#### **Domestic Market Updates:**

Wheat cash market continues to trade steady to slightly lower on the back of ample supply side through private and govt.'s channel. Millers have started buying from central pool stock as per their requirements. Private stockists too are releasing stock with diminishing possibility of firmness.

**Market is well aware of emerging scenario that govt**. has allocated 10 million tonne wheat for OMSS for rest of the season, up to March,2015.It would ensure ample supply throughout the season and not allow market to move up beyond a certain level. Export opportunity has turned pale and Indian wheat remains uncompetitive.

According to IBIS (provisional data), export of wheat in the month of August was 0.43 Lakh tones which is around 69% less than last year at the same month, which was 1.37 Lakh tones in July 2013. The reason behind the lower export is attributed to disparity from other exporting countries like U.S.A., Russia and Ukraine.

**As projected earlier by Agriwatch the CACP** (Commission for Agricultural Costs and Prices) has recommended increasing the minimum support price of wheat by a nominal Rs 50 to Rs 1,450 a quintal this year. The rabi crops of this year will be marketed in 2015-16 starting April.

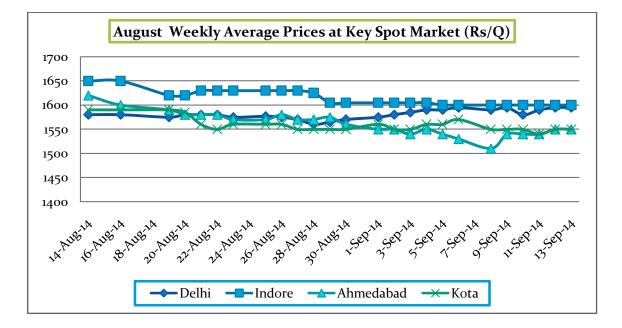
**Despite disparity on export front and bearish outlook in global wheat market** Indian exporters managed to offload some quantity of wheat in markets like Vietnam,Djibouti,U.A.E., Philippines etc around \$284/tonnes on FoB basis through Kandla, Mundra etc ports. As per ibis data wheat export from India was registered 14,953 tonnes during 11th to 17th August. However, global wheat market seems to be in surplus state and opportunity for Indian exporters remains still unfavorable.

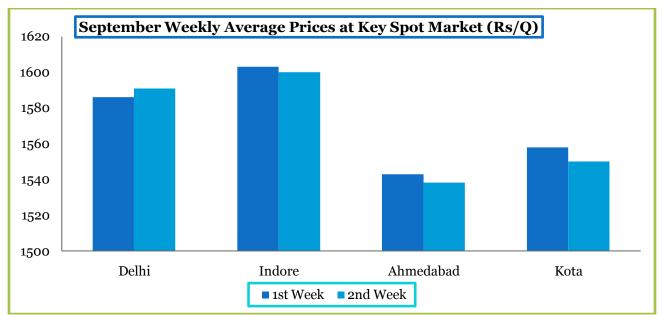
Wheat offtake from central pool stock would remain restricted in the month of August despite tender is being invited in various states like Rajasthan,M.P.Haryana and Punjab at pre determined reserve price.As wheat in the open market is available around Govt.'s reserve price, so private buyers would prefer to buy from the market first as they get credit at least for 15 days and get benefit of 1.5 percent cash discount. Rake loading from Kota region of Rajasthan to south India(Karnataka) is being loaded at Rs 1860 per qtl. on delivered basis.

#### Weather Watch: (Source-IMD)

- Increase in rainfall activity over northeastern states.
- Rain/thundershowers would occur at many places over east and peninsular India.
- Rain/thundershowers would occur at isolated places over rest part of the country outside parts of plains of northwest India where weather may be mainly dry.

AW AGRIWATCH





Key spot wheat mill delivery prices traded steady to weak due to ample stock in the private and government stock.

