according to the data released by NOPA, US crushed pegged at 163.521 million bushels which compares to April 160.310 million bushels of soybeans. The soybean processing was down from 171.75 million bushels in April 2020 also lower from 177.98 million bushels in March 2021. The market is expected lower US soybean crush figure for May'21 on dwindling stocks.
- ❖ Buenos Aires Gain Exchange has kept the Argentina 2020/21 soybean crop harvest estimate higher at 43.5 million tonnes vs 43 million tonnes from its previous estimates in expectation of better crop yield. So far, farmers have harvested total 91.4% of this season's soy crop.
- ❖ As per recent USDA June'21 report, Soybean production in the world is likely to increase by 6% to 386 million tonnes in next season (September- 2021- August 2020) in expectation of higher crop size in US and India. Total crop size in India may stand higher by 750,000 tonnes to 11.2 Million tonnes against 10.45 Million tonnes in this season. Higher soybean prices in this season will encourage farmers in India to cover higher soybean area.
- ❖ As per USDA report, China has imported higher soybean in May 2021-22 as compared to last year. The country has imported oilseeds at 107.25 million metric tonnes in May 2021-22 against 104.60 million metric tonnes in previous year.

Soybean

Soybean witnessed more than 2% rally from last week despite heavy supply at various trading center. Crushers, millers and traders showed buying interest at current levels. Additionally other oilseed complex also supported soybean price. Delay in monsoon amid shortage of certified seed and cues from international market also supported rally in the market. However the government may consider imposing stock limits on edible oils and oilseeds to cool prices in the domestic market which may drag prices lower.

The area under soybean planting is likely to increase by 5-7 Percent across the country this kharif season despite speculation in the market over the shortage of certified seeds. Farmers, however, are hoping for a revival of the monsoon to ensure a good crop. D N Pathak, executive director, Soybean Processors Association of India (SOPA) said. Pathak also said that the area under soybean cultivation will definitely increase in Maharashtra and Rajasthan but is likely to go down to some extent in Madhya Pradesh (MP).

As on 25 June 2021 about 23.64 lakh ha area coverage under oilseeds has been reported compared to 36.65 lakh ha during the corresponding period of last year. Thus 13.01 lakh ha less area has been covered compared to last year. Higher area is reported from the States of Rajasthan (1.46 lakh ha), Madhya Pradesh (1.37 lakh ha), Karnataka (0.51 lakh ha), Uttar Pradesh (0.03 lakh ha), Tamil Nadu (0.02 lakh ha), Uttarakhand (0.02 lakh ha) and Punjab (0.01 lakh ha). Less area is reported from the States of Maharashtra (11.36 lakh ha), Gujarat (4.08 lakh ha), Andhra Pradesh (0.43 lakh ha), Telangana (0.34 lakh ha), Chhattisgarh (0.08 lakh ha), Jharkhand (0.06 lakh ha), Sikkim (0.03 lakh ha), Jammu & Kashmir (0.01 lakh ha), Bihar (0.01 lakh ha) and Odisha (0.01 lakh ha). 13.45 lakh Hectare soybean planting have been done as compared to 23.36 lakh hectare last year.

Monsoon have completed almost a month; which is approx. 20% above normal in sense of distribution of monsoon. IMD had forecasted a halt in monsoon till 5th July, Monsoon was looking good till mid-June, now there is concern for kharif sowing crops. Kharif sowing is low until now as compared to last year. In MP Soy sowing has picked up pace, higher than last year amid certified seed shortage. Maharashtra government have issued an advisory to farmers to wait for second shower until 1st week of July. Hence Monsoon revival in the coming week may be crucial for kharif crop.

Slow monsoon progress and lesser availability of certified soyabean seeds may impact kharif sowing of the oilseed in Madhya Pradesh and Rajasthan, top two producers of the crop in the country.

Rainfall for week : (08 to 14 July, 2021)

Scattered to widespread rainfall very likely over Northwest India from 10th July onwards and isolated heavy rainfall also very likely over Jammu, Kashmir, Ladakh, Gilgit-Baltistan & Muzaffarabad & Punjab on 11th & 12th; Uttarakhand & West Uttar Pradesh during 08th to 14th; Himachal Pradesh, East Rajasthan & Haryana, Chandigarh & Delhi during 10th to 14 th and East Uttar Pradesh during 08th to 10th July, 2021. Isolated heavy to very heavy rainfall also very likely over Uttarakhand on 11th & 12th July, 2021

Agriculture Minister Narendra Singh Tomar launched a seed minikit programme to enhance production and productivity of pulses and oilseeds by distributing high yielding varieties of seeds of oilseeds to farmers which is provided by the central agencies National Seeds Corporation (NCS), NAFED and Gujarat State Seeds Corporation and wholly-funded by the Centre through the National Food Security Mission. The supply of minikit seeds will last till June 15, 2021 so that the seeds reach the farmers before the Kharif sowing starts. Government of India likely to distribute more than eight lakh soybean seed minikits and more than seventy thousand groundnut minikits free of cost to farmers.

