

Daily Sugar & Gur Fundamental Report

26 July, 2018

Sugar & Gur Domestic & International Fundamentals

Recent updates.

- Sugar wholesale market prices were witnessed steady to weak across the country on Wednesday. Currently, global sugar prices are hovering around 11 cents/lb. Global Trade experts expects world sugar price to remain below 13 cents/lb till March'19.
- The final price for sugar is in and the estimated value for the 2017-2018 crop is not sweet news for farmers who will be paid an estimated 45 dollars and 47 cents per ton. That's the figure released today by American Sugar Refinery/Belize Sugar Industry to the three cane farmers' associations in the north. For the previous crop, farmers received approximately 53 dollars per ton of sugar cane taken to the mills. The new estimated price will now see farmers get a second payment of between three dollars and ninety cents and six dollars and thirty-four cents per ton when compared to last year when they received over eleven dollars
- Nearly 4,00,000 tonnes of sugar is in the process of being exported from India to countries in the Middle East as also Sri Lanka. Mills are required to export 20 lakh tonnes of sugar in the current 2017-18 marketing year (October-September) to avail of a subsidy of Rs 55 per tonne offered by the government.

Monsoon Update:

• An active monsoon condition over the past 12 days has seen the country wide rain deficit reduce to 2% from a high of 9%. Rains have been also particularly poor in Uttar Pradesh, which currently has a season's shortfall of 42%. Bihar and Jharkhand, too, have deficits of 46% and 35%, respectively. The Met office expects the monsoon to remain active in the rest of the month, which means monsoon in July is likely to be normal.

Previous updates.

- Australian Sugar mills crushed 1,574,149 tonnes of cane in the week to July 15, up from 1,423,846 in the same week in 2017, Australian Sugar Milling Council (ASMC) data showed.
- Last week, the Centre hiked the fair and remunerative price (FRP) of sugarcane to Rs 275 per quintal for the 201819 marketing year starting October. It was Rs 255/quintal last year, but cane farmers are still in low spirits. The numbers below explain how the changes in calculating FRP has taken the joy out of the move for farmers. When a mill crushes a tonne (1,000 kg) of cane, it recovers only 9-11 per cent of sugar. Last year, the FRP to be paid by the mills to farmers was linked to a recovery rate of 9.5 per cent. Every mill had to pay Rs 255/ quintal (100 kg) for cane if it recovered 9.5 kg of sugar by crushing 1,000 kg of cane. With every 0.1 percentage point increase in recovery, FRP was higher by Rs 2.68/ quintal. So, if the recovery rate was 10 per cent last year, the mills paid FRP of Rs 268.4/quintal. Now, the Rs 275/quintal announced for the 2018-19 season is, thus, an increase of only Rs 6.5/quintal, or 2 per cent.
- Market prices of sugar have recovered sharply over the past two months, thanks to measures including the Centre's announcement of minimum support price (MSP) for sugar in June. In Maharashtra, prices were ruling at Rs 26-27/kg in May; it is Rs 31/kg now. This gives some breather for mills, but given the cost of production itself is around Rs 35/kg of sugar, the current prices are still not remunerative for mills.
- The Brazilian sugarcane industry association has reported production units in the country's south-central region produced 2.35 billion liters (620.8 million gallons) of ethanol during the second half of June, up 30.44 percent when compared to the same period of last year. Mills in the region processed 45.31 million tons of sugarcane during the second half of June, down from 47.71 million tons during the same period of last year. Only 37.67 percent of that volume went to sugar production, down from 50.52 percent last year. The remaining sugarcane was used to produce ethanol.



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- The Centre has announced an increase of Rs 20 per quintal in the sugarcane Fair and Remunerative Price (FRP) for the 2018-19 season. However, activists and farm leaders said that the actual realisation for the average farmer would be much less than is being suggested, as the hike has been linked to a higher recovery rate. The hike will, of course, benefit farmers in states that follow the FRP as benchmark for payment. For others such as UP, which have their own advised prices (SAP), generally higher than FRP, the decision does not have much of an impact.
- The average national sugar recovery rate, according to the government's calculations, was 10.6 per cent. It was 10.20 per cent for Uttar Pradesh and 11.47 per cent for Maharashtra. However, a simple back of the envelope calculation (all available recovery rates multiplied by the extra premium that they fetched in 2017-18 and that they will get in 2018-19) shows that sugarcane farmers who have a recovery rate of exact 9.5 per cent would get the maximum full Rs 20 per quintal increase in FRP.
- The year 2017-18 saw high output meet low prices, in India and globally. The government has stepped in with a number of sops to support sugar prices, chiefly goaded by mounting cane arrears owed to farmers. Even after these sops, the arrears to farmers remain at Rs17,825crore, according to an 18 July ISMA release, although down by a fifth from the 23 May figure.
- The government has hiked the fair and remunerative price (FRP) of sugarcane by Rs 20 to Rs 275 per quintal for the next marketing year (2018-2019) starting October. At present, the FRP price is linked to a basic recovery rate of 9.5 per cent, subject to a premium of Rs 2.68 per quintal for every 0.1 per cent point increase in recovery rate.
- Sugar mills in Uttar Pradesh (UP) owed Rs 12,601.48 crore in unpaid dues against cane supplied by growers during the 2017-18 season (October-September). More than one-and-half months later, as on Wednesday, they have made payments of Rs 23,902.79 crore out of the Rs 35,447.91 crore value of cane purchased at the UP government's state advised price (SAP) of Rs 315 per quintal for "general" and Rs 325 for "early-maturing" varieties. That translates into arrears of Rs 11,545.12 crore.
- The glut is likely to swell in the 2018/19 season starting Oct. 1, with Indian production expected to jump by almost a tenth from the current year to between 35 million tonnes and 35.5 million tonnes. Northern state of Uttar Pradesh, the biggest producer in India, could churn out 13-13.5 million tonnes of sugar in the next year. That would be up 12 percent from the current year, with the ISMA saying farmers have devoted a bigger area to high-yielding varieties of sugar cane. Maharashtra's sugar output is estimated at 11-11.5 million tonnes in the new season, up from 10.71 million tonnes.