# September 15, 2014 Wheat Weekly Research Report

AW AGRIWATCH

STOCKS OF WHEAT IN CENTRAL POOL AS ON 01.08.2014:	STOCK WITH FCI	STOCK WITH STATE AGENCIES	TOTAL IN CENTRAL POOL
EAST ZONE	8.73	0.00	8.73
NORTH EAST ZONE	0.75	0.00	0.75
NORTH ZONE	121.46	149.37	270.83
SOUTH ZONE	8.51	0.00	8.51
WEST ZONE	15.34	73.24	88.58
TOTAL	154.79	222.61	<b>377.40</b>

## FOB Value as on 13.09.2014 from various destinations at Kandla:

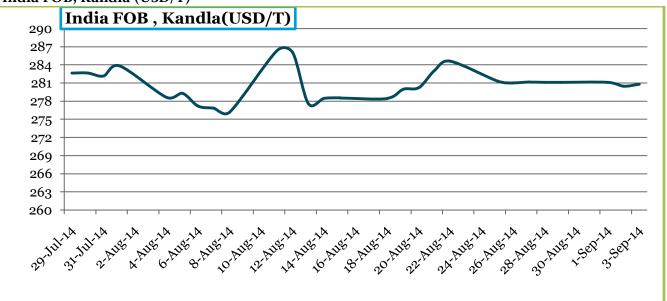
(Figures in Lakh Tonnes)

Parity Calculation	Rajkot	Kota	Begusarai	Indore	Kosi	MSP	ECO.Cost
Basic cost of wheat (Rs/ton)	14400	14850	14500	15750	14700	14000	19100
Port and Handling Charges /Loading /Unloading /Clearing (Rs/ton)	500	500	500	500	500	500	0
Local transport, port warehousing, labour charges, shortage	700	1150	1900	1450	1550	1200	0
Indian FOB (Rs/MT)	15600	16500	16900	17700	16750	15700	19100
Indian FOB (USD/MT)	255.78	270.54	277.09	290.21	274.64	257.42	313.17
Insurance @ 0.1%	0.26	0.27	0.28	0.29	0.27	0.26	0.31
Freight Charges (US \$/ton) to Chittagong	18	18	18	18	18	18	18
CIF (kandla to Chittagong)	274	289	295	308	293	275	331
INR	60.99	60.99	60.99	60.99	60.99	60.99	60.99
Russian Wheat FOB (USD/MT)	292	292	292	292	292	292	292
Parity on FOB Basis (USD/MT)	36	21	15	2	17	35	-21

Spot prices of wheat at NCDEX Delivery centers								
NCDEX SPOT	12 Sept, 2014	week ago 08 Sept, 2014	Month ago 12 Aug 14	Year ago 12 Sept 2013	Change over previous Year %			
Indore	1588	1578	1628	1600	-0.75			
Bareilly	1595	1585	1590	1570	1.59			
Delhi	1590	1595	1585	1604	-0.87			
Khanna	NA	NA	NA	1646	<b>#VALUE!</b>			
Kanpur	1555	1550	1560	1550	0.32			
Karnal	NA	NA	NA	1520	<b>#VALUE!</b>			
Rajkot	1546	1553	1595	1621	-4.63			
Kota	1599	1583	1631	1603	-0.25			



## India FOB, Kandla (USD/T)



## Wheat Export Weekly Data:

Weekly Export (11-17 Aug-14)	Quantity in MMt	FoB (\$/Tn)
Total	14953 MMT	
Vietnam	2237 MMT	288.22
Djibouti	10500 MMT	274.77

## \*Provisional Data (As per IBIS) Domestic Key Spot Market Price Comparison:

Centre	Market	Variety	Prices (	Change	
			13.09.2014	06.09.2014	
Delhi	Lawrence Road	Mill Delivery	1595	1595	unch
Denn	Nazafgarh	Mill Delivery Loose	1520	1520	unch
	Narella	Mill Delivery Loose	1515	NA	-
	Rajkot	Mill Delivery	1550	1530	20
Gujarat	Ahmedabad	Mill Delivery	1670	1660	10
М.Р.	Bhopal	Mill Quality Loose	1440	1415	25
	Indore	Mill Delivery	1600	1600	unch
Rajasthan	Kota	Mill Quality	1550	1585	-35
U.P.	Mathura`	Mill Quality Loose	1450	1450	unch
Punjab	Khanna	Mill Quality Loose	1430	1430	unch
Haryana	Sirsa	Mill Delivery loose	1460	1465	-5



## **Commodity: Wheat**

#### Exchange: NCDEX Expiry: 19<sup>th</sup> Sept, 2014



**Domestic Weekly Outlook:** Market is bound to stay steady to slightly weak during the week.



#### **International Market Updates:**

**USDA has said in its latest release that global wheat production** will touch at 719.95 million tonne.It is .05 percent higher than August estimate.The reason of higher production estimate is mainly attributed to higher production in Ukraine and EU. Overall wheat stock will increase by 5.3 percent from last year.