GOI announced MSP for 2021-2022 marketing year, soybean Rs 3950 (70 Rs. up). India's soybean area is expected to rise 9.9% on year to a record high of 13.3 mln ha in the crop year.

1.3 million tones soy seed procured in MP to distribute among farmers Vs 1 million tons last year, more than 50% Soybean planting completed in parts of maharashtra, rajasthan and MP, However seed shortage may limit production.

CBOT July soybean futures closed 14.2 cents higher at \$ 14.04 1/4. New crop November soybean futures also closed 7 cents higher at \$ 13.26 3/4, on Friday.

In June'21 released data, the global 2021/22 soybean production estimate kept higher at 386 million tonnes vs 363.18 million tonnes in the previous year. Total crop size in India may stand higher by 750,000 tonnes to 11.2 Million tonnes against 10.45 Million tonnes in this season. Higher soybean prices in this season will encourage farmers in India to cover higher soybean area.

As per USDA, India soybean crush is kept higher by 300,000 tons to 9.7 million on account of higher crop prospects. Continued growth in domestic soybean meal consumption will pressure soybean meal exports to 1.7 million tons, lower than the previous year but near the 5-year average. Soybean oil imports are unchanged at 3.7 million tons as rising domestic supplies and high prices slow import demand.

Strong Chinese demand lower than expected US soybean planting intentions of 87.6 million acres, thought it is 5% higher compared to the previous year, and lower US soybean inventory number of 1.56 billion bushels in March 01 which 31% lower compared to same period last year kept the international soybean market strong.

For soybeans, the world ending stocks are estimated at 91.09 mmt. for 2021/22 vs. 87.99 mmt. in 2020/21.

Further, In the USDA's Foreign Agriculture Service post in Beijing China's soybean imports are forecast to reach a record 103 million tonnes in the marketing year 2021/22 and estimated 100 million tonnes in 2020/21 to meet the feed demand from the livestock and poultry sectors.

The USDA attache has projected US MY 2021/22 soybean production forecast at 119.88 million tonnes higher from 112.54 million tonnes in 2020/21.

Quantitatively, the monsoon seasonal (June to September) rainfall is likely to be 98% of the Long Period Average (LPA) with a model error of $\pm 5\%$. The LPA of the season rainfall over the country as a whole for the period 1961-2010 is 88 cm. If it realizes the kharif oilseeds' crop production, including soybean, will be within normal.

The overall export of oilmeals during April -May 2021 is also reported up by +52% at 531,700 metric tonnes compared to 350,157 metric tonnes during the same period last year.

Agriwatch has estimated its India's 2020/21 soybean output estimate to 10.7 million tonnes, up 22% from 8.74 million tonnes in 2019/20. USDA has pegged it at 11.2 million tonnes,

We expect India's soymeal exports to remain strong by 90-100% year-on-year for coming months, after fall in the soybean crushing in Argentina and Brazil as their stocks dried up.

India had imported 7,483,380 metric tonnes of edible oils in during Nov.'20 – Mar.'21 to meet the supply gap, up compared to 6,912,366 metric tonnes in during the same period last year.

India had imported 1,213,142 metric tonnes of edible oils in during May'21 ,down compared to 720,976 metric tonnes in during the same period last year.

Import during May '21 up by 19% compared to April 2021 due to lower stock in pipeline and lesser import during earlier months and increase in demand due to lifting of the lock down. Secondly, May '21 import showing 68% increased compared to May '20, as there was a complete lockdown which had affected the import during May '20. Thirdly, high price of Sunflower Oil discouraged its import, while Soybean oil import marginally improved.

The soybean plant average delivery price at Nagpur is quoted 2.21% down at Rs. 7,635 /qtl as compare to last week price at Rs. 7,470 /qtl.

The arrivals of bean increased by 18% by 325000 bags in the cash market yards of Maharashtra during the week against 275000 bags in previous week.

