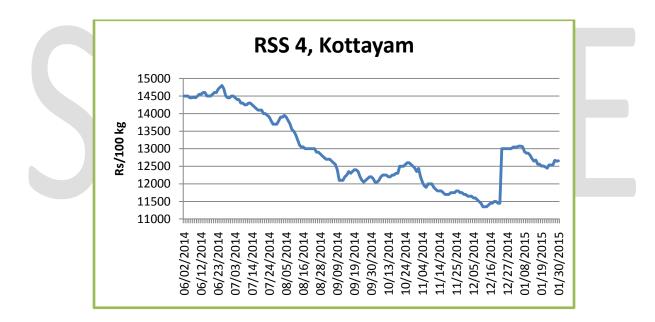


Domestic and Export Trade:

Domestic Rubber Prices

Centers	Category	Price (Rs	/100 Kg)	Chg	
		16.10.2015	9.10.2015		
	RSS-4	11500	11400	100	
Kattawan	RSS-5	11300	11150	150	
Kottayam	ISNR-20	10400	10250	150	
	Latex (60% drc)	8720	8665	55	
Cochin	RSS-4	11450	11400	50	
	RSS-5	11300	11150	150	



Mixed trend featured in the domestic natural rubber (NR) in recent weeks. However, the rubber prices witnessed moderate gains which were limited by the bearish global factors, during week under review.

The domestic rubber prices are reeling under pressure and they are at multi-year lower (near 5 year low).

Sharp fall in crude in the international market, increased NR imports of above 25% in recent months, and overall rise in rubber output of 5% during the current fiscal contributed to the bears in the NR.



India's natural rubber imports in December increased 8% from a year earlier to 29,728 tonnes as a drop in production pushed the tyre manufactures to increase imports, stated the Rubber Board of India.

India's production in December month fell 36% on year to 63,000 tonnes, while consumption rose 1.4% to 83,500 tonnes.

Coming to synthetic rubber (SR), India's production increased by 39.7% to 76,932 tonnes during the second half of 2014-15 and the consumption went up during the period by 9.9% to 265,320 tonnes, again signaling bears to the rubber prices. Further, weakness in crude oil which is now above US \$ 50/barrel – WTI NYMEX, means lower input cost for SR.

Besides, NMCE Rubber March contract is trading down on selling pressure by the participants. The rubber in the derivative is likely to trade down during the week on selling pressure.

The futures prices are currently ruling at Rs. 11841 per quintal, the prices tested around Rs. 12989 per quintal during the first week of January, since then the prices continued to fall at the NMCE March contract.

Currently, the international NR prices are ruling lower than the domestic prices. Our calculation below reveals that there is parity in imports.

Lower prices of the for the domestic NR has made the growers worried of which some are looking for alternative options, like bee-keeping, coffee, cocoa and nutmeg.

Sharp fall in crude oil prices continued to contribute negative impact on the industry. Lower crude oil prices translate to cheap availability in synthetic rubber which may hurt the NR demand to some extent.

Concern over Chinese economy, volatile global stock market, weakness in benchmark Tokyo rubber futures and sharp fall in crude oil prices will continue to weight on the NR prices in medium-term.



International Development and Impact:

International Rubber Prices

Centers	Category	Price (Rs	/100 Kg)	Chg
		16.10.2015	9.10.2015	_
	RSS-1	8950	9025	-75
	RSS-2	8840	8916	-76
	RSS-3	8738	8817	-79
Bangkok	RSS-4	8683	8762	-79
	RSS-5	8600	8681	-81
	SMR-20	-	-	-
	Latex (60% drc)	-	-	-
Kuala Lumpur	RSS-1	-	-	-
	SMR-20	8314	8330	-16
	Latex (60% drc)	6467	6533	-66

The International prices inched-up once again on multiple factors during the week in review. This is for the second time which boosted after second half of December'14 followed by rain and flood concern in peninsular Malaysia and Southern part of Thailand.

The gains are supported by the spurt in NR prices at benchmark TOCOM which have rebound from 2week low with the reports in Japan's rubber inventories.

In the major events, the crude rubber inventories at Japanese ports is reported at 12,976 tonnes as of Jan. 20 which is down 0.5% from 10 days earlier, figures released by the Rubber Trade Association of Japan.

Spurt in crude oil this week supported the gains.

Besides, concerns on supply tightness in key rubber producing countries, which were heading into the dry wintering season in the coming months remained a bullish factor.

However, the global NR prices are still low there is a steep fall in the prices during the year 2014. Benchmark TOCOM rubber futures has already marked a seven year low followed by weaker-thanexpected macroeconomic data from China.

The rubber prices are competitive at the international market as compared to the Indian.

The major producers Thailand, Malaysia and Indonesia are meeting over low rubber price.



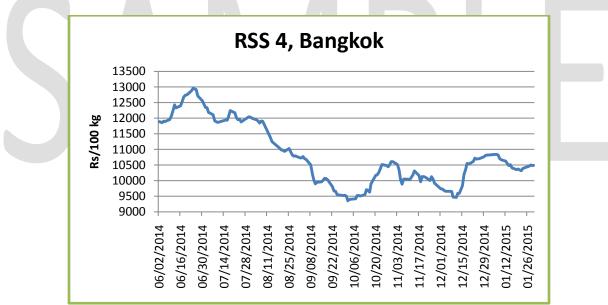
The Malaysian Rubber Board is positive and foresees brighter prospects in NR expecting fresh Chinese demand for the commodity in 2015.

