

## Sugar &Gur Domestic & International Fundamentals

### Price Outlook:

Wholesale sugar prices were noticed mixed tone on Monday. Spot sugar prices are supportive in the month ahead as festive demand market is expected to get supplied with excessive sugar with the onset of crushing season in India. This was despite trade expectations that the release quota of 2.2 million tonnes for Oct was lower than probable demand.

### Recent Update:

**Sugarcane crushing in Uttar Pradesh had been started from last week, in the shadow of farmers' outstanding of Rs 78 billion for the previous 2017-18 season. There are 119 mills in UP, of which 94 are privately owned and 24 are run by cooperatives.** Late rains and hailstorms in some western UP districts, coupled with higher night temperatures, have delayed maturity of the sugarcane crop. In the last 4-5 days, the night temperatures have started to fall below 20 degree Celsius and there is marked difference in day and night temperatures, which would hasten the process of maturity and result in speedier crushing operations and higher recovery as well.

**This year, UP cane acreage is estimated at 2.6 million hectares (MH), up 18 per cent from about 2.2 MH during 2017-18,** when UP had clocked sugar production of over 12 million tonnes (mt), with farmer's payables touching Rs 354 billion. With higher acreage this season, the farmers' payouts are likely to top last year's record levels and add to the woes in the backdrop of mute sugar prices and market glut, both locally and globally.

**As per the Agriwatch latest estimate, India's sugar production is expected to decline to 322 LT in 2018/19 then 322.5 last year.** A couple of major cane growing regions of Maharashtra, including Marthawada, had poor rainfall this season. And mild white grub infestation has been reported in States of Karnataka and few parts of Maharashtra. Apart from from that, cane yield and sugar recovery are expected to decline in Uttar Pradesh due to water logging in the fields.

### Weather Update:

**30<sup>th</sup> Oct♦** Heavy rain very likely at isolated places over coastal Odisha and coastal Gangetic West Bengal.

The June to September monsoon provided 23% less rainfall than normal this year, according to state government data. India's biggest sugar producing state, Uttar Pradesh, also received slightly less rainfall than normal but the grubs have not infested crops there.



**Previous Updates:**

***Sugar output from the main producing region in Brazil fell 43 percent in the first half of October as rains delayed cane processing and mills continued to favor ethanol production over sugar, cane industry group Unica said on Wednesday. Mills in Brazil's center-south region produced 1.11 million tonnes of sugar in the first half of October compared to 1.28 million tonnes in the previous two-week period and 2 million tonnes at the same time last year, Unica said. Cane crushing fell to 25.58 million tonnes versus 27.64 million tonnes in the second half of the previous month and 32.5 million tonnes seen at this time last year.***

***India's state-run trading company MMTC Ltd has issued an international tender to overseas buyers to sell and export 50,000 tonnes of Indian white crystal sugar. Tender deadline are Oct. 31 and the sugar can be exported from Indian east and west coast ports in break-bulk ships. There will be an option to purchase a further 50,000 tonnes.***

***The statistics from National Federation of Sugar Factories Ltd. (NFSFL) shows that, there has been drop of 2 kg in sugar consumption per person per year. In 2014-15, India's sugar consumption was 20.5 kg per person, but it has dropped to 18.5 kg per person in financial year 2017-18. In financial year 2017-18 India's total sugar production was 32 million tonnes and consumption were around 25 million tonnes.***

***Increased demand for Indian sugar has driven up export deals signed by domestic millers to about 3.5 lakh tonnes, according to the All India Sugar Traders Association (AISTA). However, full-fledged production and dispatches may commence only after Diwali, which falls on November 7 this year, because of agitations by organisations representing farmers and labourers.***

***The Maharashtra government has started issuing the mandatory crushing licences required for the mills to begin production in the country's top sugar producing state. More than 30 of the 196 mills which will operate this season have taken licences from the state's sugar commissionerate, said. A few mills from Pune and Ahmednagar region will kick-start crushing operations this week. However, Kolhapur-Sangli region, which accounts for about a quarter of the state's sugar production, will have to wait to commence crushing of sugarcane, according to the industry. Mills from Marathwada will also have to wait another fortnight to begin sugar production.***

***Amid uncertainty over cane farmers' advance payments, dozens of sugar mills in Maharashtra are set to commence crushing for the current season (October 1, 2018 to September 30, 2019) on Saturday. Mills in Uttar Pradesh, however, are waiting for the cane to mature and hope to start crushing around Diwali. With this, sugar mills will delay commencement of their crushing operations by three weeks in Maharashtra and by over six weeks in Uttar Pradesh despite estimates of an all-time high cane crop output in the current season.***

***According to the First Advanced Estimate, India's sugarcane output is estimated around 384 million tonnes for 2018-19 compared to 377 million tonnes in the previous year. Surprisingly, unlike the past few years of cane glut, neither the Maharashtra nor Uttar Pradesh governments encouraged sugar mills to commence crushing for the current season. Both the governments, in consultations with the industry,***

had announced earlier that crushing activity this year will commence early to control the record high availability of cane.

*After a bumper crop, sugar stockpiles in the country, the world's second-largest producer of the sweetener, have more than doubled since last year. With another record crop expected in the current growing season, India is subsidising sugar exports, threatening to glut the market even as prices fell to the lowest in ten years on September 27. But, an infestation of white grubs in Maharashtra, India's second-biggest sugar producing state, and neighbouring Karnataka, the third-largest producer, could mean sugar output for the 2018-19 crop year will be 9% less than earlier estimates.*

## NCDEX Sugar (M grade) Future Quotes (At 05:00 p.m. as on 24-10-2018)

Contract	+/-	Open	High	Low	Close	Volume	O.I
Cont. (Oct)	-	3140	3140	3140	3140	-	-
Spread	Cont Oct (C1)						
Spot	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	-	-	

**Note:** There is no trade volume in near month future contract. Market participants are advised to wait until trade in volume starts.