The major buyers are as follows: Agrawal, Neemuch, Shanti Overseas, Living Food, Goyal Protein, Bansal-Bhopal, Vippy-Dewas, ABIS, Sneha, Ruchi Soya, Shalimar Katol, Vippy Dewas, Dhanuka Neemuch, Avi Agri Ujjain, M.S. Neemuch, RH Seoni, Prakash, Kriti Dewas, Mahakali, Prestige Dewas, Itarsi Oil, Sanwaria Itarsi, MS Solvex Neemuch, MS Soya Pachore, during the week.

Domestic soybean prices are likely to feature firm tone amid bullish domestic and international factors. However upcoming USDA report numbers might set tone for the market in upcoming weeks. Additionally monsoon progress may also impact prices in near term.

International:

The Brazilian state run agricultural agency, CONAB left Brazil's 2020/21 soybean crop estimate unchanged at 135.91 million tonnes vs 135.4 million tonnes in May'21 forecast and 124.845 million tonnes in 2019/20 in its recent report.

US soybean planting, is almost completed As of 4 July, the US soybean blooming stood at 29% steady from 29% same period last season however up from 5-year average of 24%. Further Soybean settling pods for week ending July 4 stood at 3% as compared to 2% same period last year , However 5 year average stood at 3%. Soybean condition for week ending 4 July stood at 14% Excellent, 57% good, 24%fair, 4%poor and 1% Very poor.

In the prospective planting report by the National Agricultural Statistics Service (NASS), Agricultural Statistics Board, (USDA), the soybean planted area for 2021 is estimated at 87.6 million acres, up 5 percent from last year (83.084 million acres).

AgResource raised Brazil's 2020/21 soybean harvest to 129.98 million tonnes from 128 million tonnes previously projected.

According to the Buenos Aires Grain Exchange, the nationwide average soybean yield is 3,030 kg/ha (45.1 bushel/acre), which is unchanged from last week. The yields are ranging from 1,670 kg/ha to 3,250 kg/ha (24.8 bushel/acre to 48.4 bushel/acre). The Buenos Aires Grain Exchange kept their soybean estimate higher at 43.5 million tons.

Brazil's soybean exports is estimated to reach to 7.64 million metric tonnes in July – ANEC.

In the virtual Price Outlook Conference (POC) organized by Bursa Malaysia Thomas Mielke is in view that, after establishing new multi-year highs, the global edible oil prices are likely to be close to their peak, as the bullish fundamentals should be largely discounted. He added that the prices are set to start weakening in the Apr/June quarter followed by further setback in July/Dec, attributed to increasing South East Asian palm oil and South American soybean production as well as prospective sharp increase in oilseeds plantings in the Northern Hemisphere.

USDA attaché has projected China's 2021/22 soybean imports at 103 million tonnes which is higher than million tonnes imported in 2019/20 by the country. The reason cited is the higher beginning stocks in the new marketing season following a buying spree in 2019/20. This is below the average growth observed prior to the arrival of African swine fever (ASF) in 2018 as domestic soybean production remains 35 percent above pre-ASF levels at 19.0 million tons. Crush growth continues at historic levels while stocks are projected to reach a record of 34.0 million tons. Soybean meal and oil trade are forecast nearly unchanged

Soymeal

The domestic weekly average soymeal prices at Indore was 2% up to Rs 61,333 /MT compared to the weekly average of Rs 60,083 /MT previous week. Strength in soybean prices and other oilseed complex supported the prices. Soymeal expected to trade rangebound. However, good demand in local and global market may support prices.

The soymeal along with other oilmeal exports continued remain strong in June 2021, as in the recent months.

World 2021/22 soymeal production is estimated higher at 260.32 million tonnes vs 253.12 million tonnes against last year record, in USDA June report.

Higher 2021/22 US soybean planting estimates in the prospective planting report on June 20, indicates higher availability of the bean and subsequently meal if the crop yield stands at normal.

Robust Chinese soy demand, lower than expected soybean production estimates in US and Argentina will remain bullish for soymeal for some more time.

India's May 2021 soymeal exports increased by 12% to 52,434 metric tonnes compared to 46,614 metric tonnes in the same period last year. Further, the soymeal shipments improved by +27% to 92,193 metric tonnes in aggregate, during the last ten months (April-May.) of financial year 2020-21 compared to 72,554 metric tonnes during the corresponding period last year.

India's export of oilmeals for the month of May 2021 is reported at 228,242 metric tonnes compared to 248,007 metric tonnes in April 2020 i.e. down by -8%.

The overall export of oilmeals during April -May 2021 is also reported up by +52% at 531,700 metric tonnes compared to 350,157 metric tonnes during the same period last year.

In current year financial year 2021-22, export of oilmeals in first two months showing improvement. Export of Soybean meal slightly improved, thanks to buying by U.S.A., while Rapeseed meal substantially increased, due to higher shipment to South Korea and Thailand. Ricebran Extraction is performing better due to larger demand from Vietnam and Bangladesh.