As per Reuter's, Russia's agriculture agency has raised Russia's 2014 grain crop forecast to 104-106 million tonnes from previously expected 98 million tonnes. The country's wheat crop forecast was upgraded to 60 million tonnes from 58 million tonnes expected earlier.

**South Korean mill CJ Cheiljedang Corp bought 21,200 tonnes wheat** (max. 10.5 protein) at Fob around \$260-263/ tonne and 4,900 tonnes wheat (max. 8.5 protein) at Fob \$300/ tonne from U.S. which is scheduled for shipment between Jan. 1 and 31, 2015.

**Egypt had bought 60,000 tonnes of French wheat from Granit** and 60,000 tonnes of Romanian wheat from Bunge at an average price of \$258.89/tonne (CiF). Earlier Egypt had stopped buying from France as they don't allow import of wheat with moisture content was more than 13 percent whereas in 2013 the average moisture content of France wheat was 13.5. In June, Egypt raised its tolerance again for moisture content to 13.5 percent, albeit with heavier penalties, but had not made a French wheat purchase due to lower price offered by Russian, Romanian and Ukrainian.

**The International Grains Council raised its forecast for global wheat production** in 2014/15 to 713 million tonnes, up from a previous forecast of 702 million. Better production in Russia, the European Union and China is the main reason for increase in production estimate.

**Egypt, the top wheat importer(around 10 million tonne anually) is trying to reduce import** dependency and for this goal local agriculture ministry has planned to encourage farmers to grow more wheat in the years to come. The target has been fixed to achieve 75 percent of self sufficiency by 2017. Area under wheat is bound to increase. However, import would continue as per requirement.

**Pakistan's flour millers bought around 100,000 tons of wheat from the Black Sea region** this week, while importers in Bangladesh booked 50,000 tons. Importers in Pakistan paid \$269.50 a ton, including cost and freight, for two cargoes of wheat with 11.5% protein. One cargo is scheduled to be shipped in October and the other is for arrival between October 15 and November 15.Buyers in Bangladesh paid \$255 a ton for 50,000 tons of wheat with 10.5% protein. It is due for shipment in the second half of September.

	(Quality in WMT)							
	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-	2013-14	Projection	for 2014-15	
				13.	Est	31.07.2014	29.08.2014	
Production	679	653	695	655	713	702	713	
Trade	128	126	145	141	156	145	146	
Consumptions	652	657	698	676	695	699	706	
Carryover stocks	199	194	192	170	188	193	195	
Y-O-Y change	27	-4	-2	-22	17	3	7	
Major Export	79	73	68	48	53	56	59	

(Quantity in MMT)

### IGC Wheat Balance Sheet

## Indicative FOB Quotes:

	Variety	% Change over Prev. Year	03.09.14	Week Ago 28.08.14	Month Ago (Aug)	3 Months Ago (June)	Year Ago (Sept)
USA (Gulf)	SRW 2	-10.73	244.60	252.20	244.00	253.40	274.00
France	FCW3	-9.58	225.61	231.58	238.88	249.99	249.50
United Kingdom	Feed wheat	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Australia	CWRS	-10.07	268.00	268.00	252.00	283.00	298.00
Russia	SRW	-0.21	242.50	243.00	241.50	280.50	243.00
Ukraine	SRW	-0.41	244.00	244.50	243.00	282.50	245.00
Argentina	SRW	NA	251.00	255.00	NA	NA	NA

Global wheat market is expected to trade weak on higher wheat production estimate of 695 million tones and IGC latest estimate of 713 million tones may keep market under pressure in medium term.