International Sugar Futures ICE						(Rs/Qtl)	
Futures month	% Change over previous year	Today	Week ago	Month Ago	Year Ago	RBI Dollar	
		26-Oct-18	19-Oct-18	26-Sep-18	26-Oct-17		
Oct-18	9.08	2317	2339	1612	2124	73.37	
Mar-19	11.09	2275	2285	1777	2047		
May-19	11.03	2291	2304	1801	2063		

(Source: Reuters) \* Today – figures are a day ago Quotes.

International Sugar Futures LIFFE						(Rs/Qtl)	
Futures month	% Change over previous year	Today	Week ago	Month Ago	Year Ago	RBI Dollar	
		26-Oct-18	19-Oct-18	26-Sep-18	26-Oct-17		
Oct-18	11.28	2799	2851	2367	2515	73.37	
Dec-18	13.11	2736	2783	2266	2419		
Mar-19	12.96	2734	2783	2281	2420		

(Source: Reuters)\* Today – figures are a day ago Quotes.

Commodity(29-Oct-18)	Price (\$/Ton)	Change
Thai Sugar FOB 45 Icumsa	372.90	-8.50

Sugar Prices at Key Spot Markets:					
Commodity	Centre	Variety	Prices (Rs/Qtl)		Change
Sugar			29-Oct-18	27-Oct-18	
Delhi	Delhi	M-Grade	3200	3111	89
	Delhi	S-Grade	3180	3091	89
Uttar Pradesh	Khatauli	M-Grade	3400	3420	-20
	Ramala	M-Grade	NA	NA	-
	Dhampur	M-Grade Ex-Mill	3200	3230	-30
	Dhampur	S-Grade Ex-Mill	3180	3210	-30
	Dhampur	L-Grade Ex-Mill	3250	3280	-30
Maharashtra	Mumbai	M-Grade	3460	3420	40
	Mumbai	S-Grade	3280	3250	30
	Nagpur	M-Grade	3225	3275	-50
	Nagpur	S-Grade	3125	3175	-50
	Kolhapur	M-Grade	3100	3150	-50
	Kolhapur	S-Grade	3000	3050	-50
Assam	Guhawati	S-Grade	3309	3360	-51
Meghalaya	Shillong	S-Grade	3320	3370	-50
Andhra Pradesh	Vijayawada	M-Grade	3600	3600	Unch
	Vijayawada	S-Grade	3540	3540	Unch
West Bengal	Kolkata	M-Grade	3620	3600	20
Tamil Nadu	Chennai	S-Grade	3260	3260	Unch
	Dindigul	M-Grade	3520	#N/A	-
	Coimbatore	M-Grade	3640	#N/A	-
Chattisgarh	Ambikapur	M-Grade (Without Duty)	3600	#N/A	-
Sugar Prices are in INR/Quintal. (1 Quintal=100 kg)					

Jaggery (Gur) Prices at Key Spot Markets:					
Commodity	Centre	Variety	Prices (Rs/Qtl)		Change
Jaggery(Gur)			29-Oct-18	27-Oct-18	
Uttar Pradesh	Muzaffarnagar	Chaku Sukha(Cold)	2925	3063	-138
	Muzaffarnagar	Chaku(Arrival)(40kg Bag)	NA	NA	-
	Muzaffarnagar	Khurpa (Fresh)	NA	NA	-
	Muzaffarnagar	Laddoo (Fresh)	NA	NA	-
	Muzaffarnagar	Rascut (Fresh)	NA	NA	-
	Hapur	Chaurasa	Closed	NA	-
	Hapur	Balti	Closed	NA	-
Andhra Pradesh	Chittur	Gold	4300	4600	-300
		White	3900	4000	-100
		Black	2600	2900	-300
Maharashtra	Latur	Lal Variety	NR	NR	-
Karnataka	Bangalore	Mudde (Average)	4250	NA	-
	Belgaum	Mudde (Average)	NA	3250	-
	Belthangadi	Yellow (Average)	NA	NA	-
	Bijapur/Vijayapura	Achhu	3100	3100	Unch
	Gulbarga/Kalaburgi	Other (Average)	3300	3450	-150
	Mahalingapura	Penti (Average)	3148	NA	-
	Mandya	Achhu (Medium)	3100	3100	Unch
	Mandya	Kurikatu (Medium)	3100	3100	Unch
	Mandya	Other (Medium)	2900	2900	Unch
	Mandya	Yellow (Medium)	3150	2950	200
	Shimoga/Shivamogga	Achhu (Average)	NA	NA	-

## Disclaimer

The information and opinions contained in the document have been compiled from sources believed to be reliable. The company does not warrant its accuracy, completeness and correctness. Use of data and information contained in this report is at your own risk. This document is not, and should not be construed as, an offer to sell or solicitation to buy any commodities. This document may not be reproduced, distributed or published, in whole or in part, by any recipient hereof for any purpose without prior permission from the Company. IASL and its affiliates and/or their officers, directors and employees may have positions in any commodities mentioned in this document (or in any related investment) and may from time to time add to or dispose of any such commodities (or investment). Please see the detailed disclaimer at <http://www.agriwatch.com/disclaimer.php> © 2018 Indian Agribusiness Systems Ltd.