India's exports for rapeseed meal during April-May 2021 was up +66% at 274,692 metric tonnes compared to 165,737 metric tonnes during the same period previous marketing season.

The export of rapeseed meal in May'21 is reported at 96,870 metric tonnes against last year 14,4244 metric tonnes during the same period i.e. lower by -33%.

The domestic soymeal demand has considerably recovered in previous months, from poultry sector, but still below pre-COVID levels. Poultry industry contributes more than 60% of the total domestic soymeal demand.

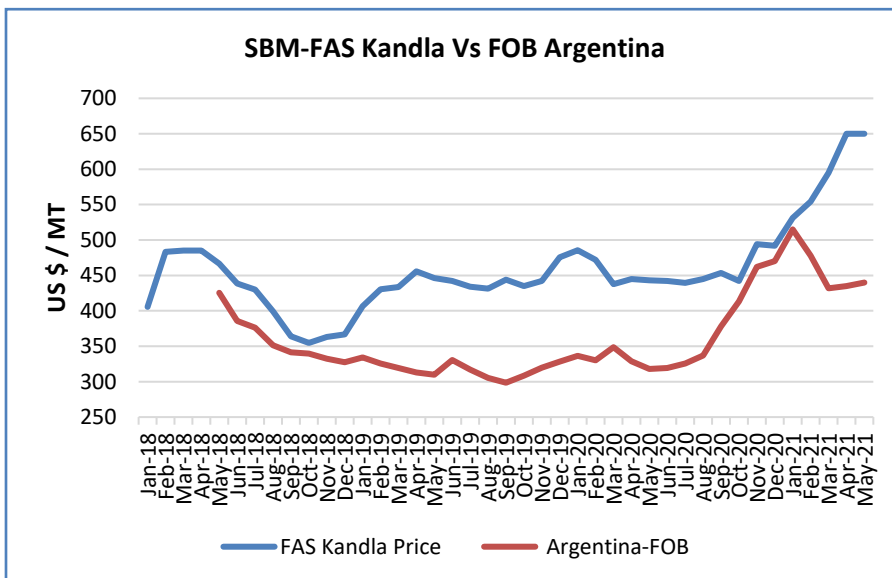
The international soy meal prices are getting competitive after improved the soybean crop prospects. The soy meal export price spread of India vs Argentina (FAS Kandla and FOB Argentina) have further declined to US \$ 210/MT in May'21 vs US \$ 215/MT in April'21, leading incompetitiveness for Indian soy meal exports.

The domestic weekly average soy meal prices at Indore was 2.9% up to Rs 63,142 /MT and was quoted between Rs 62,000 – 64,000/MT compared to the weekly average of Rs 61,333/MT and was traded between the price ranges of Rs. 60,000 – 63,000/MT previous week.

Weekly average prices at various centers also closed higher side compared to last week prices. At Latur,

the weekly average soy meal prices inclined by 4.6 % to Rs. 70,642 /MT compared to Rs. 67,416/MT a week ago however in Nanded it was quoted 3.6% higher at Rs. 64,833/MT compared to Rs. 67,285/MT a week ago. In Kota the meal prices inclined 4.5% to Rs. 65,428/MT compared to Rs. 62,466/MT previous week.

The soy meal prices (Indore) are likely to feature range-bound movement between Rs. 60,000 – 65,000 /MT on good local and export demand, for medium-term However momentum in other oilseed complex may also impact prices, However, If government imposes stock limit on oilseed, the prices of rapeseed may fall sharply, leading to lower prices of rapeseed meal as well.



Previous updates:

CONAB has raised Brazil's 2020/21 soybean crop estimate to 135.54 million tonnes vs 135.131 million tonnes in March forecast and 124.845 million tonnes in 2019/20.

According to the data released by NOPA, US crushed 160.3 million bushels of soybeans in April 21. The soybean processing was down from 171.75 million bushels in April 2020 and also lower by 1.8% from 177.98 million bushels in March 2021.

The international soy market is strong on bullish global supply scenario due forecast to lower than expected soybean production and likely fall in the US soy inventories in August 2021 followed by the Chinese buying spree.

SOPA has sought a stimulus package from the Centre to support the soybean industry, which has been hit by the lockdown and the collapse of poultry sector. It has asked the Center to increase the import duty in edible oils.

Besides, the SOPA members have addressed to Ministry of Agriculture and Farmers Welfare have demanded exemption of GST on soybean and soymeal, the same time.