NCDEX Sugar (M grade) Future Quotes (At 05:00 p.m. as on 24-07-2018)

Contract	+/-	Open	High	Low	Close	Volume	0.1
Cont. (Jul)		3217	3217	3217	3217		
Spread	Cont Aug (C1)						
Spot							

Note: There is no trade volume in near month future contract. Market participants are advised to wait until trade in volume starts.



NCDEX Stock & Fed Position								
Stocks	Grade	Demat	In-Process	Total	FED			
Stocks	Grade	24-July-18	24-July-18	24-July-18	23-July-18			
Delhi	М	-	-	-	-			
Sangli	М	-	-	-	-			
Sholapur	М	-	-	-	-			
Kolhapur	М	-	-	-	-			
Belgaum	М	-	-	-	-			
Delhi	S	-	-	-	-			
Sangli	S	-	-	-	-			
Sholapur	S	-	-	-	-			
Kolhapur	S	-	-	-	-			
Belgaum	S	-	-	-	-			

Sugar Futures ICE& LIFFE as on 24 th July,2018								
ICE Sugar Futures (In Cents/Pound)								
Contract	Open	High	Low	Close	+/-			
Oct-18	11.08	11.26	11.08	11.19	0.11			
Mar-19	11.84	12.02	11.84	11.96	0.12			
May-19	11.96	12.13	11.95	12.08	0.12			
LCE Sugar Futures (In US\$/MT)								
Contract	Open	High	Low	Close	+/-			
Oct-18	325.30	327.80	325.10	326.10	2.10			
Dec-18	323.30	326.70	323.30	325.20	2.90			
Mar-19	329.10	331.60	328.90	330.10	2.60			

Sugar Prices at Key Spot Markets:							
Commodity	Centre		Prices (Prices (Rs/Qtl)			
Sugar		Variety	25-Jul-18	24-Jul- 18	Change		
Delhi	Delhi	M-Grade	3240	3250	-10		
Dellii	Delhi	S-Grade	3220	3230	-10		
	Khatauli	M-Grade	3350	3370	-20		
	Ramala	M-Grade	NA	NA	-		
Uttar Pradesh	Dhampur	M-Grade Ex-Mill	3280	3280	Unch		
	Dhampur	S-Grade Ex-Mill	3260	3260	Unch		
	Dhampur	L-Grade Ex-Mill	3330	3330	Unch		
	Mumbai	M-Grade	3576	3576	Unch		
	Mumbai	S-Grade	3316	3316	Unch		
Maharashtra	Nagpur	M-Grade	3175	3175	Unch		
	Nagpur	S-Grade	3125	3125	Unch		
	Kolhapur	M-Grade	3050	3050	Unch		



	Kolhapur	S-Grade	3000	3000	Unch	
Assam	Guhawati	S-Grade	3309	3309	Unch	
Meghalaya	Shillong	S-Grade	3320	3320	Unch	
Andhra Pradesh	Vijayawada	M-Grade	3680	3680	Unch	
Allullia Flauesii	Vijayawada	S-Grade	3620	3620	Unch	
West Bengal	Kolkata	M-Grade	3620	3590	30	
	Chennai	S-Grade	3500	3500	Unch	
Tamil Nadu	Dindigul	M-Grade	3680	3680	Unch	
	Coimbatore	M-Grade	3550	3550	Unch	
Chattisgarh	Ambikapur	M-Grade (Without Duty)	3450	3450	Unch	
Sugar Prices are in INR/Quintal. (1 Quintal=100 kg)						

Jaggery (Gur) Prices at Key Spot Markets:							
Commodity	Centre	Variety	Prices (Rs/Qtl)				
Jaggery(Gur)			25-Jul-18	24-Jul- 18	Change		
	Muzaffarnagar	ChakuSukha(Cold)	2880	2880	Unch		
	Muzaffarnagar	Chaku(Arrival)(40kg Bag)	NA	NA	-		
	Muzaffarnagar	Khurpa (Fresh)	NA	NA	-		
Uttar Pradesh	Muzaffarnagar	Laddoo (Fresh)	NA	NA	-		
	Muzaffarnagar	Rascut (Fresh)	2650	2650	Unch		
	Hapur	Chaursa	2750	2750	Unch		
	Hapur	Balti	NA	NA	-		
		Gold	4300	4200	100		
Andhra Pradesh	Chittur	White	4000	NA	-		
		Black	2800	NA	-		
Maharashtra	Latur	Lal Variety	NR	NR	-		
	Bangalore	Mudde (Average)	4300	4300	Unch		
	Belgaum	Mudde (Average)	NA	NA	-		
	Belthangadi	Yellow (Average)	NA	NA	-		
	Bijapur/Vijayapura	Achhu	NA	NA	-		
	Gulbarga/Kalaburgi	Other (Average)	2880	2925	-45		
Karnataka	Mahalingapura	Penti (Average)	NA	3315	-		
	Mandya	Achhu (Medium)	3300	3300	Unch		
	Mandya	Kurikatu (Medium)	3000	3000	Unch		
	Mandya	Other (Medium)	3000	3000	Unch		
	Mandya	Yellow (Medium)	3200	3300	-100		
	Shimoga/Shivamogga	Achhu (Average)	NA	3850	-		



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