

06 Oct, 2018

Sugar & Gur Domestic & International Fundamentals

Recent Update:

Sugar prices in most of the markets were witnessed steady to firm on Friday. After the announcement of the export incentives for sugar millers in the country, Sugar prices have risen up to Rs 20-50 per quintal at the wholesale market Sugar market ruled firm on higher festival demand. Prices at the Vashi wholesale market increased by ₹10-20 a quintal tracking firm mill tender rates.

Sugarcane production is forecast to decline 4% to 130 million tonnes in 2018-19, due to reduced average yields after less rain fell than expected in major growing areas, according to an attache report published in the USDA. Sugar production for the same period is expected to decrease 6% from a record 14.7 million tonnes in 2017-18 to 13.8 million tonnes. The USDA attache in Thailand said in the Sept 27 report that during the first half of 2018, sugar consumption was at 1.3 million tonnes, 6% lower than the same period last year. As the third-largest producer of sugar after Brazil and India, Thailand joined the growing list of regions implementing taxes on sweetened beverages in 2017, in an effort to reduce consumption of sugary drinks, for 2017-18, sugar exports are forecast to reach a record 10.5 million tonnes after stronger-than-expected sugarcane production led to lower raw sugar prices. Raw sugar exports are forecast to nearly double in 2017-18, while white and refined sugar exports will likely increase 15% to 4.5 million tonnes, according to the report.

Indian sugar mills may be able to export only 3 million tonnes (mt) of sugar and not 5 mt as stipulated by the government, since the international prices of the sweetener is expected to remain weak during the season that has just commenced on account of expected bumper production in Thailand and the European Union, a report from research and ratings agency Crisil said on Wednesday.

Weather Update:



06th Oct ♦ Heavy to very heavy rain likely at isolated places over Tamilnadu & Puducherry, Lakshadweep and Kerala and heavy rain at isolated places over Andaman & Nicobar Islands, Coastal & South Interior Karnataka

The Indian Meteorological Department (IMD) defines average, or normal, rainfall as between 96 percent and 104 percent of a 50-year average of 89 cm for the entire four-month season. The IMD adopted a so-called dynamic model, based on a US model tweaked for India, for the first time last year to improve the accuracy of its forecasts. The IMD had predicted that the June-September monsoon, crucial

for a host of cash and food crops in India, will set to start receding from the northwest from Saturday onwards. The monsoon usually starts withdrawing in the first week of September, but this year it has



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been delayed by nearly four weeks, Meanwhile, an extraordinarily dry spell in the month of September has meant an overall deficit of roughly nine percent in the Southwest Monsoon.

Previous Updates:

Drought-like conditions delayed sugarcane planting in Maharashtra and other parts of peninsular India that will substantially reduce 2019-20 sugar production of India and help ease pressure on global sugar prices as India begins export of surplus in a couple of years. World sugar prices are under pressure as India will begin export of its surplus sugar production. For 2018-19 sugar year from October to September, Maharashtra government has already reduced the production estimate from 10.5 million tonnes to 10 million tonnes,

The Thai Sugar Millers Co. Ltd expects the 2018/19 cane crop to reach only 120-125 mln tonnes against over 135 mln last season. Russian farmers harvested sugar beet from 554,200 ha as of October 3, or 50% of the area sown, according to the Ministry of Agriculture.

The government has decided to raise the amount of subsidised loans to sugar mills to expand their ethanol production to Rs 6,139 crore, up 38% from Rs 4,440 crore announced earlier, an official source told FE. The lure of subsidised loans and a recent hike in prices of ethanol meant for blending with petrol, have prompted dozens of sugar companies to plan capacity expansion to produce more ethanol. As many as 114 sugar units belonging to various companies have been selected by the food ministry to avail of the subsidised loan.

In Tamil Nadu, with poor rainfall hitting sugarcane production for the last six years, capacity utilisation dropped to 27% and production in 2017-2018 was just 0.7 million tons. It is expected to be 0.85 million tons in 2018-2019 and capacity utilisation at about 32 %. With lower capacity utilisation, the cost of production of sugar for TN mills will be higher by Rs 10 a kg compared to mills in other States.