The poultry sector consumes 60% of the soymeal in India and there are no takers for it leading around half of the processing units being shut. According to the data released by NOPA, US crushed 178 million bushels of soybeans in March 21, second consecutive month of reduction also slightly less than expected. The soybean processing was down from 181.4 million bushels in March 2020 but up from 155.2 million bushels in March 2020.

The global 2020/21 soybean production estimate too increased to 363.18 million tonnes vs 361.82 million tonnes in the previous month report by USDA. World 2020/21 soymeal production is estimated slightly down at 253.3 million tonnes vs 254.14 million tonnes in its previous estimate.

The global 2020/21 soybean production estimate too increased to 363.18 million tonnes vs 361.82 million tonnes in the previous month report by USDA. World 2020/21 soymeal production is estimated slightly down at 253.3 million tonnes vs 254.14 million tonnes in its previous estimate.

U.S. ending stocks were 120 million bushels vs. the March estimate of 120 million bushels. The trade expected the USDA to print 119 million bushels today

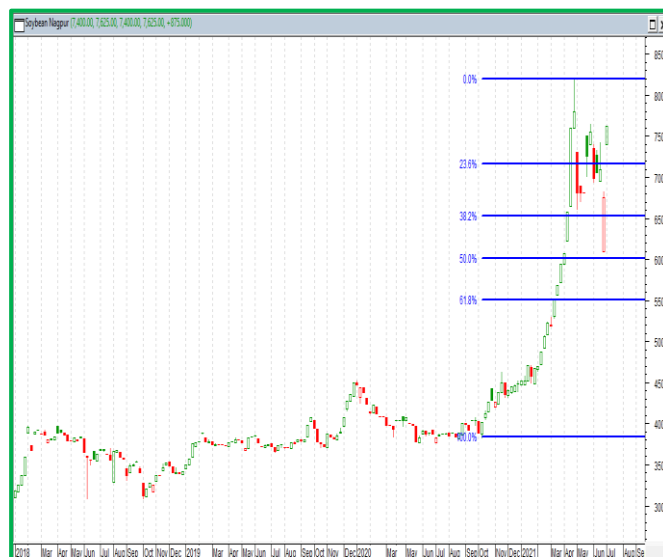
For soybeans, the world ending stocks are estimated at 86.9 mmt. vs. the trade's expectation of 83.52 mmt. and the USDA's December estimate of 83.74 mmt.

Technical Analysis:

NCDEX Soybean Futures – August Contract



Soybean Spot, Nagpur



*Note: Daily Chart

Support & Resistance NCDEX Soybean – July contract

S2	S1	PCP	R1	R2
6800	7000	7250	7700	7900

- Soybean gained on buyers interest.
- Prices closed above 9-day and 18-day EMA indicating firm tone in near term.
- RSI and stochastic are rising from lower level indicating good buying strength.
- MACD crossover indicates bullish tone in near term..
- The prices are expected to feature gain in the coming week.
- Trade Recommendation (NCDEX Soybean – Aug) Week: **BUY** Levels: 7230 T1 – 7350; T2- 7500, SL – 6900.

Rapeseed - Mustard Seed

There is a huge decline in the arrival of mustard in the spot market but the demand is strong by millers and crushers. Traders are ready to purchase mustard at higher prices but farmers are still not reaching the market with their produce. There is a demand for mustard oil especially from the states of North India like Bihar, Uttar Pradesh and West Bengal. Subsequently the ban on blending in mustard after June 8, the demand for mustard has increased. Further, Mustard prices may draw support from, firm demand, declining stock and arrival, strength in oilseed complex, delay in monsoon and strength in CME canola futures.

Rapeseed Mustard inclined by 2.1% to Rs.7,230 /Qtl this week as compared to Rs 7,079/Qtl last week and arrival declined.

NAFED had procured the rapeseed-mustard at 0.03 MT of rapeseed-mustard valued Rs 0.014 Lakh from Madhya Pradesh at MSP (Rs 4650/qtl) under PSS. However, the procurement couldn't pick-up the pace due to COVID lockdown restrictions.

AW has revised India's 2021/22 rapeseed-mustard production up to 8.54 million tonnes from 8.0 million tonnes estimated in its previous forecast and it is up 18% from 7.21 million tonnes estimated last season. The Government estimation of mustard crop is high at 10.4 MT. The COOIT has estimated mustard production at 8.90 MT.

Rapeseed oilcake traded 2.7% up Rs 2,857/ Qtl as compared to last week Rs 2,780/Qtl, strength in Rapeseed prices put additional support on the upside.