The board has also forecast that demand in NR is expected to exceed the world's supply helped in part by measures being taken by the International Tripartite Rubber Council consisting of Malaysia, Thailand and Indonesia to curb the fall in the commodities prices.

Continued fall in crude oil prices, stronger yen against the dollar, volatile global stock markets will be the key factors which will influence the global rubber market in atleast in short-term.

The global rubber markets will be mostly range-bound contributed by tight rubber supply resulted from the recent heavy floods in southern Thailand and northern Malaysia.

The rubber prices expected to remain range-bound in the coming week as traders and investors are awaiting a clearer direction of the global economy for current fiscal.



Outlook and Recommendation:

Spot: The domestic prices are likely to feature range bound tracking international market where traders are waiting for the clear direction of the global economy for current fiscal. Sharp fall in crude oil prices and bearish underlying factors will continue to limit the gains. Higher imports by India and steady demand will limit the gains. However, reduction in production by the tripartite council and signs of recovery in crude may support the upward movement in the prices in coming weeks.



Import Parity/Disparity in Rubber:

Bhat into INR	Bangkok (FOB Price- Baht/kg) into INR	Insurance Rs/kg	Frieght in INR/kg (@USD55/tonne)	Import Duty RS/kg	Landed Cost/Kg
1.89	105.2	0.53	3.40 21.0357		130.14
			RSS-4 Price i	205	
			Parity/Disparit	ty Rs/kg	-74.77

FOB Bangkok (Price in Bhat/Kg)

Comparitive Period	RSS 1	Ribbed RSS 2	Smoked RSS 3	l Sheet RSS 4	RSS 5	Str STR 5L	andard T STR 5	Thai Rubb STR 10	er STR 20	Late x Late x
				Bang	kok (FOE	B Price-Ba	aht/Kg)			
16/10/2015	48.60	48.00	47.45	47.15	46.70	48.00			45.15	31.75
9/10/2015	49.80	49.20	48.65	48.35	47.90	48.50			45.05	32.50
16/10/2014	52.70	52.10	51.55	51.25	50.80	50.90	49.00	48.30	47.90	38.60

Currency

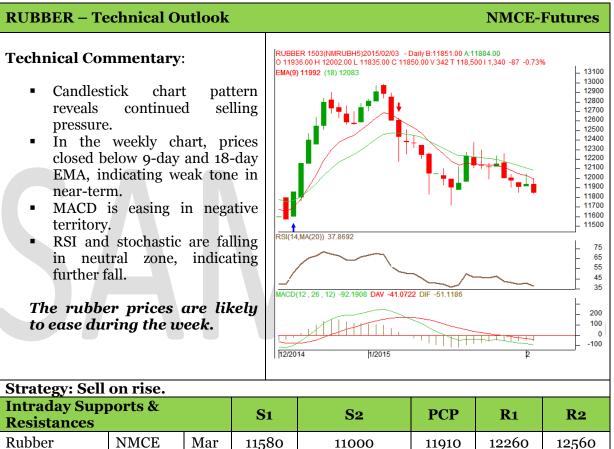
Currency	16/10/2015	9/10/2015
USD	64.96	64.78
Euro	73.99	73.08
Yen	54.54	53.96
Pound Sterling	100.55	99.54
Baht	1.84	1.82



Tug of War

Bulls	Bears
Flooding in key producing provinces in	Declining trend in crude oil prices.
Thailand has hit the tapping and the	
rubber plantation.	
Rubber production in February-April	Demand concern due to disappointing set of
period will usually decline may lead to	manufacturing and economy figures from China
tighter supplies in the short term.	– slowing growth.
Delay in the planned sales tax hike in	Benchmark TOCOM rubber futures marked a
Japan, besides ringgit strengthening	seven year low amid weaker-than-expected
against the US dollar lent support the	macroeconomic data from China.
International rubber prices.	
Rubber prices from Tokyo to Thailand	Stronger Yen against the dollar.
and Singapore have rebounded after	
touching their lowest levels in more than five years in October as producer groups	
pledged to refrain from selling below	
\$1.50 a kilogram.	
Concerns on supply tightness in key	Volatile global market.
rubber producing countries, which were	volutile global market.
heading into the dry wintering season.	
The rubber council (International	
Tripartie Rubber Council) had to cut the	
annual rubber output of each member	
state by 300,000 tons, to keep the prices	
stable.	





Intraday Supports & Resistances			S 1	S2	РСР	R1	R2
Rubber NMCE Mar			11580	11000	11910	12260	12560
Intraday Trade Call		Call	Entry	T1	T2	SL	
Rubber	NMCE	Mar	SELL	Below 11900	11700	11600	12020

Disclaimer

The information and opinions contained in the document have been compiled from sources believed to be reliable. The company does not warrant its accuracy, completeness and correctness. Use of data and information contained in this report is at your own risk. This document is not, and should not be construed as, an offer to sell or solicitation to buy any commodities. This document may not be reproduced, distributed or published, in whole or in part, by any recipient hereof for any purpose without prior permission from the Company. IASL and its affiliates and/or their officers, directors and employees may have positions in any commodities mentioned in this document (or in any related investment) and may from time to time add to or dispose of any such commodities (or investment). Please see the detailed disclaimer at http://www.agriwatch.com/Disclaimer.asp

© 2015 Indian Agribusiness Systems Pvt Ltd.