The 1st advance estimate of production of sugarcane for 2018-19 have been released by the Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare on 26th September, 2018. The Production of Sugarcane is estimated at 383.89 million tonnes which is higher by 6.99 million tonnes than the last years production of 376.90 million tonnes. Further, it is higher by 41.85 million tonnes than the average production of last five years.

The Union government on last week announced a Rs 5,500 crore package for the sugar industry, including over two-fold jump in production aid to cane growers and transport subsidy to mills for exports. The Centre will provide assistance to mills by compensating expenditure towards internal transport, freight, handling and other charges to facilitate 5 million tonnes (MT) export during the 2018-19 (October-September).

A transport subsidy of Rs 1,000 per tonne will be given for mills located within 100 kms from the ports, Rs 2,500 per tonne for mills located beyond 100 kms from the port in the coastal states and Rs 3,000 per tonne for mills located in other than coastal states or actual expenditure, whichever is lower.



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Raw sugar futures on ICE rebounded on short-covering on Friday after plunging to 10-year lows in the prior session. Further reports of dry weather issues in some producing regions did not attract enough support to prevent raw sugar futures heading 'south' again this week.

Sugarcane farmers are currently battling two problems. On one hand they cannot get the payment of cane. If he is getting delayed then he too will be delayed. At the same time the ground water level is declining. It is also increasing the cost of production. The main reason for not getting the payment from time to time is that the price of sugarcane is fixed by the government whereas sugar mills have to be sold at the Chinese market price.

With international sugar prices ruling at a decade's low due to surplus supplies, sugar millers from Maharashtra have asked the state government to make it mandatory for mills to produce raw sugar during the first two months of the crushing season beginning October 1.

The Union Cabinet did not consider Wednesday Rs 4,500 crore plan to more than double the production assistance paid to sugarcane farmers and transport subsidy to sugarNSE 0.00 % exporting mills. The Cabinet Committee on Economic Affairs (CCEA) may take up the food ministry's proposal next week, they added. The ministry has proposed sharp increase in production assistance to farmers to Rs 13.88 per quintal for 2018-19 marketing year (October-September) from Rs 5.5 at present. The proposal to raise production assistance and transport subsidy of up to Rs 3,000 per tonne to mills for exports of five million tonnes of surplus sugar is part of the government plan to clear more than Rs 13,500 crore arrears sugar mills have towards farmers. Yesterday, sources had said the government will have to bear about Rs 4,500 crore on account of these measures to help sugar mills and cane farmers.

As per the Agriwatch estimate, India's sugar production is expected to rise to 355 LT in 2018/19 as the country is expecting a good cane crop this marketing year particularly from the state of Uttar Pradesh & Maharashtra. Agriwatch is expecting Maharashtra to produce 8-10% of more sugar in 2018-19 (01st October, 2018 -30th September, 2019). In addition, Uttar Pradesh is also expected to produce a large quantity of sugar this year too due to a surge in cane area, yield and sugar recovery.

NCDEX Sugar (M grade) Future Quotes (At 05:00 p.m. as on 05- 09-2018)

Contract	+/-	Open	High	Low	Close	Volume	0.1
		3140	3140	3140	3140		
Cont. (Oct)							
Spread	Cont Oct (C1)						
Spot							

Note: There is no trade volume in near month future contract. Market participants are advised to wait until trade in volume starts.



International Sugar Futures ICE					(Rs/Qtl)	
	% Change	Today	Week ago	Month Ago	Year Ago	RBI Dollar
Futures month	over previou s year	4-Oct- 18	27-Sep- 18	4-Sep-18	4-Oct-17	4-Oct-18
Oct-18	-1.34	2129	1635	1696	2158	
Mar-19	-2.25	2037	1775	1827	2084	73.75
May-19	-1.83	2060	1793	1842	2098	
(Source: Reuters) * Today – figures are a day ago Quotes.						