As per market sources, approximately 78% of the current mustard crop has been crushed, while farmers and traders hold the remaining 22% of the production.

India has not imported any rape oil (canola) in March too as in last several months. India is unlikely to import the rape oil in coming months too. Lower imports in rape oil (canola) will lend support to the local rapeseed-mustard prices at the higher levels.

India's exports for rapeseed meal during April-May 2021 was up +66% at 274,692 metric tonnes compared to 165,737 metric tonnes during the same period previous marketing season.

The export of rapeseed meal in May'21 is reported at 96,870 metric tonnes against last year 14,4244 metric tonnes during the same period i.e. lower by -33%.

At NCDEX futures, the August contract of rapeseed-mustard fell at 6,766/Qtl compared to 7,013/Qtl in last week.

Previous Updates

The Solvent Extractors' Association (SEA) of India has urged the government to include rational provision in ASEAN agreement to restrict or regulate the imposition of export duty by the palm oil exporting countries. SEA feels that this will ensure a level-playing field for both the countries that export and import palm oil.

In a letter to its members, Atul Chaturvedi, President of SEA, said that there is always a bound rate for imposing highest export duty on palm oil and products imported by India under ASEAN agreement and Comprehensive Economic Cooperation Agreement with Malaysia.

He said the palm oil exporting countries seem to be free to impose export duty and levy as agreements overlook this issue. Indonesia has imposed US \$33 as export duty plus \$180 as a biodiesel levy making crude palm oil (CPO) expensive. Following this, India is compelled to pay high price for the same.

To support their local industry, that country has kept export duty and levy low on finished goods such as RBD palmolein.

Higher palm oil imports by India has always hit the domestic mustard oil demand and the rapeseed-mustard crush margins.

The Food Safety and Standards Authority of India (FSSAI) has withdrawn the order prohibiting blending of mustard oil.

The food regulator had until now allowed 20% blending in mustard oil under the standards for blended edible oil under FSS (Food Product Standards and Food Additives) Regulations. The decision to withdraw the September'20 order was taken after stakeholders made a representation to the authority.

Director, Indian Council of Agricultural Research – Directorate of Rapeseed Mustard Research, expects productivity of the rapeseed-mustard to improve in 2020-21 from last year's level of 1.42-1.48 tonnes per ha, on adequate soil moisture and better package of practices.

The MSP for rapeseed-mustard has been increased in line with the recommendations of Swaminathan Commission to Rs. 4,650 per quintal for marketing season 2021-22 from Rs. 4,425 per quintal in 2020-21 an increase of Rs. 225 a quintal.

Agriwatch has projected India's MY 2021/22 rapeseed production at 8.54 million tonnes vs 7.2 million tonnes last season while COOIT has estimated the seed production at 8.95 million tonnes vs 7.5 million tonnes last season.

Outlook: RM Seed Spot market has gained due to low arrival and good demand, additionally strength in other oilseed complex supported the price. Additionally Canola futures at CME continued rally because of heatwave looked to affect harvest scenario for canola in Canada. High temperature forecast in coming weeks may cause the canola flowers to drop prematurely, lead to drop in yield which may impact domestic prices as well. If government imposes stock limit on oilseed, the prices of rapeseed may fall sharply, leading to lower prices of rapeseed meal as well.

Technical Analysis:

NCDEX RM Seed Futures

August Contract

RM Seed Spot, Jaipur



*Note: Daily Chart

Support & Resistance NCDEX RM Seed – Jul contract

S2	S1	PCP	R1	R2
6500	6600	6866	7350	7500

- RM seed witnessed loss on sellers pressure.
- Prices closed below 9-day and 18-day EMA indicating weak tone in near term.
- RSI and stochastic are rising from lower level indicating good buying strength.
- MACD crossover indicates bullish tone in near term..
- Open interest have gone up while prices have come down, which indicates short buildup.
- Trade Recommendation (NCDEX Rapeseed-Mustard –Jul) Week: Sell 6900 Levels: T1-6800, T2- 6700, SL –7000.