#### **CBOT FUTURES CONTRACT:**

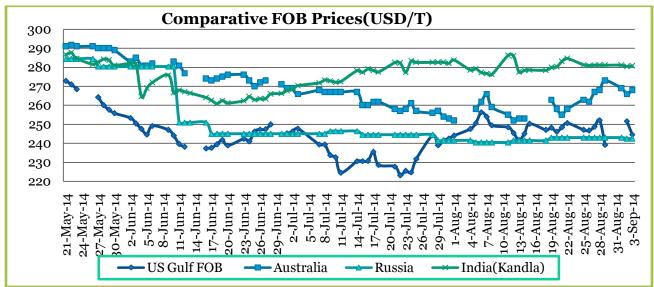
	CBOT Futures Prices: Date: 12.09.14 (USD/T)										
CONTRACT MONTH	12 Sept 14	Week ago (05 Sep 2014)	1 Month ago(12 Aug 14)	3 Month ago(12 June 14)	6 Month ago(12 Mar 14)	1 Year ago(12 Sept 13)	% Change over previous year				
14-Sep	183.06	195.27	197.66	219.34	255.99	247.44	-26.02				
14-Dec	184.62	196.65	202.53	228.16	259.75	250.66	-26.35				
15-Mar	191.05	203.17	209.69	235.14	257.91	252.95	<b>-24.4</b> 7				
15-May	195.00	207.49	214.47	239.45	261.86	253.69	<b>-23.14</b>				
15-Jul	198.03	210.70	217.59	240.65	276.38	253.69	-21.94				
15-Sep	202.07	214.75	222.19	243.95	258.74	254.15	-20.49				



## CBOT Sept 14 Future Charts:



International FOB prices Weekly price Movement (USD/T):



Note: Due to holidays in U.S. and other international markets data is unavailable.

#### International Weather update: (Source-USDA)

**Australia**- For the second consecutive week, widespread showers (10-35 mm) overspread Western Australia, maintaining good to excellent yield prospects for winter grains. In contrast, mostly dry weather continued in southeastern Australia, further reducing topsoil moisture for wheat. The persistent dryness has steadily reduced yield potential, but overall yield prospects remain good because near- to above-normal subsoil moisture has helped curb losses. Nevertheless, more rain would be welcomed across this region as crops advance through reproduction. Farther north, scattered showers (5-25 mm, locally more) benefited wheat in northern New South Wales, while seasonably warm, sunny weather hastened winter wheat development in southern Queensland. Temperatures averaged near normal in southern and eastern Australia and above normal (up to 4°C) in Western Australia.

**Argentina**- Heavy rain continued for a second week across the southern wheat belt, disrupting the final stages of planting and causing ponding in fields. Rainfall totaled more than 50 mm over a large section of southeastern Buenos Aires; this included the delegations of Tandil and Tres Arroyos, two of the country's largest producers of winter grains. Somewhat lighter rain (2-25 mm) was recorded elsewhere in Buenos Aires and in La Pampa but dry weather dominated the remainder of the country. Weekly temperatures averaged 1 to 2°C below normal in most major agricultural areas with the exception of the far north (Salta through Formosa), where temperatures averaged closer to normal. Nighttime lows dropped below freezing as far north as Santiago del Estero. A warming trend caused temperatures to reach the middle and upper 30s (degrees C) late in the week in the far north, otherwise temperatures were generally capped at 10s and lower 20s, with the coolest conditions recorded in the far south (La Pampa and Buenos Aires). According to Argentina's Ministry of Agriculture, both corn harvesting and winter wheat planting were virtually complete as of August 28.

**Russia and Ukraine-** Hot, dry weather persisted in southwestern Russia, while showers continued over central and northern portions of the region. In particular, heat and dryness impacted late-filling summer crops across Russia's Southern and North Caucasus Districts, with Rostov (located in west-central portions of the Southern District) tallying a meager 5 mm of rain since June 22. Soil moisture remained unfavorably low for winter wheat germination and establishment. Temperatures continued to approach or top 35°C in this key crop region, exacerbating the impacts of the developing drought. In contrast, wet weather (10-50 mm, locally more) from Belarus and Ukraine into central Russia maintained adequate to abundant soil moisture for filling summer crops as well as vegetative winter grains.

*International Weekly Outlook:* With the commencement of harvesting in the black sea region pressure on global wheat market continues. Russia, Ukraine, US would remain the main suppliers to the global market. Any spike is unlikely in the coming week of September.

Disclaimer: The information and opinions contained in the document have been compiled from sources believed to be reliable. The company does not warrant its accuracy, completeness and correctness. Use of data and information contained in this report is at your own risk. This document is not, and should not be construed as, an offer to sell or solicitation to buy any commodities. This document may not be reproduced, distributed or published, in whole or in part, by any recipient hereof for any purpose without prior permission from the Company. IASL and its affiliates and/or their officers, directors and employees may have positions in any commodities mentioned in this document (or in any related investment) and may from time to time add to or dispose of any such commodities (or investment). Please see the detailed disclaimer at <a href="http://www.agriwatch.com/Disclaimer.php@">http://www.agriwatch.com/Disclaimer.php@</a> 2014 Indian Agribusiness Systems Pvt Ltd.