International Sugar Futures LIFFE							
	% Change	1003//		Month Ago	Year Ago	RBI Dollar	
Futures month	over previou s year	previou 4-Oct- 27-Sep-	4-Sep-18	4-Oct-17	4-Oct-18		
Oct-18	2.32	2627	2361	2340	2567		
Dec-18	7.89	2519	2274	2328	2335	73.75	
Mar-19	3.47	2536	2283	2314	2451		
(Source: Reuters)* Today – figures are a day ago Quotes.							

Commodity (5-Oct-18)	Price (\$/Ton)	Change
Thai Sugar FOB 45 Icumsa	341.60	2.90

Sugar Prices at Key Spot Markets:							
Commodity			Prices (Prices (Rs/QtI)			
Sugar	Centre	Centre Variety	05-Oct- 18	04-Oct- 18	Change		
Delhi	Delhi	M-Grade	3250	3163	87		
Dellii	Delhi	S-Grade	3230	3143	87		
	Khatauli	M-Grade	3450	3450	Unch		
	Ramala	M-Grade	NA	NA	-		
Uttar Pradesh	Dhampur	M-Grade Ex-Mill	3270	3270	Unch		
	Dhampur	S-Grade Ex-Mill	3250	3250	Unch		
	Dhampur	L-Grade Ex-Mill	3320	3320	Unch		
Maharashtra	Mumbai	M-Grade	3376	3360	16		



	Mumbai	S-Grade	3220	3220	Unch	
	Nagpur	M-Grade	3225	3225	Unch	
	Nagpur	S-Grade	3125	3125	Unch	
	Kolhapur	M-Grade	3100	3100	Unch	
	Kolhapur	S-Grade	3000	3000	Unch	
Assam	Guhawati	S-Grade	3309	3309	Unch	
Meghalaya	Shillong	S-Grade	3320	3320	Unch	
Andhra Pradesh	Vijayawada	M-Grade	3600	3600	Unch	
Anuma Pracesn	Vijayawada	S-Grade	3540	3540	Unch	
West Bengal	Kolkata	M-Grade	3560	3560	Unch	
	Chennai	S-Grade	3300	3325	-25	
Tamil Nadu	Dindigul	M-Grade	3540	3530	10	
	Coimbatore	M-Grade	3620	3620	Unch	
Chattisgarh	Ambikapur	M-Grade (Without Duty)	3450	3450	Unch	
Sugar Prices are in INR/Quintal. (1 Quintal=100 kg)						

Jaggery (Gur) Prices at Key Spot Markets:								
Commodity	Centre	Variety	Prices (Rs/QtI)					
Jaggery(Gur)			05-Oct- 18	04-Oct- 18	Change			
	Muzaffarnagar	Chaku Sukha(Cold)	3325	3425	-100			
	Muzaffarnagar	Chaku(Arrival)(40kg Bag)	NA	NA	-			
	Muzaffarnagar	Khurpa (Fresh)	NA	NA	-			
Uttar Pradesh	Muzaffarnagar	Laddoo (Fresh)	NA	NA	-			
	Muzaffarnagar	Rascut (Fresh)	NA	NA	-			
	Hapur	Chaursa	NA	NA	-			
	Hapur	Balti	NA	NA	-			
		Gold	3900	3850	50			
Andhra Pradesh	Chittur	White	3200	3100	100			
		Black	2500	2500	Unch			
Maharashtra	Latur	Lal Variety	NR	NR	-			
	Bangalore	Mudde (Average)	4250	4250	Unch			
	Belgaum	Mudde (Average)	NA	2800	-			
	Belthangadi	Yellow (Average)	NA	NA	-			
Karnataka	Bijapur/Vijayapura	Achhu	NA	3000	-			
	Gulbarga/Kalaburgi	Other (Average)	3275	3050	225			
	Mahalingapura	Penti (Average)	NA	3107	-			
	Mandya	Achhu (Medium)	3150	3050	100			



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Mandya	Kurikatu (Medium)	3000	3000	Unch
Mandya	Other (Medium)	2850	2900	-50
Mandya	Yellow (Medium)	3100	3100	Unch
Shimoga/Shivamogga	Achhu (Average)	3450	3450	Unch

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