Annexure

Oilseed Prices at Key Spot Markets:

Commodity / Centre	Prices (Rs/Qtl)				Change
Soybean	08-Jul-21		01-Jul-21		
	Low	High	Low	High	
Indore –Plant	7400	7475	7250	7350	125
Indore–Mandi	7200	7450	7000	7200	250
Nagpur-Plant	7450	7550	7500	7650	-100
Nagpur – Mandi	Closed	Closed	6400	7280	-
Latur – Mandi	Closed	Closed	7200	7515	-
Akola – Mandi	Closed	Closed	6900	7150	-
Kota-Plant	7275	7375	7200	7250	125
Kota – Mandi	7100	7350	6800	7200	150
Bundi-Plant	7100	7300	7000	7200	100
Bundi-Mandi	6900	7200	6600	6900	300
Baran-Plant	7270	7370	7250	7350	20
Baran-Mandi	6975	7275	6650	6950	325
Bhawani Mandi Jhalawar–Plant	7300	7400	7125	7225	175
Jhalwar-Mandi	7000	7300	6225	6725	575
Rapeseed/Mustard					
Jaipur-(Condition)	7100	7125	7100	7125	Unch
Alwar-(Condition)	6800	6950	6800	6850	100
Sri Ganganagar-(Non-Condition)	6600	6700	6550	6650	50
New Delhi–(Condition)	6750	6800	6900	6950	-150
Kota-(Condition)	6500	6600	6400	6500	100
Agra-(Condition)	7143	7238	7095	7190	48
Neewai-(Condition)	6650	6850	6700	6900	-50
Hapur (UP)-(Condition)	6850	6900	6950	7000	-100
Groundnut Seed					
Rajkot	1005	1005	975	975	30
Sunflower Seed					
Gulbarga	NA	NA	0	0	-

Latur	Closed	Closed	7600	7700	-
Sholapur	Closed	Closed	7600	7700	-
Soybean Prices are in INR/ctl. (1 bag=90 kg). Mandi prices – Loose, Mustard Seed Prices are in INR/qt (1 bag=85 kg) C – Condition (42%), *Groundnut seed in Rs/20 kg, Sunflower Seed in Rs/ctl.					

MSP of Rabi Oilseeds for Marketing Season 2021-22- GOI

Sl. No	Crops	MSP for Rabi 2021-22	MSP for Rabi 2020-21	Increase in MSP (Absolute)
1	Rapeseed-mustard	4,650	4,425	225
2	Safflower	5,327	5,215	112

The Cabinet Committee on Economic Affairs (CCEA) chaired by the Hon'ble Prime Minister Shri Narendra Modi has approved the increase in the Minimum Support Prices (MSPs) for all mandated Rabi crops for marketing season 2021-22.

Government has increased the MSP of Rabi crops for marketing season 2021-22, to ensure remunerative prices to the growers for their produce. This increase in MSP is in line with the recommendations of Swaminathan Commission.

Among the Rabi oilseeds the MSP for rapeseed-mustard has been increased to Rs. 4,650 per quintal for marketing season 2021-22 from Rs. 4,425 per quintal in 2020-21 an increase of Rs. 225 a quintal.

The MSP of safflower to Rs. 5,327 a quintal from earlier Rs. 5,215 per quintal an increase of Rs 112 per quintal.

MSP of Kharif Oilseeds for Marketing Season 2021-22 - GOI

Sl. No	Crops	MSP for Kharif 2021-22	MSP for Kharif 2020-21	Increase in MSP (Absolute)
1	Groundnut	5550	5275	275
2	Sunflower seed	6015	5885	130
3	Soybean (yellow)	3950	3880	70
4	Sesamum	7307	6855	452
5	Nigerseed	6930	6695	235

The Cabinet Committee on Economic Affairs (CCEA) chaired by the Hon'ble Prime Minister Shri Narendra Modi has approved the increase in the Minimum Support Prices (MSPs) for all mandated Kharif crops for marketing season 2021-22.

Government has increased the MSP of Kharif crops for marketing season 2020-21, to ensure remunerative prices to the growers for their produce.

Among the Kharif oilseeds the MSP for groundnut has been increased to Rs. 5500 per quintal for marketing season 2020-21 from Rs.5275 per quintal in 2019-20 an increase of Rs.275 a quintal.

The MSP of sunflower to Rs. 6015 a quintal from earlier Rs. 5885 per quintal an increase of Rs 130 per quintal, Soybean-yellow to Rs. 3950 a quintal to Rs. 3880 per quintal last season, an increase of Rs. 70 a quintal, Sesamum to Rs. 7307 a quintal from 6855 earlier, an increase of Rs. 452 a quintal and the MSP of Nigerseed have been increased to Rs. 6930 a quintal from Rs. 6695 a quintal earlier, increase of Rs 235 per quintal.

Among all the Kharif crops, the highest increase in MSP is proposed for sesamum (Rs 452 per quintal) followed by Tur (Rs 300 per quintal) and Urad (Rs 300 per quintal). The differential remuneration is aimed at encouraging crop diversification.

India's Oilseeds Production Seen at 365.7 Lakh Tonnes vs 332.20 Lakh Tonnes in 3rd Adv Est. for 2020-21- GOI

The 2nd Advance Estimates of production of oilseeds for 2020-21 have been released by the Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare on 25th May, 2021. The assessment of production of different crops is based on the feedback received from States and validated with information available from other sources.

The revised estimated production of major Oilseeds during 2020-21 is as under:

Oilseeds – 365.7 lakh tonnes in 2020-21 vs 332.19 lakh tonnes in 2019-20

- Groundnut – 101.2 lakh tonnes vs 99.52 lakh tonnes in 2019-20.
- Castorseed – 17.76 lakh tonnes vs 18.42 lakh tonnes
- Sesamum – 8.12 lakh tonnes vs 6.58 lakh tonnes
- Nigerseed – 0.41 lakh tonnes vs 0.41 lakh tonnes (No difference)
- Soybean – 134.1 lakh tonnes vs 112.26 lakh tonnes
- Sunflower – 2.24 lakh tonnes vs 2.13 lakh tonnes
- Rapeseed-mustard – 99.9 lakh tonnes vs 91.24 lakh tonnes
- Linseed – 1.40 lakh tonnes vs 1.21 lakh tonnes
- Safflower – 0.34 lakh tonnes vs 0.44 lakh tonnes.

Sown Area – *Kharif* Oilseeds, India

In the last official Kharif oilseeds planting report by the Ministry of Agriculture, the total coverage area under Kharif oilseeds is reported at 197.18 lakh hectares, an increase by 9.8% from 179.63 lakh ha in the corresponding period of last year. Of the major oilseeds, soybean sowing is reported up by 6.4% at 121.24 lha compared to 113.95 lha during the corresponding period of last year, groundnut at 50.98 lha vs 39.48 lha, sesamum 14.14 lha vs 13.73 lha, castor seed at 7.92 lha vs 9.44 lha and niger at 1.67 lha vs 2.04 lha, during the same period last year. We feel country's final area under oilseeds to be above normal by 8-9% this season.

Area in Lakh Hectares

Crop	Normal Area (5 Year Avg.)	2020-21	2019-20	% Change
Groundnut	42.43	50.98	39.48	29.1
Soybean	111.49	121.24	113.95	6.4
Sunflower	1.84	1.23	0.99	24.2
Sesamum	14.13	14.14	13.73	3.0
Niger	2.41	1.67	2.04	-18.1
Castor	9.65	7.92	9.44	-16.1
Total Oilseeds	181.95	197.18	179.63	9.8

Source: MoA, GOI

Sown Area – *Rabi* Oilseeds, India 2020-21

In the latest official rabi oilseeds planting report, by the Ministry of Agriculture, the total coverage area under rabi oilseeds is reported at 83.60 lakh hectares, up 5% from 79.37 lakh ha in the corresponding period of last year. Of the major oilseeds, rapeseed-mustard sowing is reported up by 7% at 73.89 lha compared to 68.84 lha during the corresponding period of last year. Groundnut at 4.57 lha vs 4.65 lha, safflower at 0.58 lha vs 0.63 lha, sunflower at 1.01 lha vs 1.02 lha, sesamum 0.44 lha vs 0.56 lha, linseed at 2.90 lha vs 3.34 lha and other 0.21 lha vs 0.33 lha during the same period last year.

Area in Lakh Hectares				
Crop	Normal Area (5 Year Avg.)	As on 22 Jan. 2021	As on 22 Jan. 2020	% Change
Rapeseed/Mustard	59.44	73.89	68.84	7.3
Groundnut	7.28	4.57	4.65	-1.7
Safflower	1.18	0.58	0.63	-7.9
Sunflower	2.41	1.01	1.02	-1.0
Sesamum	0.00*	0.44	0.56	-21.4
Linseed	2.75	2.90	3.34	-13.2
Others	0.13	0.21	0.33	-36.4
Total Oilseeds	73.19	83.60	79.37	5.3

Source: MoA, GOI

Disclaimer

The information and opinions contained in the document have been compiled from sources believed to be reliable. The company does not warrant its accuracy, completeness and correctness. Use of data and information contained in this report is at your own risk. This document is not, and should not be construed as, an offer to sell or solicitation to buy any commodities. This document may not be reproduced, distributed or published, in whole or in part, by any recipient hereof for any purpose without prior permission from the Company. IASL and its affiliates and/or their officers, directors and employees may have positions in any commodities mentioned in this document (or in any related investment) and may from time to time add to or dispose of any such commodities (or investment). Please see the detailed disclaimer at <http://www.agriwatch.com/Disclaimer.asp>

© 2021 Indian Agribusiness Systems Pvt Ltd.